



# Hydrogen in Statkraft

## Green H2 at 10 CET

---

EBH, DECEMBER 2020

# Statkraft: Europe's largest producer of renewable power

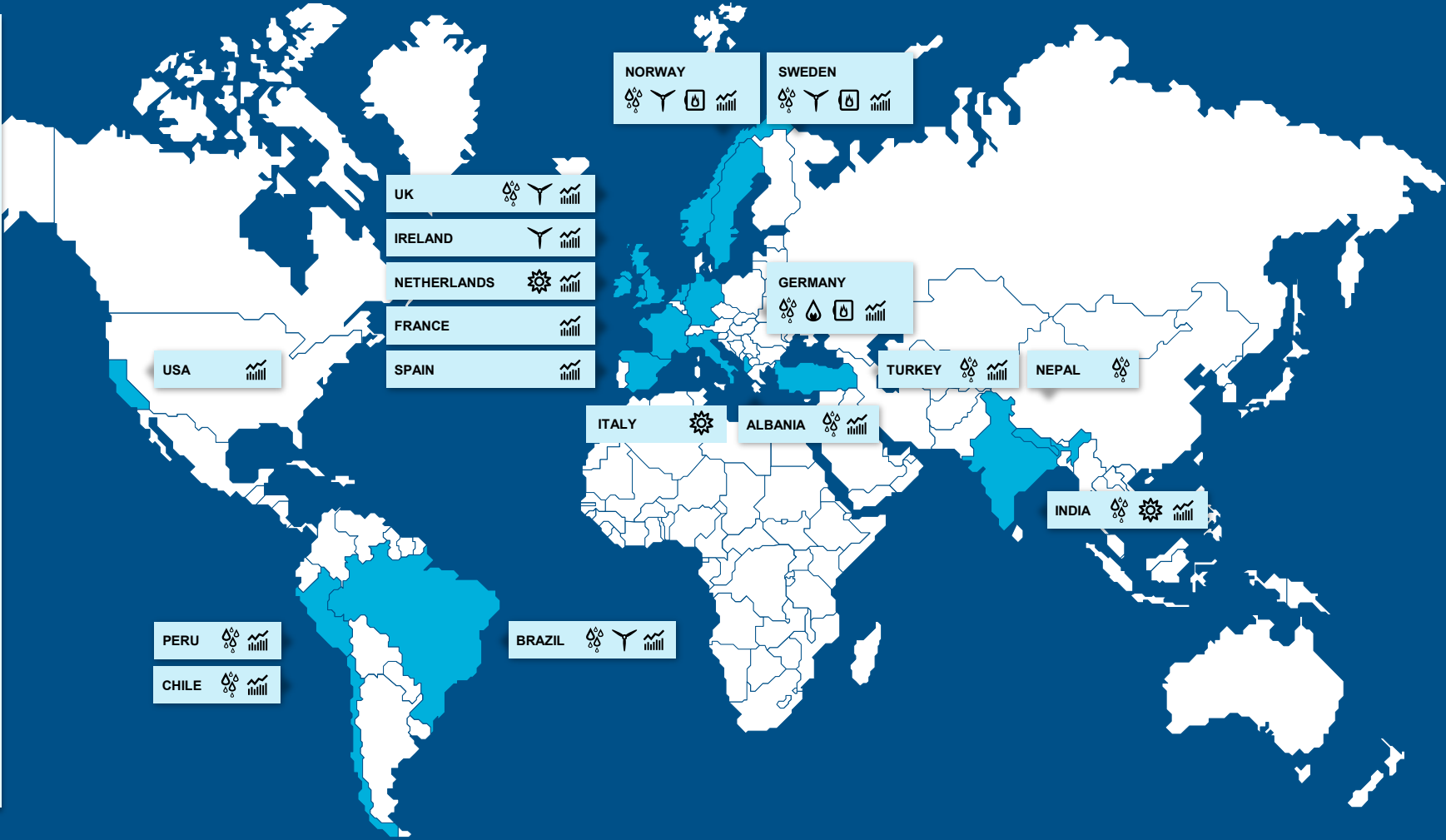
Own capacity  
**19 700 MW**  
61 TWh → **93%** renewable

---

Third party capacity  
**28 000 MW**  
**100 %** renewable

---


Employees  
**4 000**



Statkraft's strategy:

# Larger and broader within renewable energy


**OPTIMISE AND EXPAND  
HYDROPOWER  
PORTFOLIO**



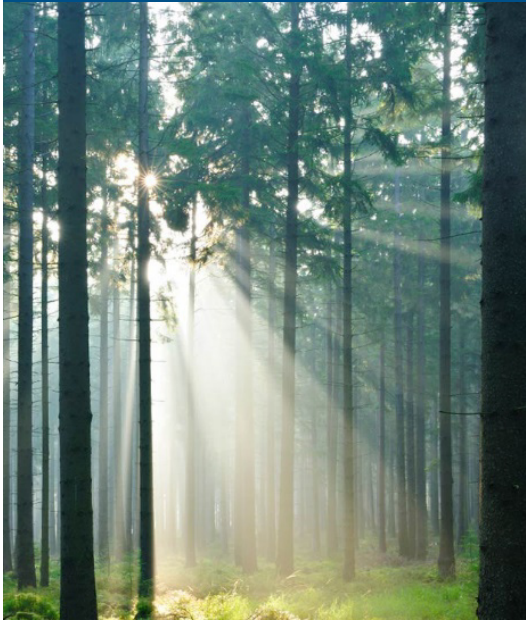
**RAMP UP AS WIND AND  
SOLAR DEVELOPER**



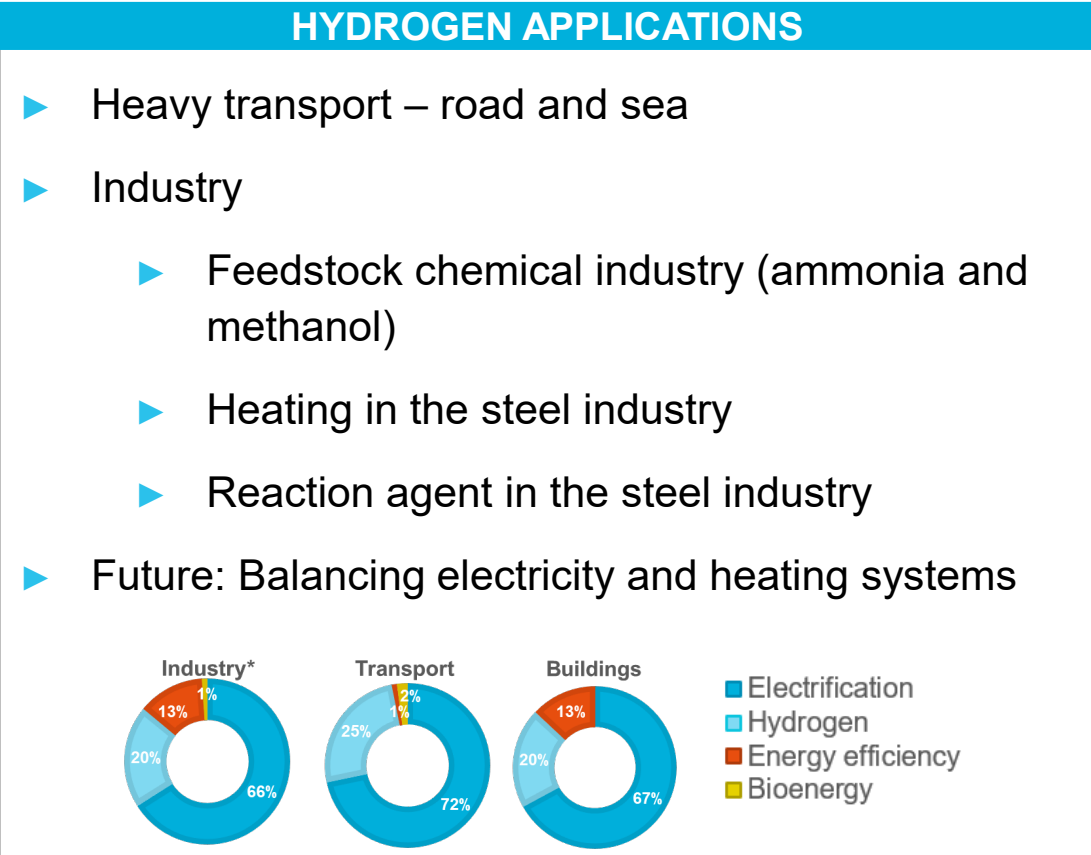
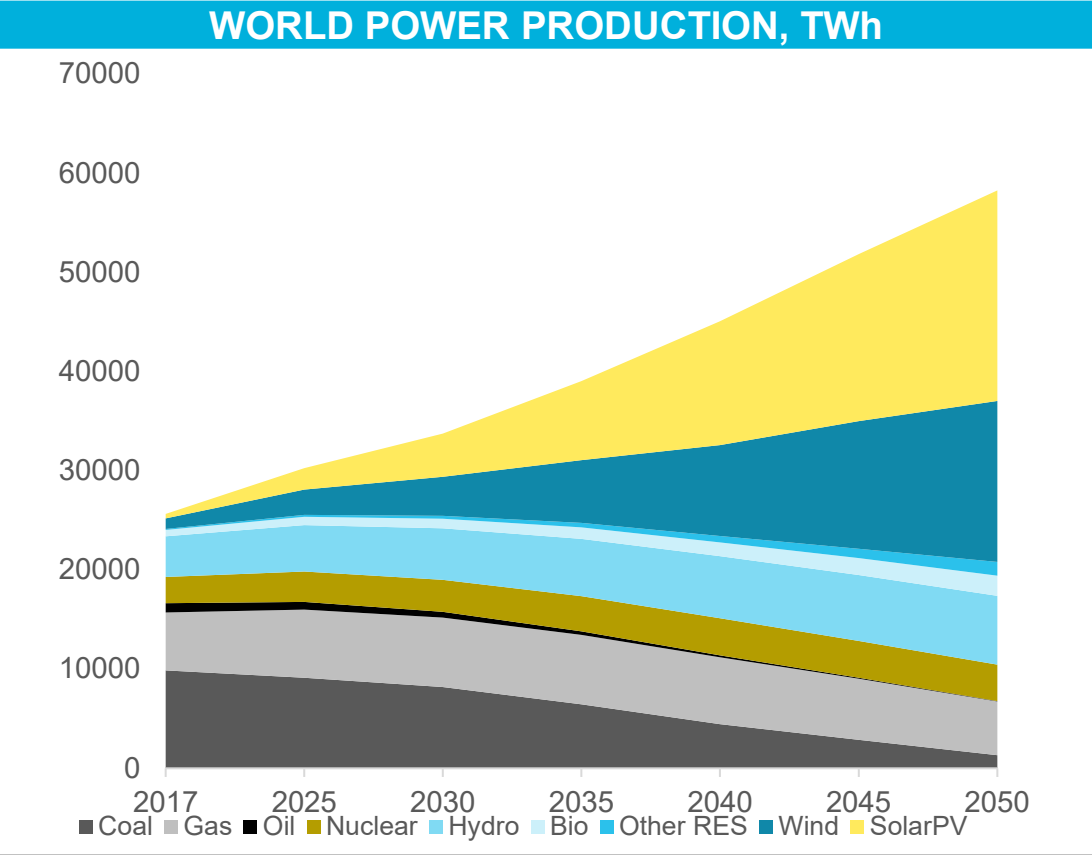
**GROW THE  
CUSTOMER BUSINESS**



**DEVELOP NEW  
BUSINESS INITIATIVES**



# Low emission scenario: more renewable energy, increased electrification and more use of hydrogen

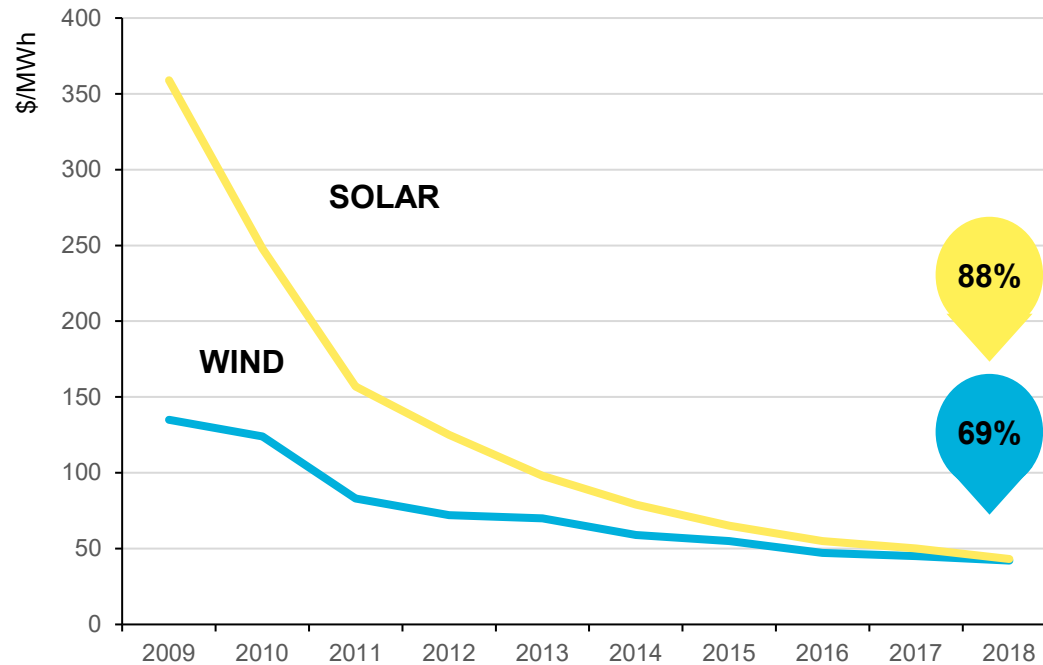


Source: Statkraft analysis; \*Industry includes only energy use, not feedstock

# Costs of renewable falling

- Solar down 88%, wind down 69% in 10 years

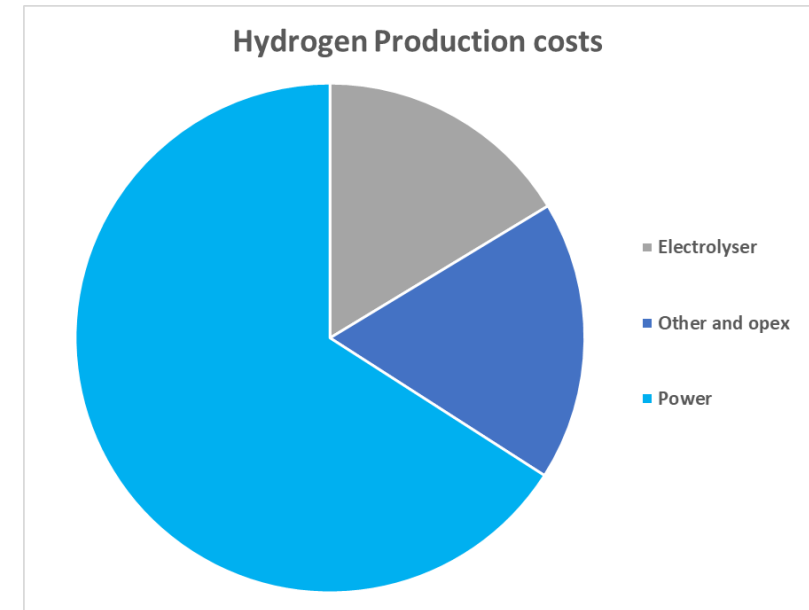
Mean LCOE for wind and solar



Source: Lazard. Average of high and low LCOE for each technology.

# - thus also hydrogen

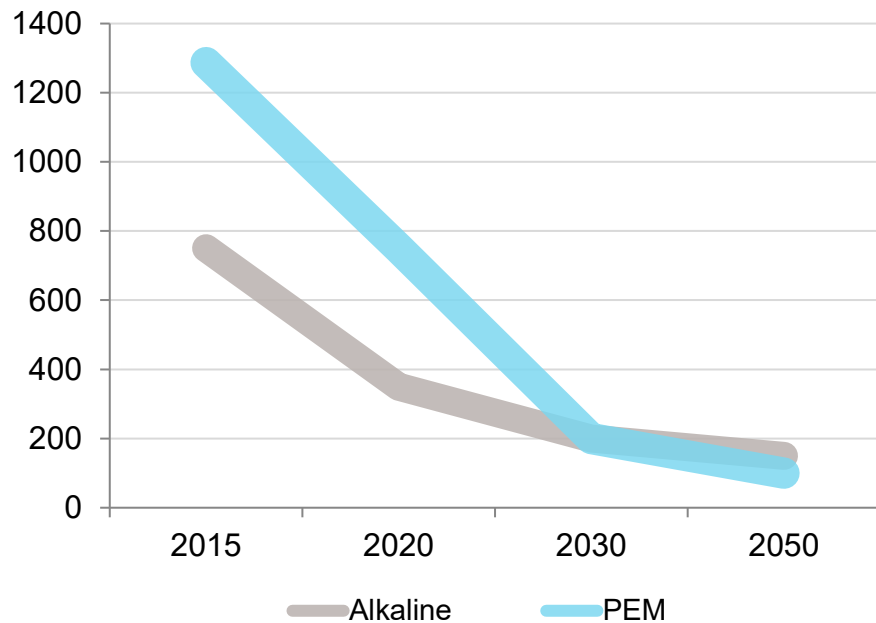
- ▶ Power roughly 70% of the production cost of hydrogen



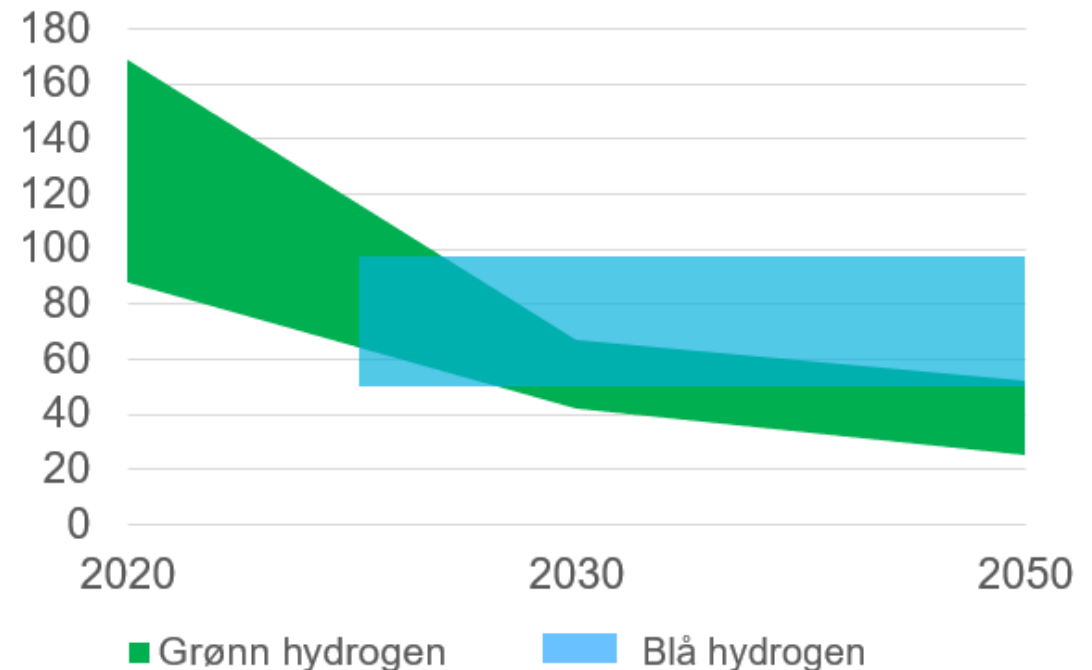
Source: Statkraft analysis

# Costs of electrolysers falling, green hydrogen competitive with blue

Electrolyser capex costs (100 MW, EUR/kW)



Total costs for green and blue hydrogen (EUR/MWh)



Kilder: Bloomberg New Energy Finance, IHS, eksterne kilder, Statkraft analyse  
Grønn hydrogen: Sol, landbasert og havvind i Europa  
Blå hydrogen: Gas SMR med 90% CO2 fangst

# Hydrogen for green industry and transport

Hydrogen can replace fossil fuels for ferries, long-haul marine transport, heavy duty transport and construction



With **storage capacity** significantly higher than batteries, hydrogen may play a key role in future energy systems



Within industry, hydrogen can replace carbon and produce **biofuels, e-fuels** and **green chemicals**



# Mo Hydrogen Hub – green steel



Norway



Initial electrolyser capacity:

**40-50 MW**



Under planning

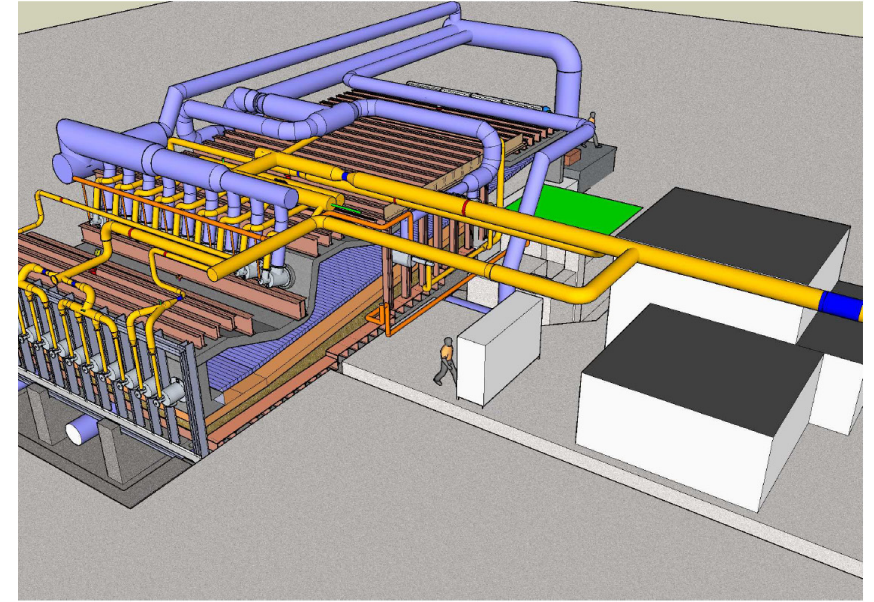
Partners:





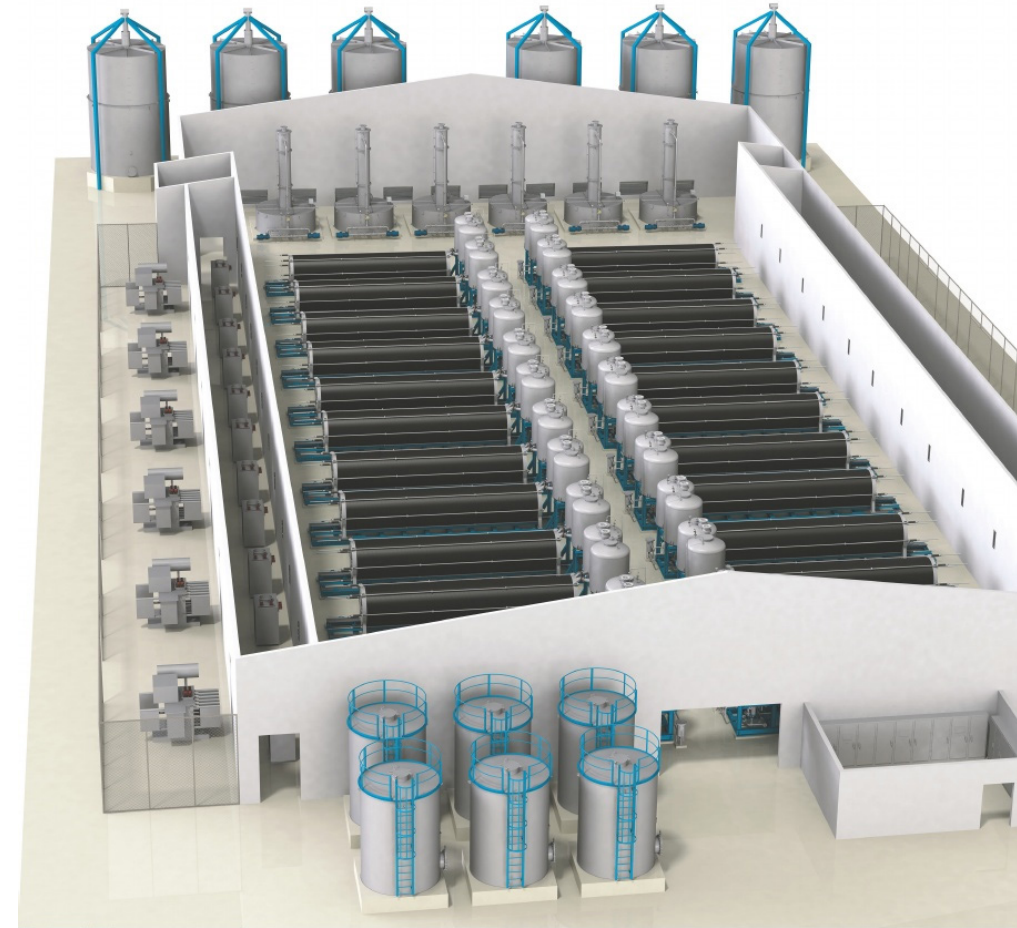
# Planned Furnace Upgrades

- Celsa's steel production consists of two main processes:
  - Melting the steel and casting it into billets in the *Steel Mill*
  - The billets are transported to the *Rolling Mill* where they are heated to approx. 1173 °C, before being rolled out to finished products with different dimensions and qualities
  
- The Rolling Mill has the potential of reducing its emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> by 58 000 tonnes annually by changing fuel to hydrogen
  - Equalling a emission reduction of up to 100 % compared to the current fuel mix



# Electrolyser Plans

- Install a 50 MW alkaline electrolyser plant. Planned to be in operation from Q3 2023.
- The electrolyser performance in this projected is designed to perform beyond today's industry leading standard:
  - Improved power consumption => lower OPEX
  - Lower CAPEX
- Additionally, it will provide opportunities to improve the manufacturing process to make it more efficient



# Green methanol at Finn fjord



Norway



Electrolyser capacity:

**140 MW**

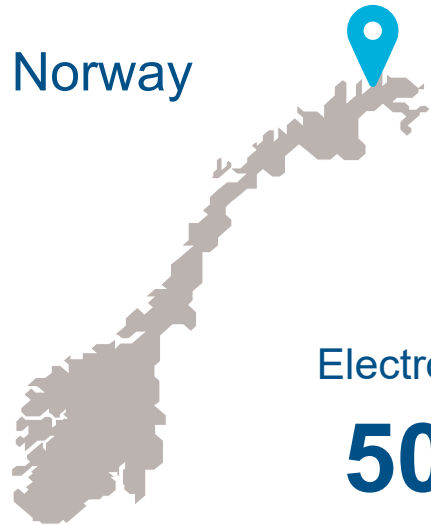
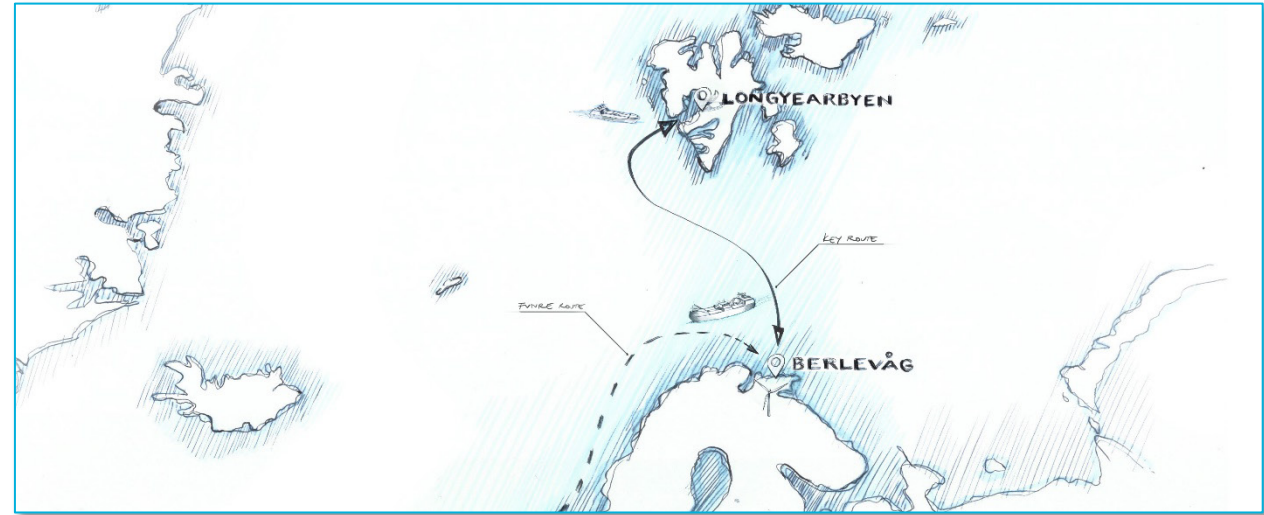


Under planning

Partners:



# ZEEDS and Varanger: Green ammonia



H<sub>2</sub>

Electrolyser capacity:

**50+ MW**



Under planning

Partners:

 **VARANGER KRAFT**

 **Aker Solutions**

  
**WÄRTSILÄ**

*Store Norske* 

 **GRIEG STAR**

 **Statkraft**



**One of the world's leading  
renewable energy companies**