

CoolFish

Carbon Footprint of Fisheries

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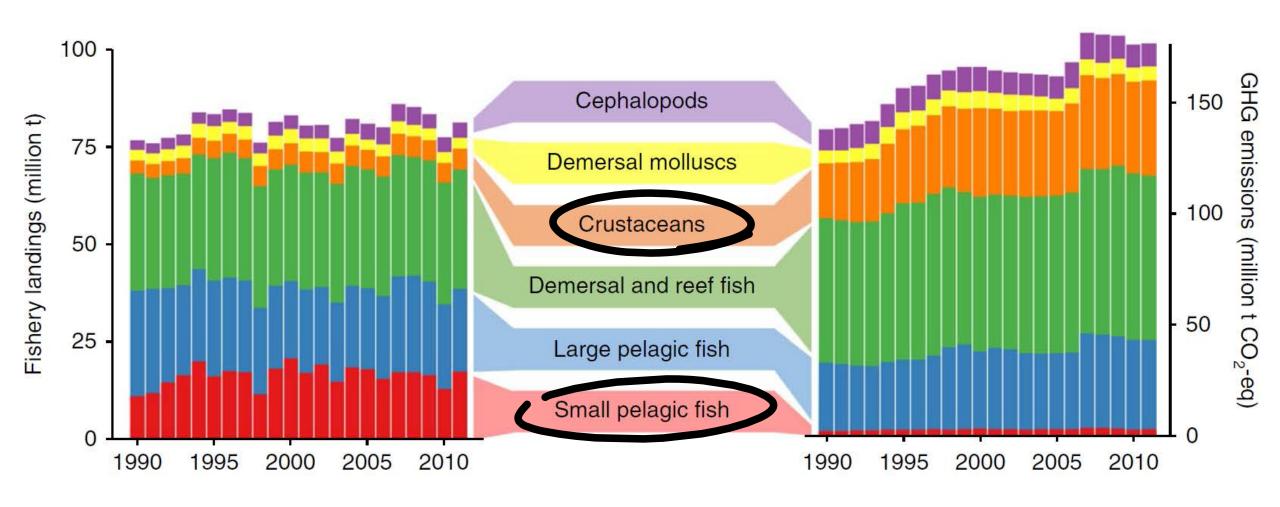


Greenhouse gas emissions

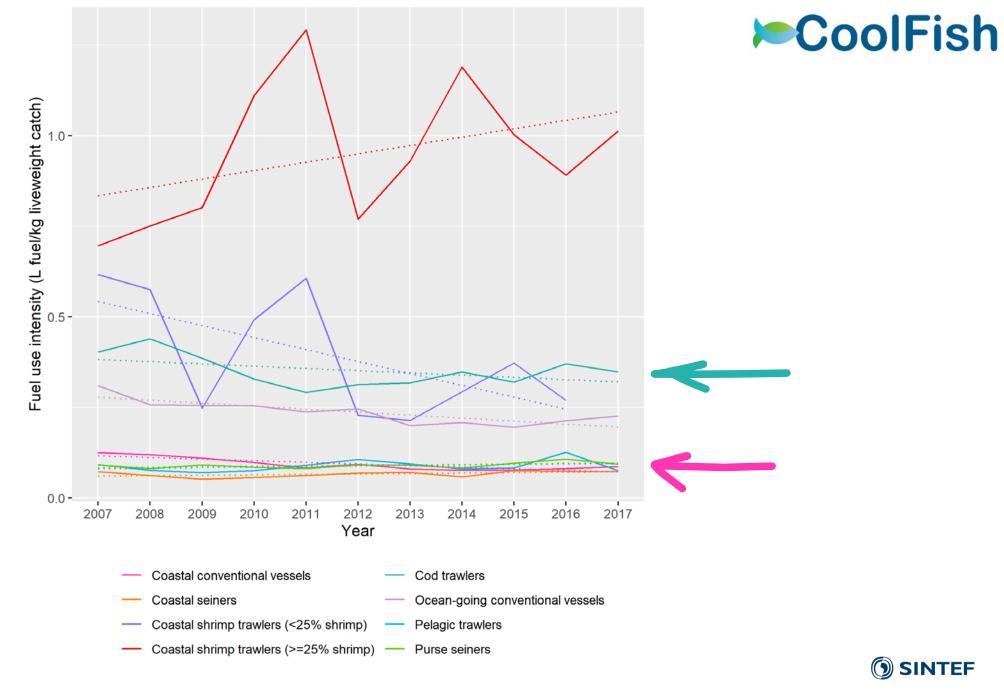
- Food production: 25% of anthropogenic greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions globally
- Fisheries (2011): 4% of GHGs of global food production
- Customer demand, market share, regulations,...
- Fisheries' emissions grew by 28% between 1990 and 2011
 - Catch amount, choice of species
 - Some directed to industrial use
 - Status of fish stocks
 - Fishing method
 - Fuel and propulsion system
 - Operational choices
 - o Refrigeration, ...



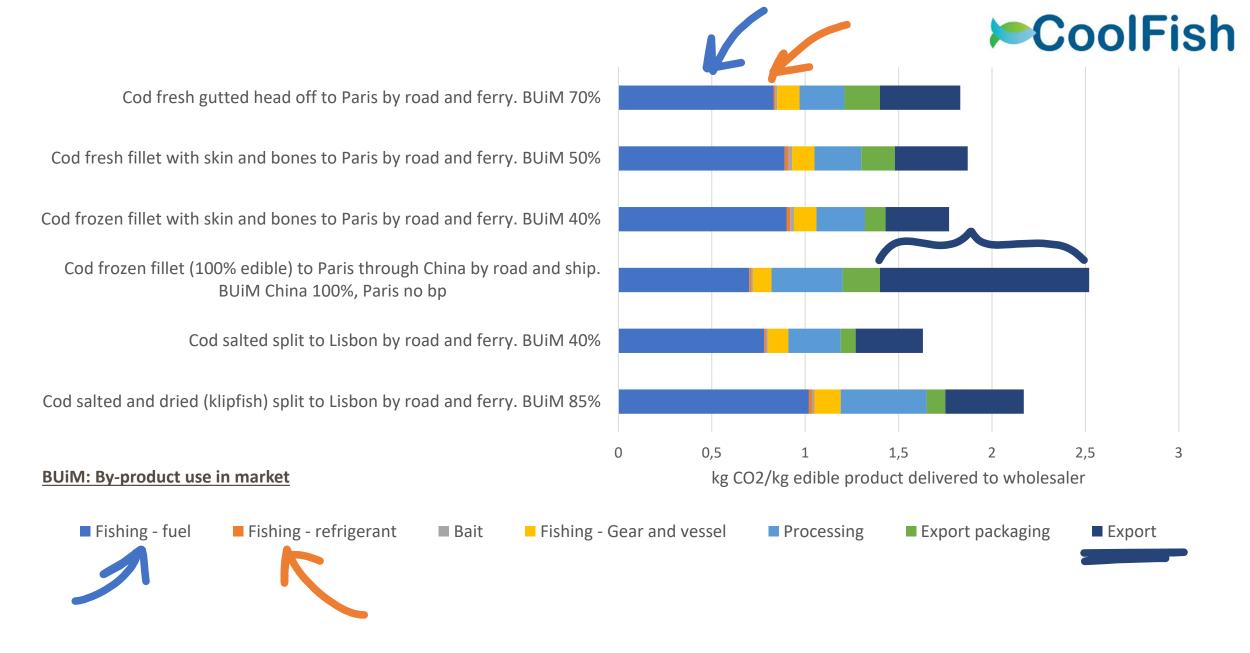




(Source:Parker, R. W. R., J. L. Blanchard, C. Gardner, B. S. Green, K. Hartmann, P. H. Tyedmers and R. A. Watson (2018). "Fuel use and greenhouse gas emissions of world fisheries." Nature Climate Change 8(4): 333-337.)









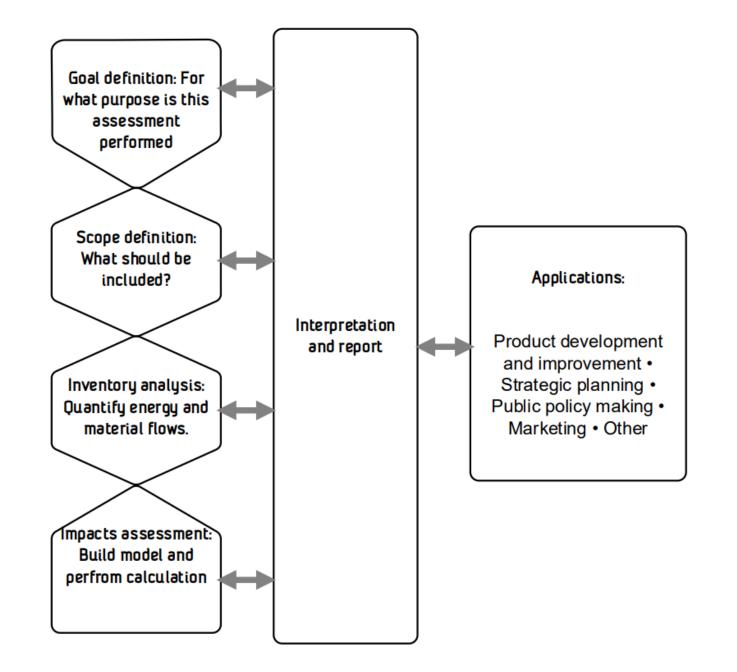


Carbon footprint

- One impact category among many
- Life cycle assessment (LCA): environmental impacts through the life cycle
- Carbon footprint: a simplified form of LCA
- Several standards for carbon footprint estimations
 - o For all industries
 - System boundary
 - Allocation
 - 0 ...
 - Publicly Available Specification (PAS)-2050
 - o ISO 14067,...

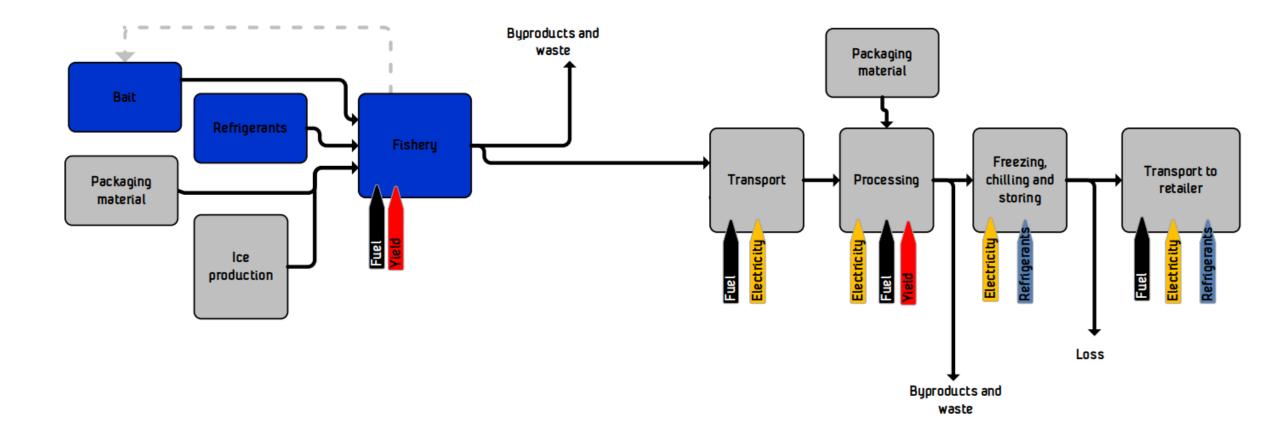














Standards for seafood products

- Publicly Available Specification (PAS)-2050-2:2012
 - PAS 2050: British Standards Institute, a generic method for estimating carbon footrpint of products
 - Hotspot impact areas
 - Always significant impact: energy
 - Potential for significant impact: materials used for cooling; ice and refrigerants
- NS 9418:2013
 - Norwegian standard based on ISO/TS 14067





Standards related to refrigeration systems

- Life Cycle Climate Performance (LCCP)
 - o Carbon footprint of heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) and refrigeration systems
 - Direct and indirect emissions during the lifetime
 - o International Institute of Refrigeration (IIR) has developed guidelines
 - Comparison tool for systems with similar performance and function
- Total Equivalent Warming Impact (TEWI)
 - Simplified form of LCCP
 - Excludes direct emissions during manufacturing of equipment and fluids,...
 - Critical step: understanding the energy consumption of the refrigeration system





Carbon footprint of seafood products: Tools

- Poor data on fuel consumption
- Not necessarily vessel specific
- Not necessarily divided between energy consumers
- Several fishing gears may be used

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Frisbee Tool

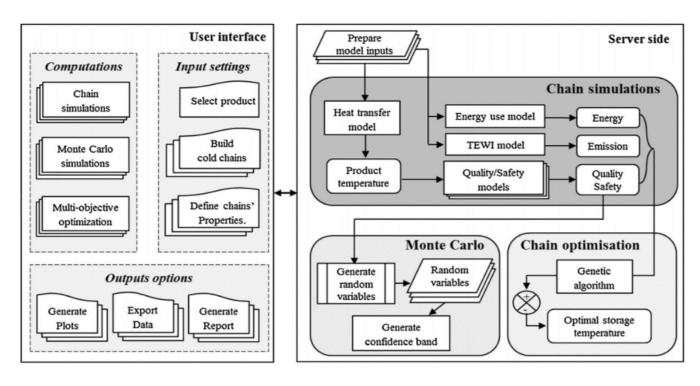
- EU FP7 project FRISBEE (Food Refrigeration Innovation for Safety, consumer Benefit, Environmental impact and Energy optimisation).
- Assessing and optimising refrigeration technologies along European food cold chain, in terms of food quality, energy use and global warming impact
- Six main product categories: salmon fillet





Frisbee Tool

- Tailor-made cold chain
- New technologies: super chilling,
 ...
- Dynamic energy use and carbon footprint (TEWI analysis)
- Quality change (temperature and duration)







Seafood Carbon Emission tool

- Based on Fisheries Energy Use Database (FEUD), covering official, industrial and scientific data
- Carbon footprint estimates of 154 seafood products: 101 for fisheries and 53 for aquaculture
- Boundary: Up to the point of departure of seafood from primary production and before processing
- Carbon emissions are specific to production method (e.g. fishing method)
- Mainly based on fuel consumption of vessels
- Emissions from burning the fuel plus upstream processes, e.g. refining fuel





Seafood Carbon Emission tool

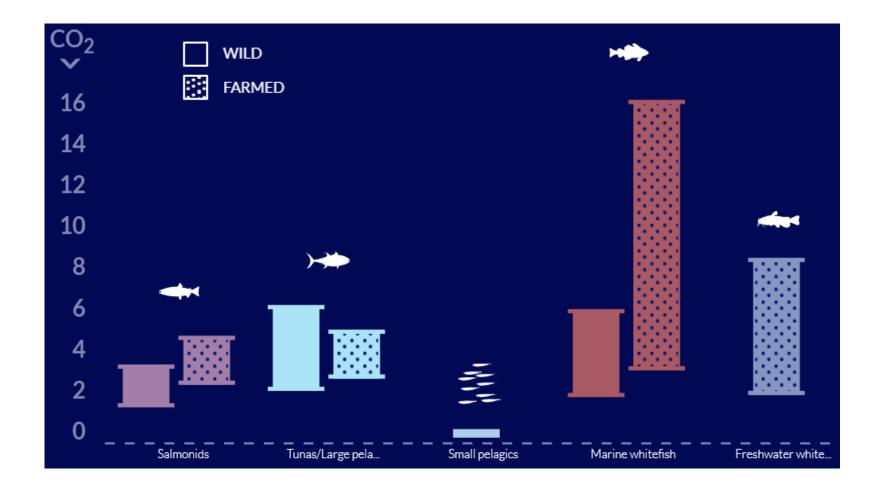
- Bait-related emissions
- Assiociated uncertainty
- Fuel related emissions are multiplied by 1.33 to account for other factors:
 - Loss of refrigerant
 - Gear manufacturing and maintenance

0 ...





Seafood Carbon Emission tool







More info

- Project memo for CoolFish
- Carbon footprint of fisheries review of standards, methods, tool
- Cecilia H Gabrielii and Sepideh Jafarzadeh

