



# **An interactive global database of potential floating wind park sites**

**EERA DeepWind 2018  
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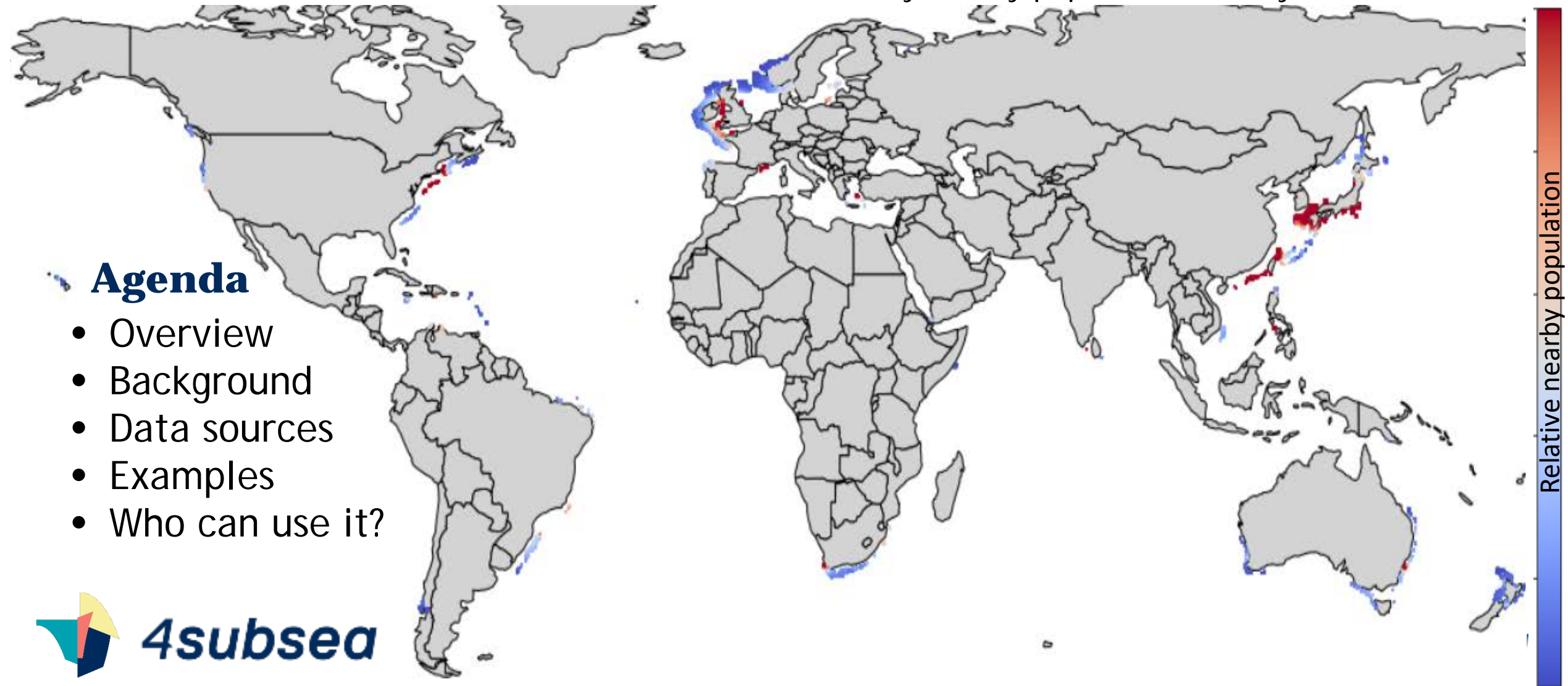
# Overview of database

**Example: All global locations with:**

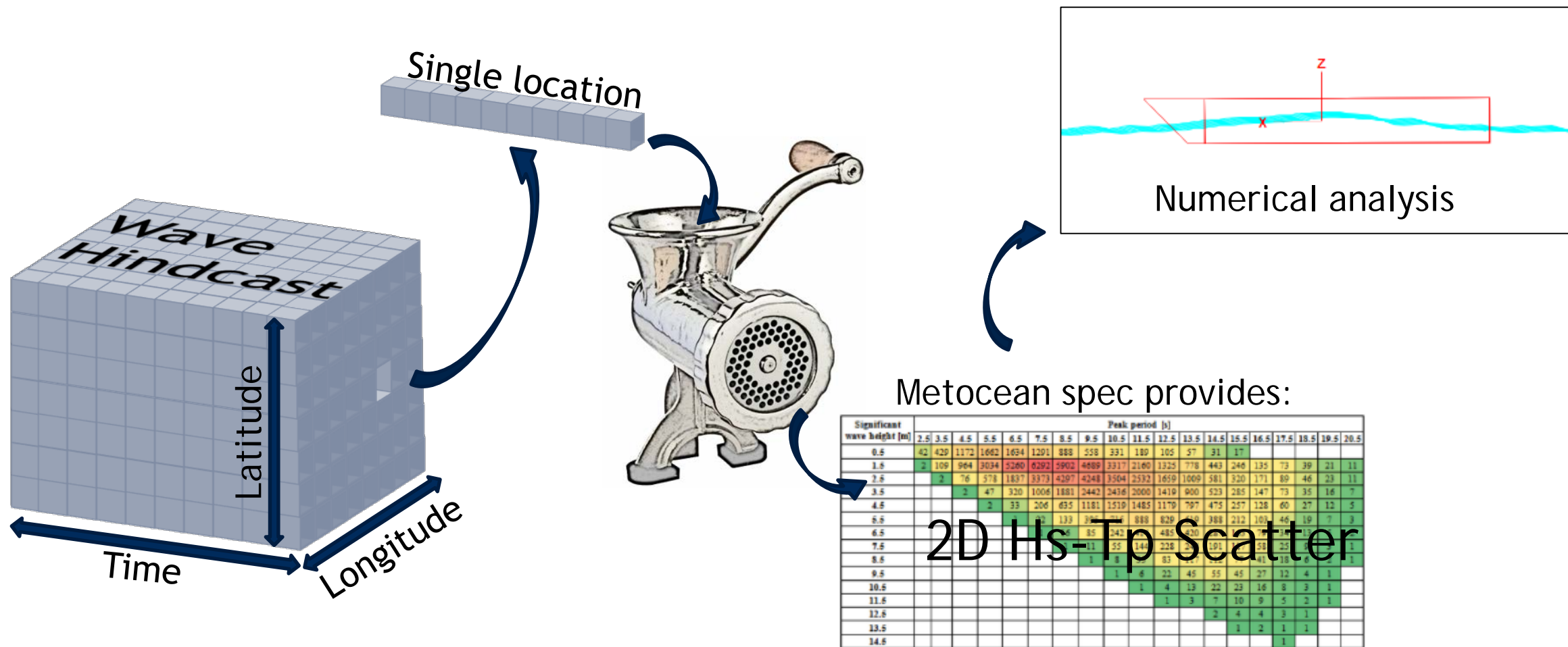
- $100 < \text{Water depth} < 300$  (Deep draught floater)
- Mean wind speed  $> 9.5 \text{ m/s}$  @ 100 m elevation
- Distance to infrastructure (population)  $< 200 \text{ km}$
- Sorted by nearby population density

## Agenda

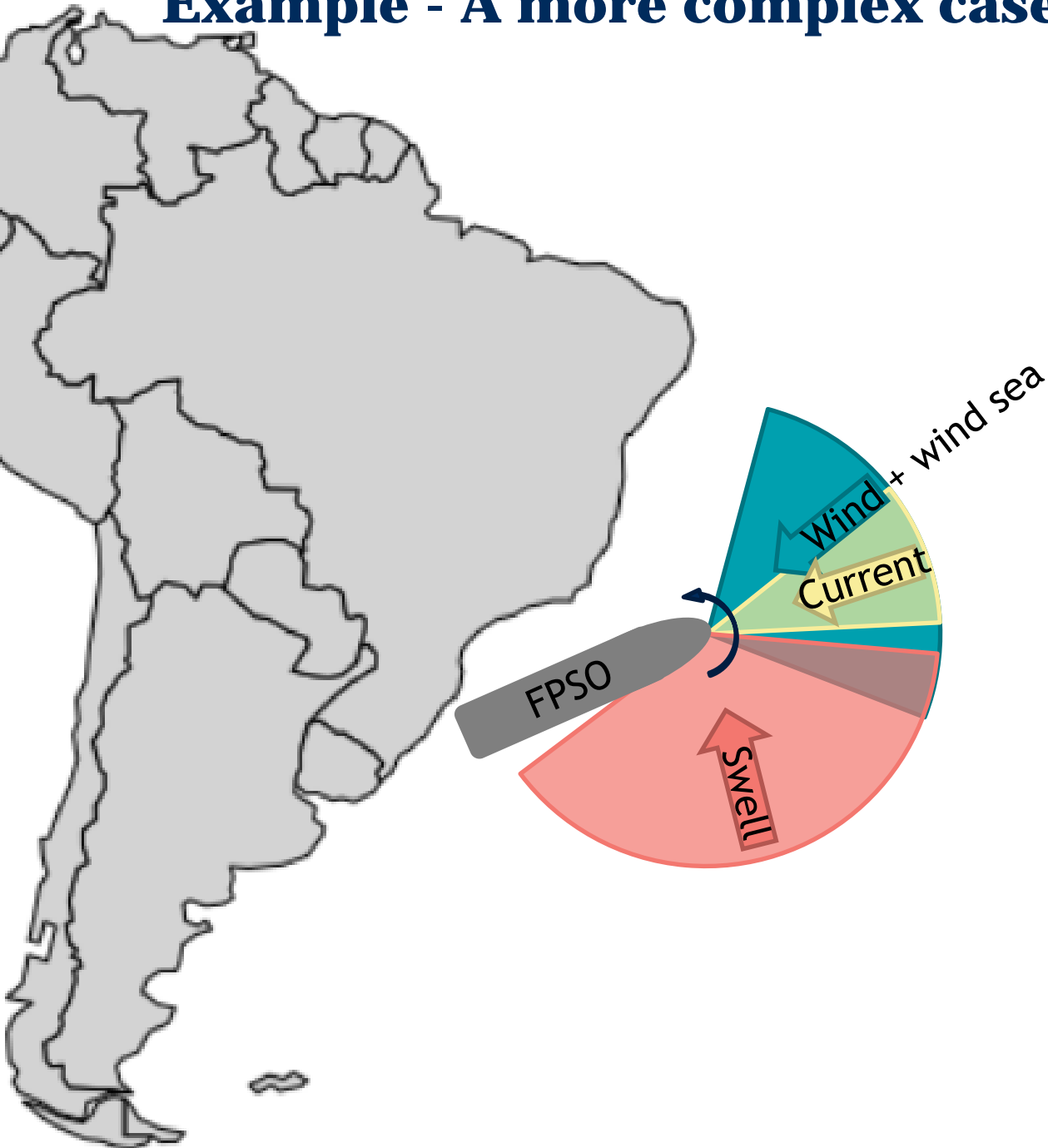
- Overview
- Background
- Data sources
- Examples
- Who can use it?



# Metocean – typical use case



## Example - A more complex case



### Consider the following case:

- Long term motion analysis of a passive turret moored FPSO

### How it works:

- FPSO orients with direction of wind, current and waves, but mostly wind and current
- Motions are largest in waves from side
- Swells common with directions offset from local wind direction

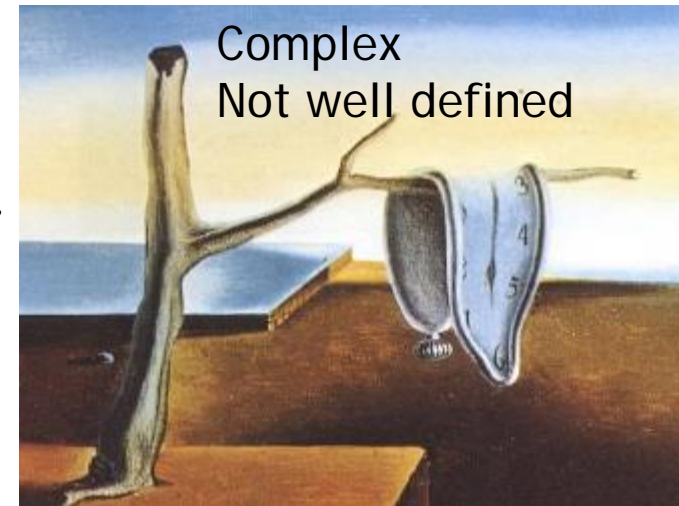
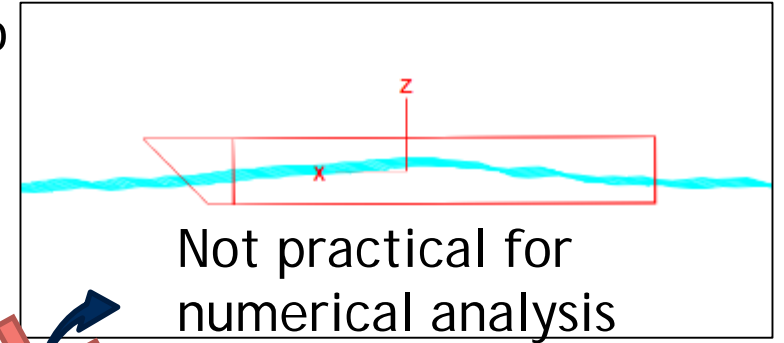
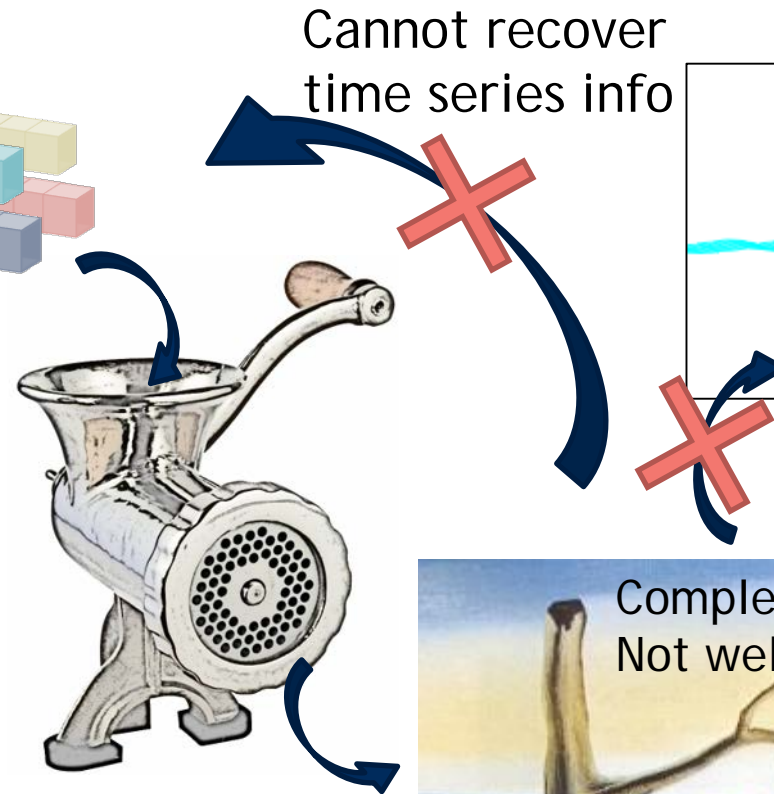
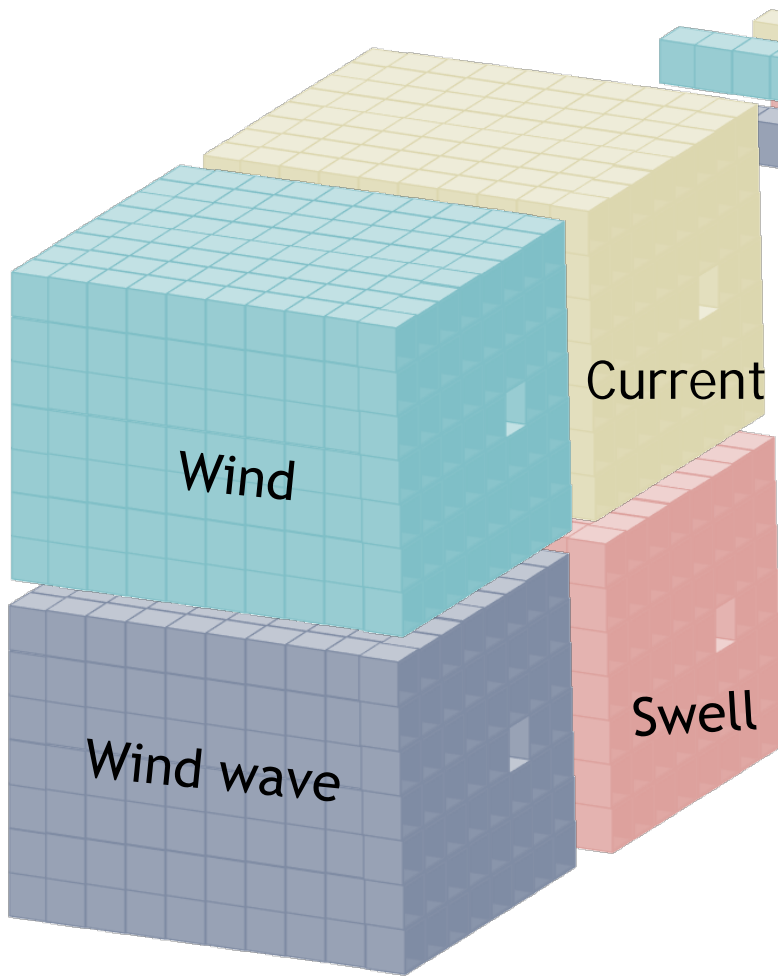
### Proper analysis requires:

- Distribution of simultaneous:
  - Vessel heading,
  - Wind, current and wave directions,
  - Wind wave and swell Hs and Tp

### Metoccean typically provides:

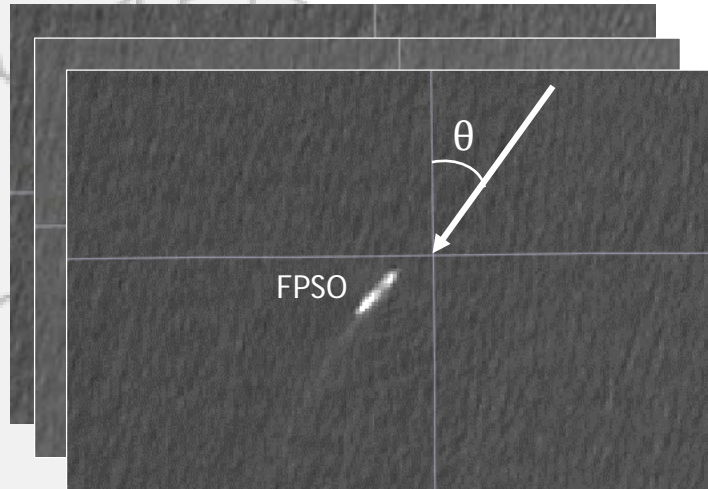
- 2D Hs - Tp scatter
- Independent wind, wave, current distributions

# Metocean - A more complex case



# Example - A proper analysis approach

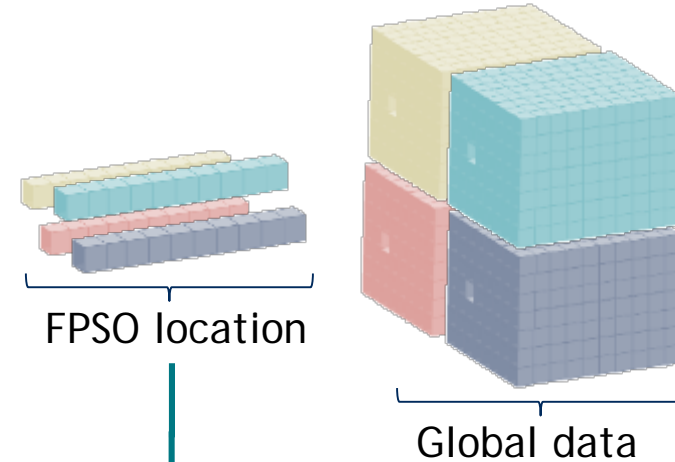
## Find FPSO heading from satellite photos



Copernicus

sentinel-2

## Process local weather time series from global weather hindcast data



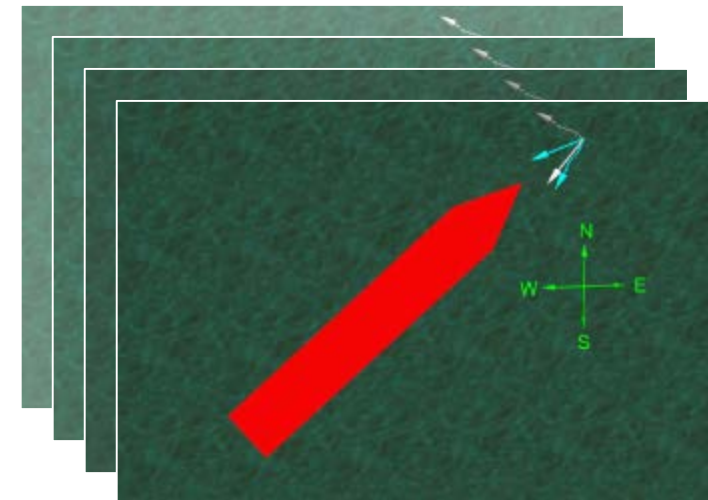
- Wind wave
- Swell
- Current
- Wind

Copernicus

## Develop heading model

$$\theta = f(U, C, W)$$

## Numerical analysis of combined long term distribution



Simultaneous:

- Wind wave
- Swell
- Current
- Wind
- +
- Vessel heading estimate

# Building the database:

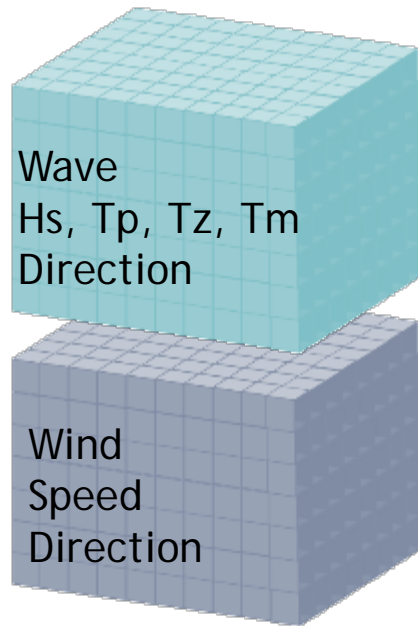
## Global sea wind and wave hindcast

Copernicus CMEMS:

- GLOBAL\_ANALYSIS\_FORECAST\_WAV\_001\_023
- WIND\_GLO\_WIND\_L4\_NRT\_OBSERVATIONS\_012\_004



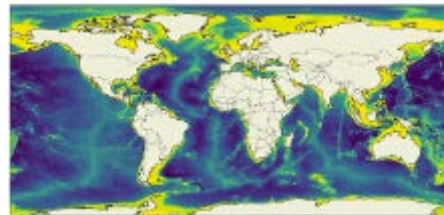
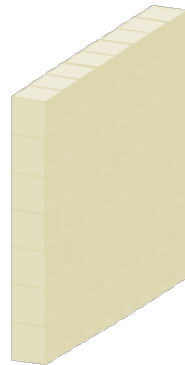
Funded by  
the European Union



## Global sea water depth

British Oceanographic Data Centre:

- GENERAL BATHYMETRIC CHART OF THE OCEANS (GEBCO)



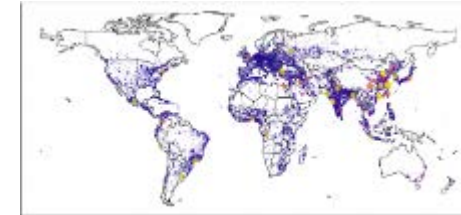
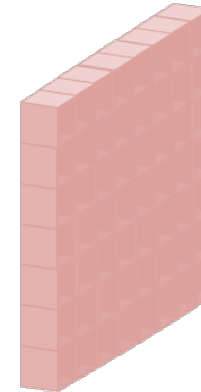
## Global sea distance to population centra

Geonames.org:

- Coordinates and population of world cities with population > 15000



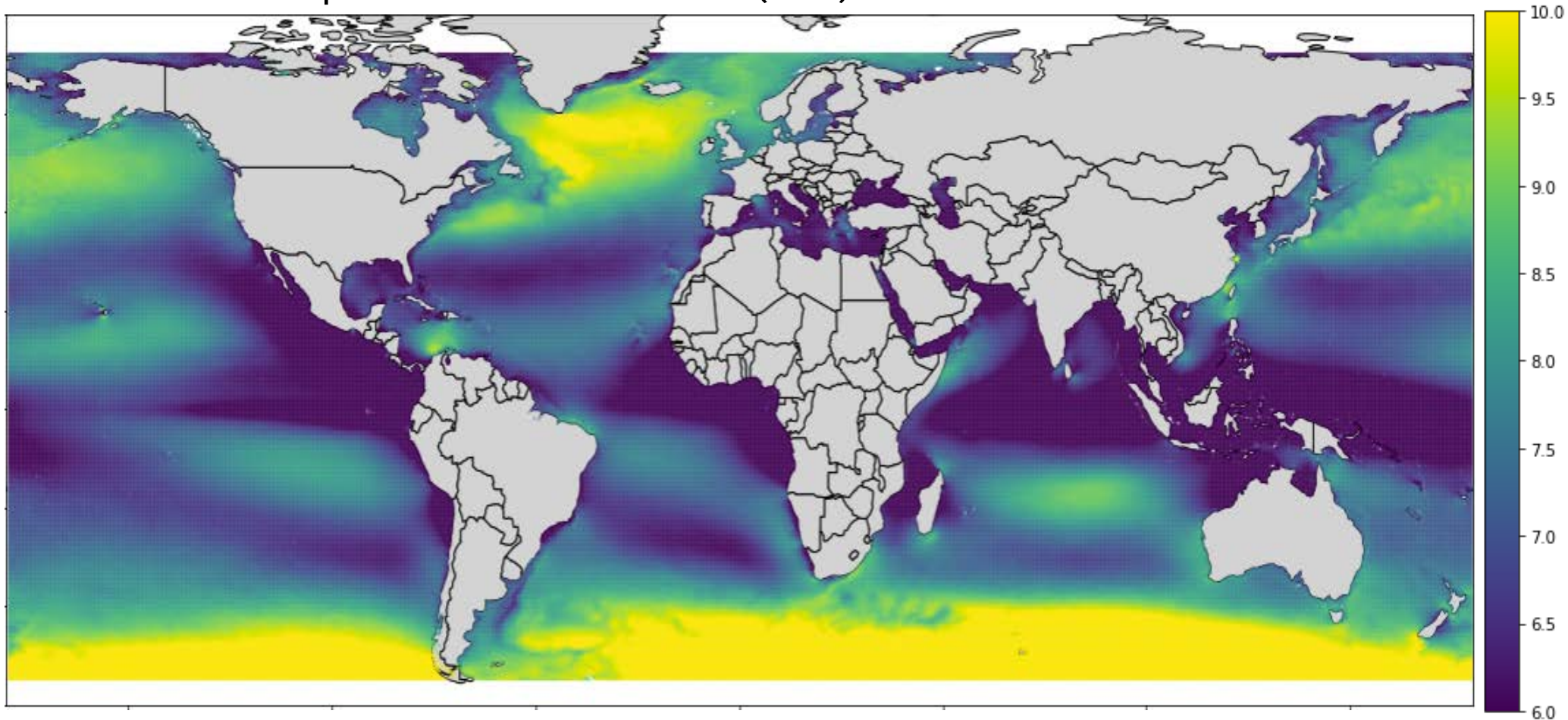
GeoNames



# What can it do

## Example: Global data – Mean Wind

Mean wind speed at 10 m elevation (m/s)

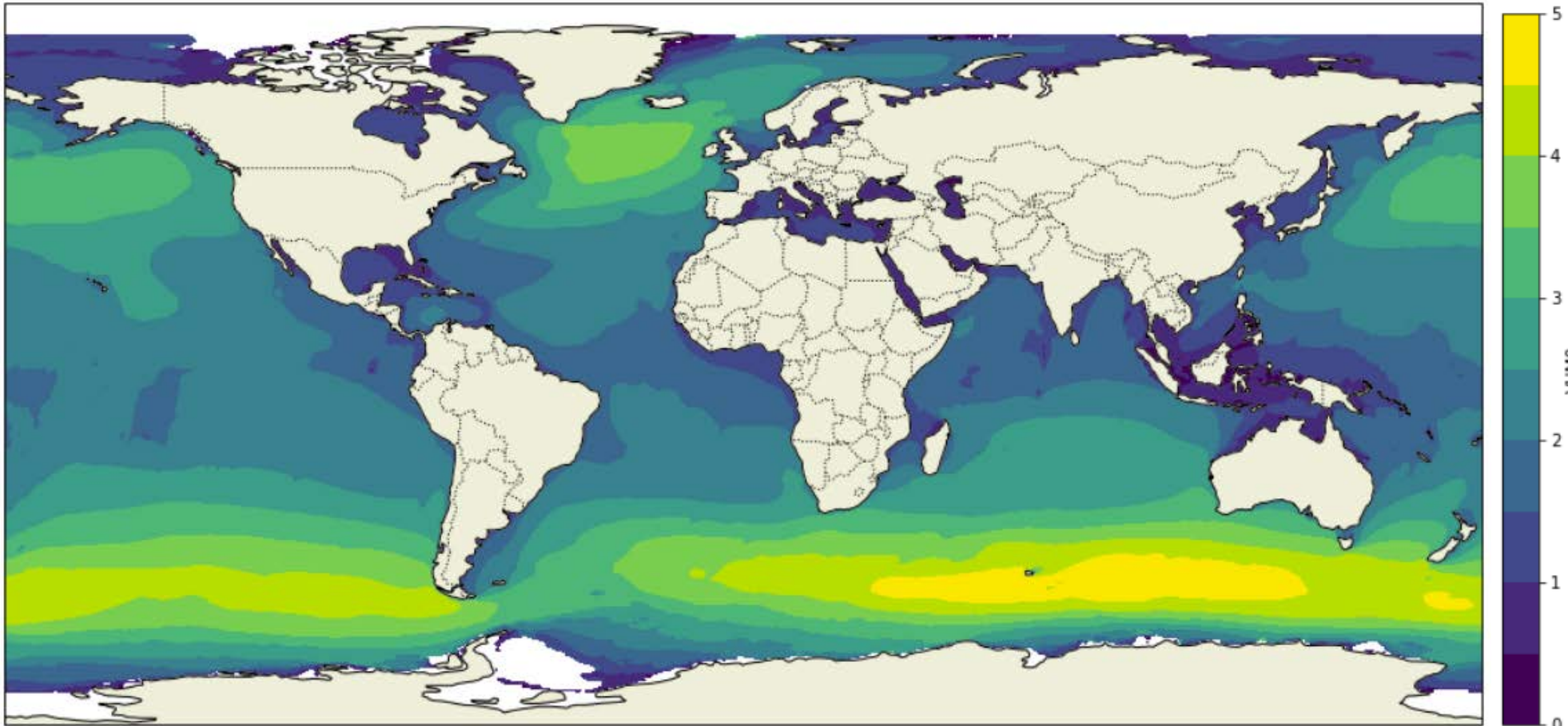


Generated using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information

# What can it do

## Example: Global data – Mean Hs

Mean significant wave height (m) contours

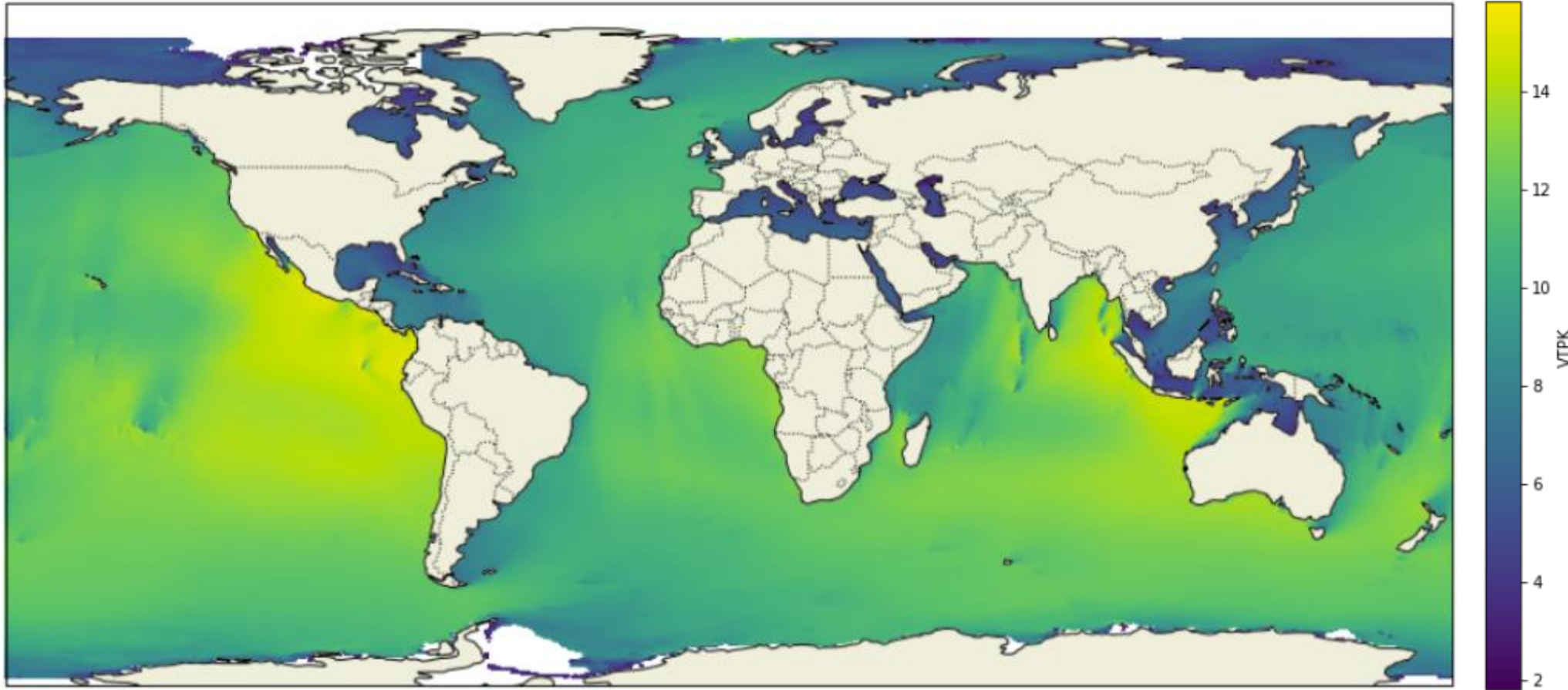


Generated using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information

# What can it do

## Example: Global data – Mean Tp

Mean wave peak period (s)



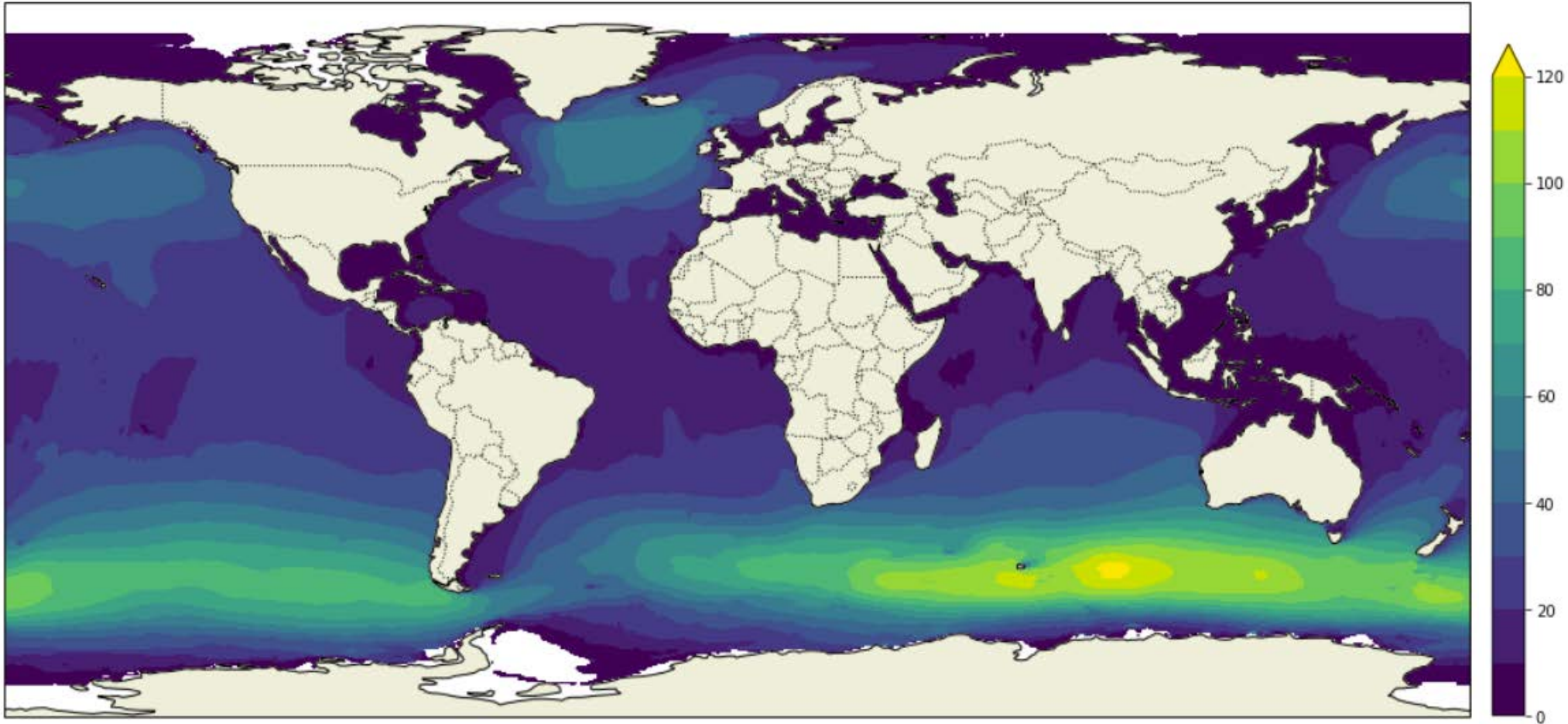
Generated using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information

# What can it do

## Example: Global data - Wave energy map

Mean wave energy contours (kW/m wave crest)

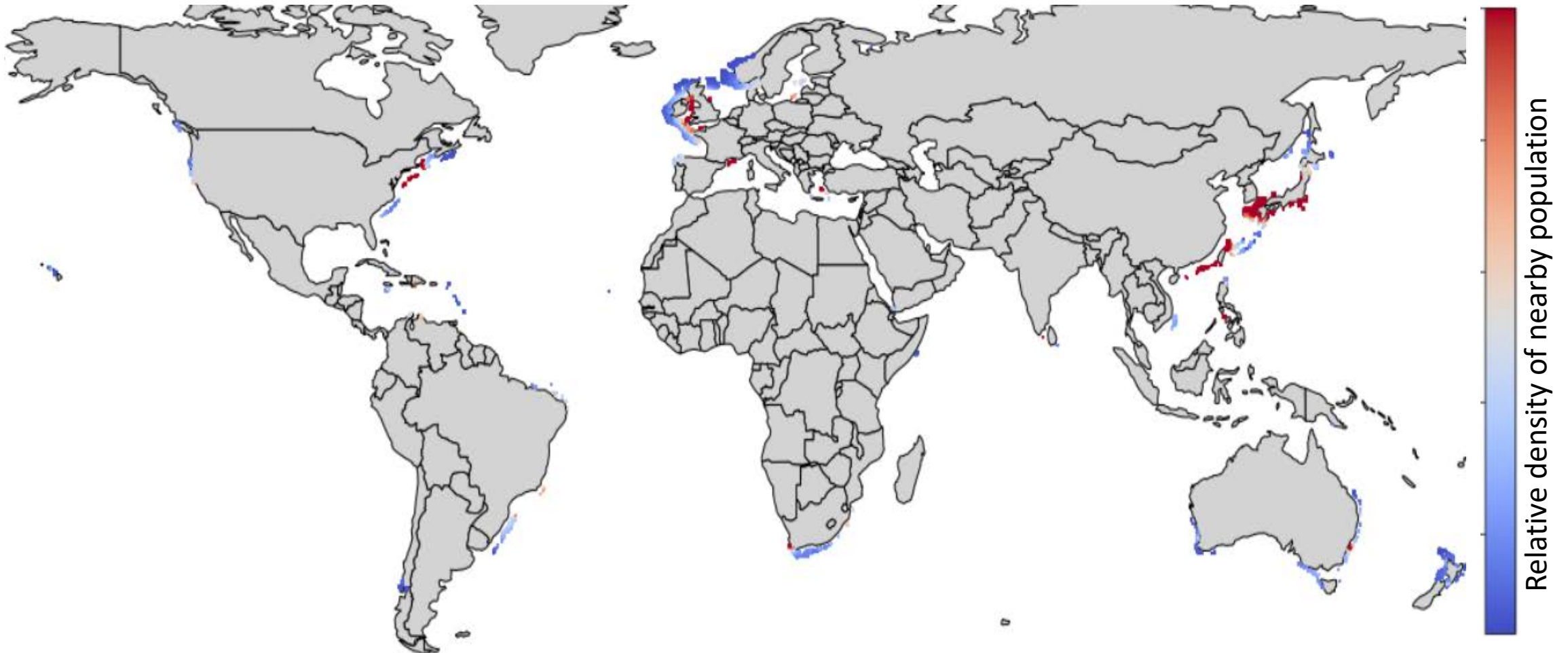
$$P = \frac{\rho g^2}{64\pi} H_{m0}^2 T_e$$



Generated using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information

## Floating wind locations: (First example revisited)

- $100 < \text{Water depth} < 300$  (Deep draught floater)
- Mean wind speed  $> 9.5 \text{ m/s}$  @ 100 m elevation
- Distance to infrastructure (population)  $< 200 \text{ km}$
- Sorted by nearby population density



## Floating wind locations:

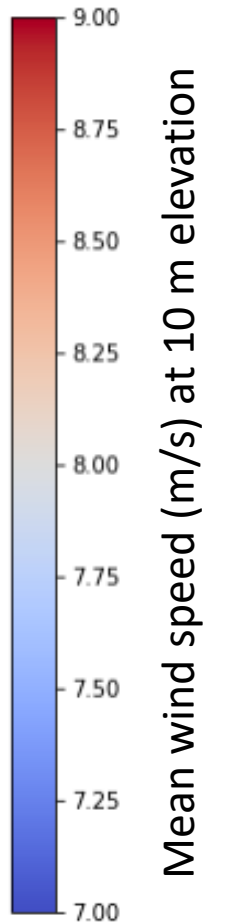
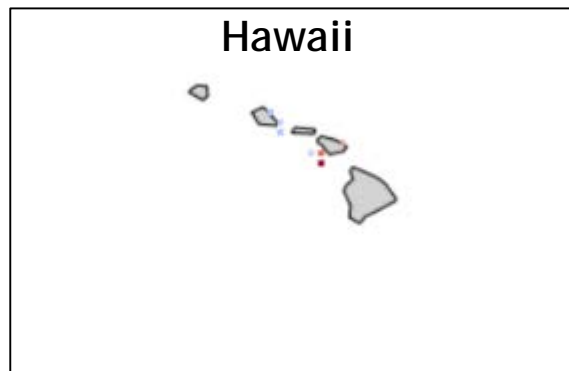
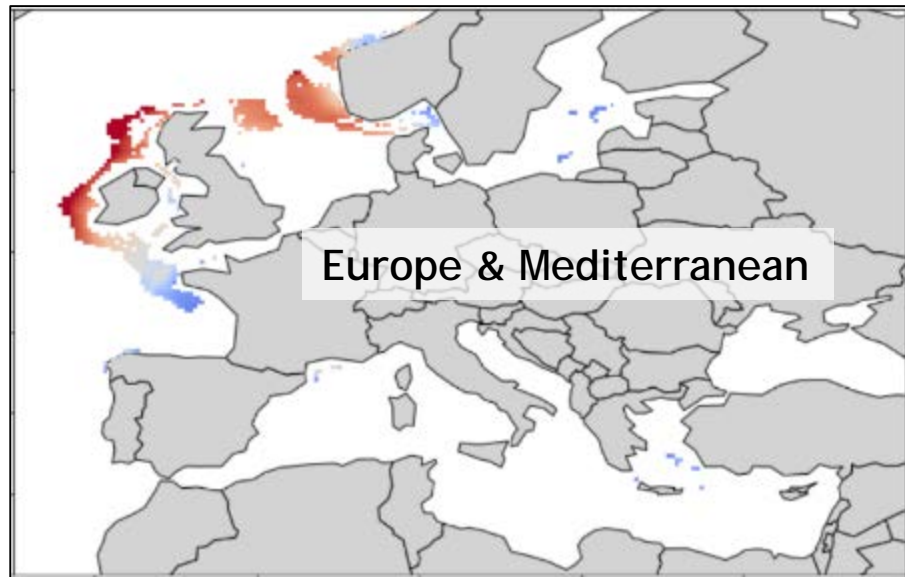
- $100 < \text{Water depth} < 300$  (Deep draught floater)
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- Distance to infrastructure (population)  $< 200 \text{ km}$
- Sorted by annual mean wind speed (10 m elevation)



# Floating wind locations:

## Some interesting areas

- $100 < \text{Water depth} < 300$  (Deep draught floater)
- Mean wind speed  $> 9.5 \text{ m/s}$  @ 100 m elevation
- Distance to infrastructure (population)  $< 200 \text{ km}$
- Sorted by annual mean wind speed (10 m elevation)



# Example of possible data views:

## - With the magic of Python (and some patience)

### Simple aggregated views:

- Sorting based on mean or annual max: Hs, Tp, wind speed, water depth, etc..
- Ranking sites by some fitness function (high wind, low wave, near shore, etc)

### Utilizing the full hindcast:

- Seasonal waiting times for marine operation with some operational limit (Hs, Tp, Wind speed)
- Power factor of some specific wind turbine (based on binning of wind speeds)
- Estimated site LCOE (with some clever cost model)
- Etc..

### Proposed use cases:

- Resource assessment
- Feasibility studies
- Preliminary site optimization / analyses
- Operational/maintenance planning
- Etc..

## Who can use it:

- All data sources are publically available
- In principle, the combined product can be made publically or commercially available:
  - E.g. complete global coverage
  - .. or on a location by location basis
  - Full hindcast time series
  - .. or aggregated properties (e.g. mean, max)
- Access and availability is not yet decided
  - (Remember, dataset more or less a bi-product of another work)
  - Please make contact if the dataset can be useful for you - we will arrange something!  
[lars.froyd@4subsea.com](mailto:lars.froyd@4subsea.com)

# Sources – Wind/wave hindcast

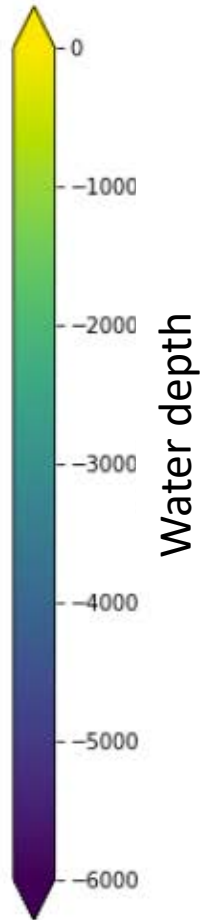
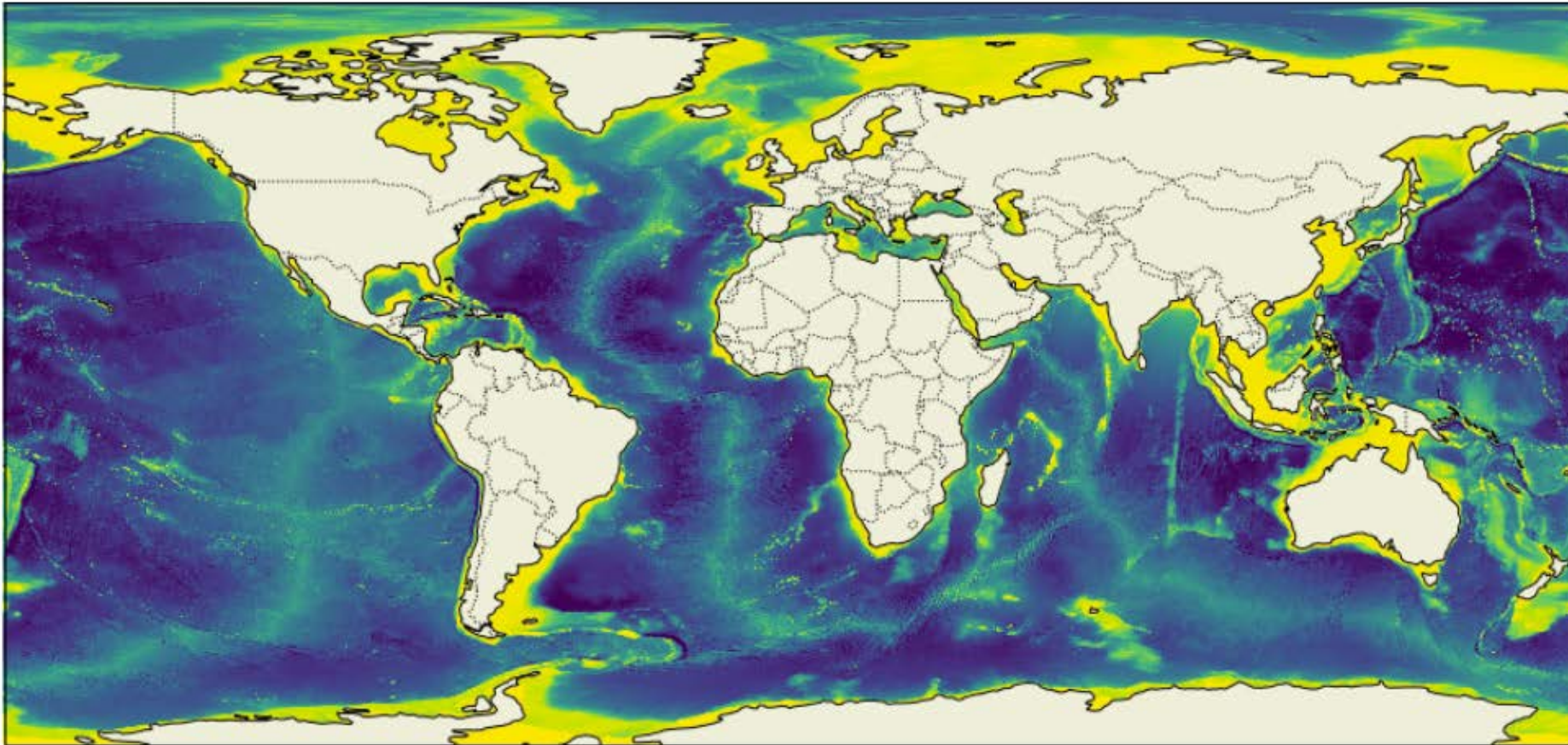
- This study has been conducted using E.U. Copernicus Marine Service Information
- Copernicus CMEMS: <http://marine.copernicus.eu/>



## Sources – Water depth:

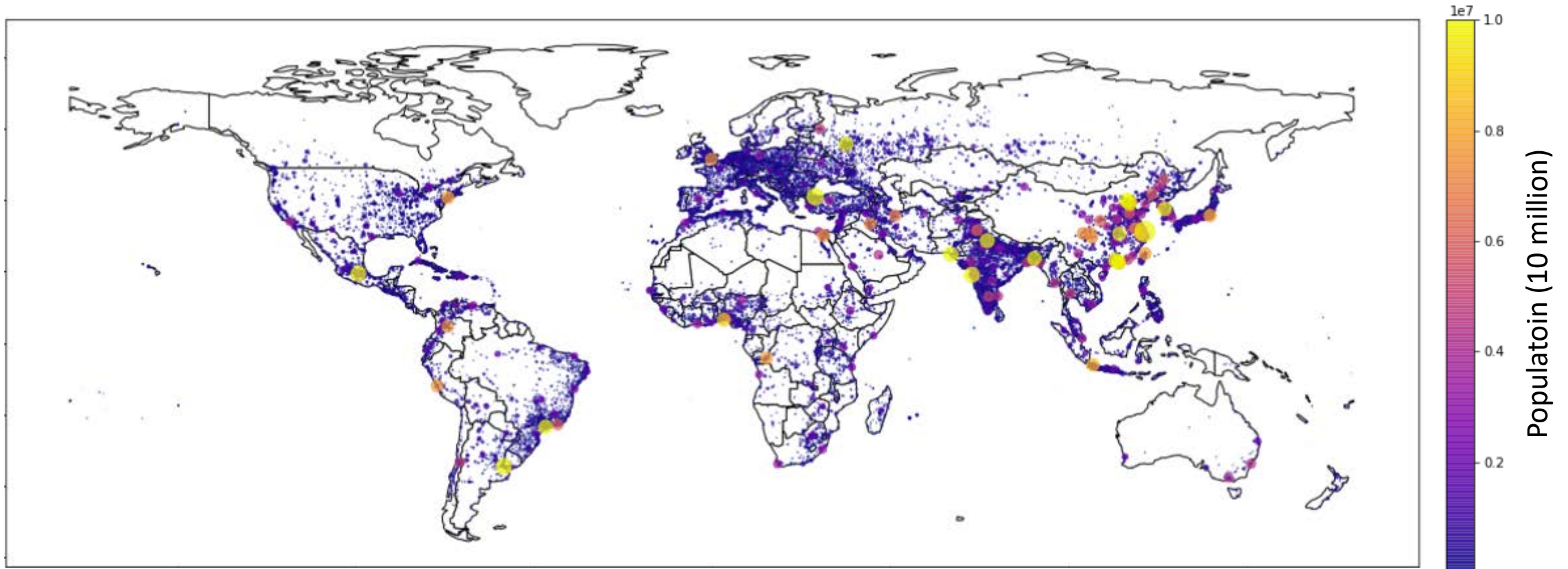


- GEBCO 2014 water depth database:
  - [https://www.bodc.ac.uk/data/hosted\\_data\\_systems/gebco\\_gridded\\_bathymetry\\_data/](https://www.bodc.ac.uk/data/hosted_data_systems/gebco_gridded_bathymetry_data/)



## Sources – Population density:

- Geonames.org database of world cities with population > 15000:
  - <http://download.geonames.org/export/dump/cities15000.txt>



*Share ideas,  
move forward*



**4subsea**