RECOMMENDED KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT OF WIND TURBINES

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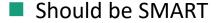


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KPIs: What are we talking about?

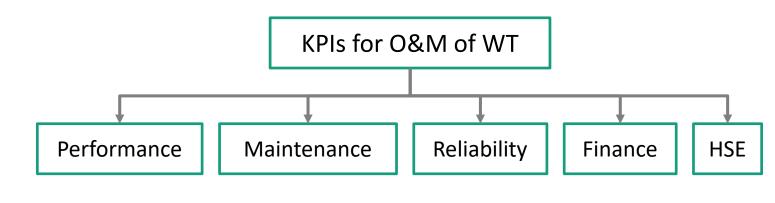


- Objectively describe the performance of an observed unit
- Provide information as a decision support
- Are repeatedly evaluated (monthly, quarterly, yearly ...)





- Measurable
- Achievable
- Relevant
- Time-bound



Motivation and Scope

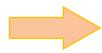
Situation in the wind industry (O&M)

- Various standards are available (e.g. IEC 61400-25)
- KPIs are commonly used
- Used KPI systematics and definitions vary heavily



Drawbacks

- Additional effort (design, implementation, ...)
- Cross-company benchmarks aren't possible
- Hinders communication and knowledge building
- Makes contracts more complicated



Scope of this work

- Identify and prioritize commonly used KPIs
- Collect and review various definitions
- Propose a set of recommended KPIs including unified definitions

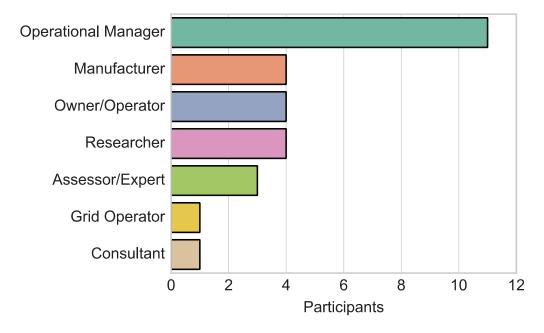
Survey on KPIs

- Survey is part of a standardization task within the FGW e.V.
- 34 different KPIs were considered in the survey
- Survey was open 4th October 2017 till 1st November 2017

What did we ask?

- Is the KPI used in your company?
- Which definition is used?
- Which data serves as a basis?
- How important is the KPI?

Who participated?



HSE- and Finance KPIs

HSE-KPIs

KPI	Answers	Use	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Importance} \\ {\rm (1-5)} \end{array}$	Abs. Importance
Total accident rate	5/5	4/5	3.7	14.8
Total lost time occupational illness frequency	5/5	3/5	2.7	8.1
Fatal accident rate	5/5	2/5	4	8
Recordable injury rate	5/5	2/5	3.5	7
Energy demand per employee and year	5/5	0/5	0	0
Pollutant release per employee and year	5/5	0/5	0	0

Finance-KPIs

KPI	Answers	Use	Importance (1-5)	Abs. Importance	
EBITDA	9/9	5/9	4	20	
Maintenance costs	9/9	5/9	3.6	18	
Operational expenditures (OPEX)	9/9	4/9	4.4	17.6	
Levelized cost of energy (LCOE)	9/9	3/9	3.7	11.1	
Debt-service coverage ratio (DSCR)	9/9	2/9	5	10	
Free cash flow to equity (FCFE)	9/9	2/9	4.5	9	
Break-even price of energy (BEPE)	9/9	1/9	4	4	
Loan life coverage ratio (LLCR)	9/9	0/9	0	0	

Low importance in the survey



- HSE- and Finance-KPIs are not discussed in detail in this work
- But: Most participants in the survey had a technical background
- Further work on HSE- and Finance-KPIs is required



Performance KPIs

KPI	Answers	Use	Importance (1–5)	Abs. Importance
Power curve	20/20	19/20	4.5	85.5
Wind conditions	20/20	16/20	4.5	72
Average wind speed				
Wind speed distribution				
Wind direction distribution				
Average wind speed/site assessment				
Full-load hours	20/20	18/20	3.5	63
Energy consumption	20/20	16/20	3.1	49.6
Capacity factor	20/20	13/20	3.7	48.1
Data availability	20/20	11/20	4.1	45.1
Remote-resets	20/20	5/20	3.2	16
Site quality				
No. of telecommunication interruptions				
Forecast fulfillment				
Operating hours				
Specific yield				
Market value factor				

- Power Curves are the most important tool for performance assessment
- Operators use various metrics to describe the wind conditions
- Many more performance KPIs were suggested

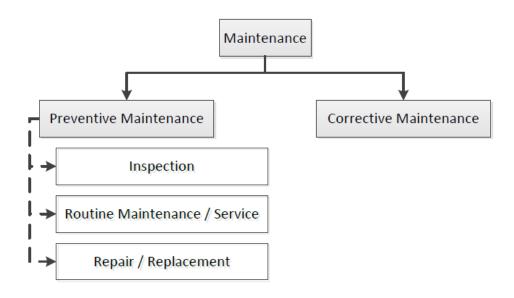


Maintenance KPIs

_	KPI	Answers	$_{ m Use}$	Importance (1–5)	Abs. Importance
	Time-based availability	16/16	16/16	4.7	75.2
	Production-based availability	16/16	12/16	4.1	49.2
/l	Production ratio		·		
	Yield losses by cause				
 	Monetary-based availability				
/	Maintenance tasks	16/16	7/16	4	28
	Preventive maintenance tasks	16/16	7/16	3.3	23.1
	Number of routine maintenance tasks				
Λ	Number of inspections/visual inspections				
	Number of repairs				
	Reactive maintenance tasks	16/16	7/16	3.3	23.1
	Risk priority number (RPN)	16/16	1/16	5	5

- KPIs are defined in IEC 61400-25/26
- A new availability definition will be introduced
- Further categorization for maintenance tasks required

Maintenance KPIs – Maintenance Tasks



Structure to categorize maintenance tasks by the maintenance type and activity according to BS EN 13306 and BS EN ISO 14224

Reliability KPIs

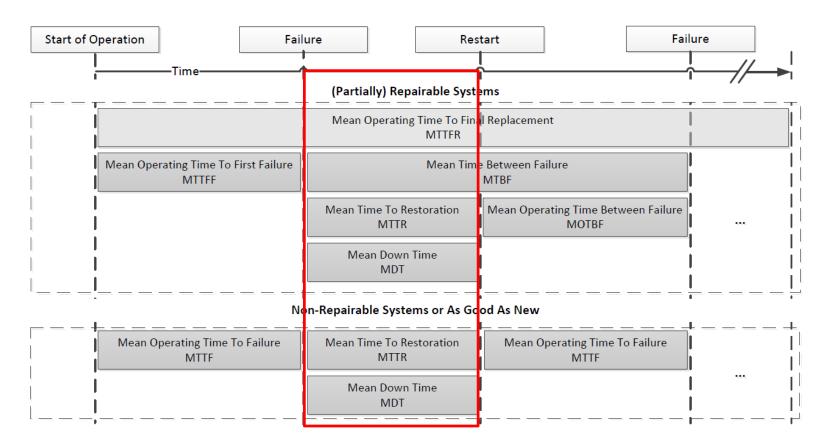
KPI	Answers	$_{ m Use}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Importance} \\ {\rm (1-5)} \end{array}$	Abs. Importance
Failure rate	10/10	8/10	3.6	28.8
Mean time between failures (MTBF)	10/10	7/10	3.6	25.2
Mean time to repair / restoration (MTTR)	10/10	7/10	3.3	23.1
Mean down time (MDT)	10/10	6/10	3	18
Mean operating time between failures (MOTBF)	10/10	5/10	3.2	16
Mean operating time to failures (MTTF)	10/10	5/10	2.8	14
Repair rate	10/10	3/10	2.3	6.9

- Reliability Mean Time Measures are sometimes tricky to differentiate
- Different standards use different naming rules
- MTTR or MTTRes? MTBF or MOTBF?



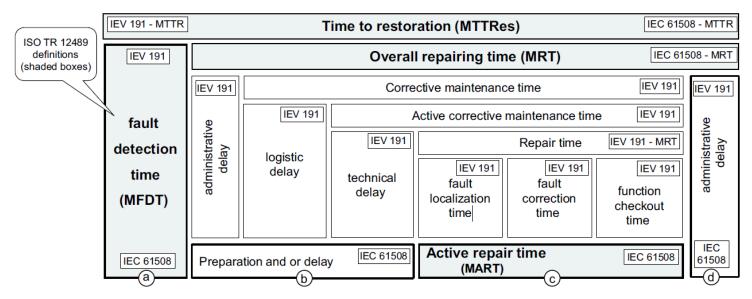
Unified definitions and naming rules are essential to avoid misunderstandings and mistakes

Reliability KPIs – Reliability Mean Time Measures



Reliability mean time measures for (partially) repairable and non-repairable systems according to ISO and IEC standards.

Reliability KPIs – Reliability Mean Time Measures



Taxonomies of MTTR subcategories from ISO/TR 12489

Conclusion and Outlook



Conclusion

- Many KPIs and many varying KPI definitions are in use
- Performance KPIs are most important for operational managers
- Current situation can lead to confusion
- A unified set of KPIs makes life easier for everyone
- An international technical guideline would be beneficial
- → Make use of unified KPI defintions!

Outlook

- Starting point for committee work on a technical guideline (FGW e.V.)
- The current list is not complete, further KPIs will be developed
- Further topics like aggregation or uncertainties of KPIs have to be addressed.
- A detailed review of HSE- and Finance-KPIs is still required







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