



MATESA: Proof of concept

Dissemination Day. Oslo, 16/06/16.

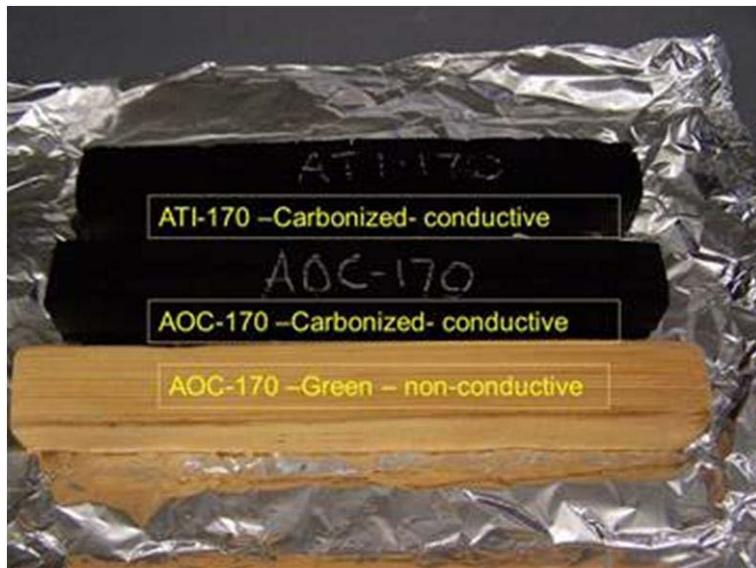
Proof of concept



- Perform breakthrough curve measurements to verify multicomponent adsorption equilibrium and diffusion (for model calibration)
- Demonstrate cyclic performance of honeycomb monoliths
- Calculate power consumption of the real sample. This calculation will be only presented for the case of use of electric power.
- Results by now made with two different honeycomb materials:
 - ZSM-5 honeycomb monolith
 - 13X honeycomb monolith

The materials

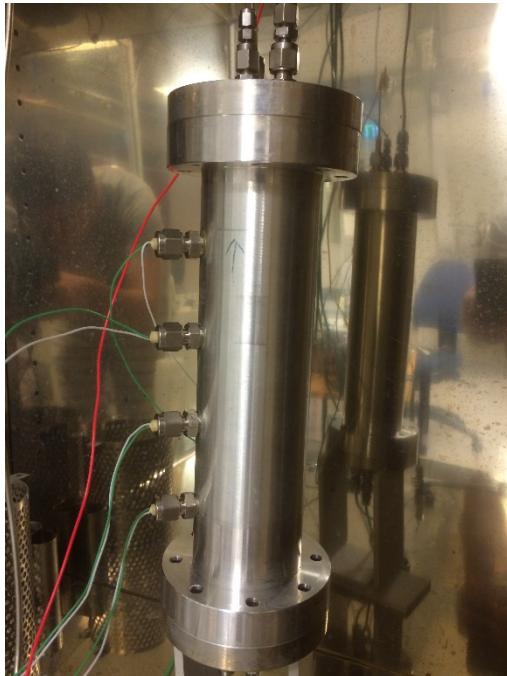
- Length 20 cm monoliths. ZSM-5 samples are square honeycombs and 13X zeolite are cylindrical → two different reactors needed.



The reactors



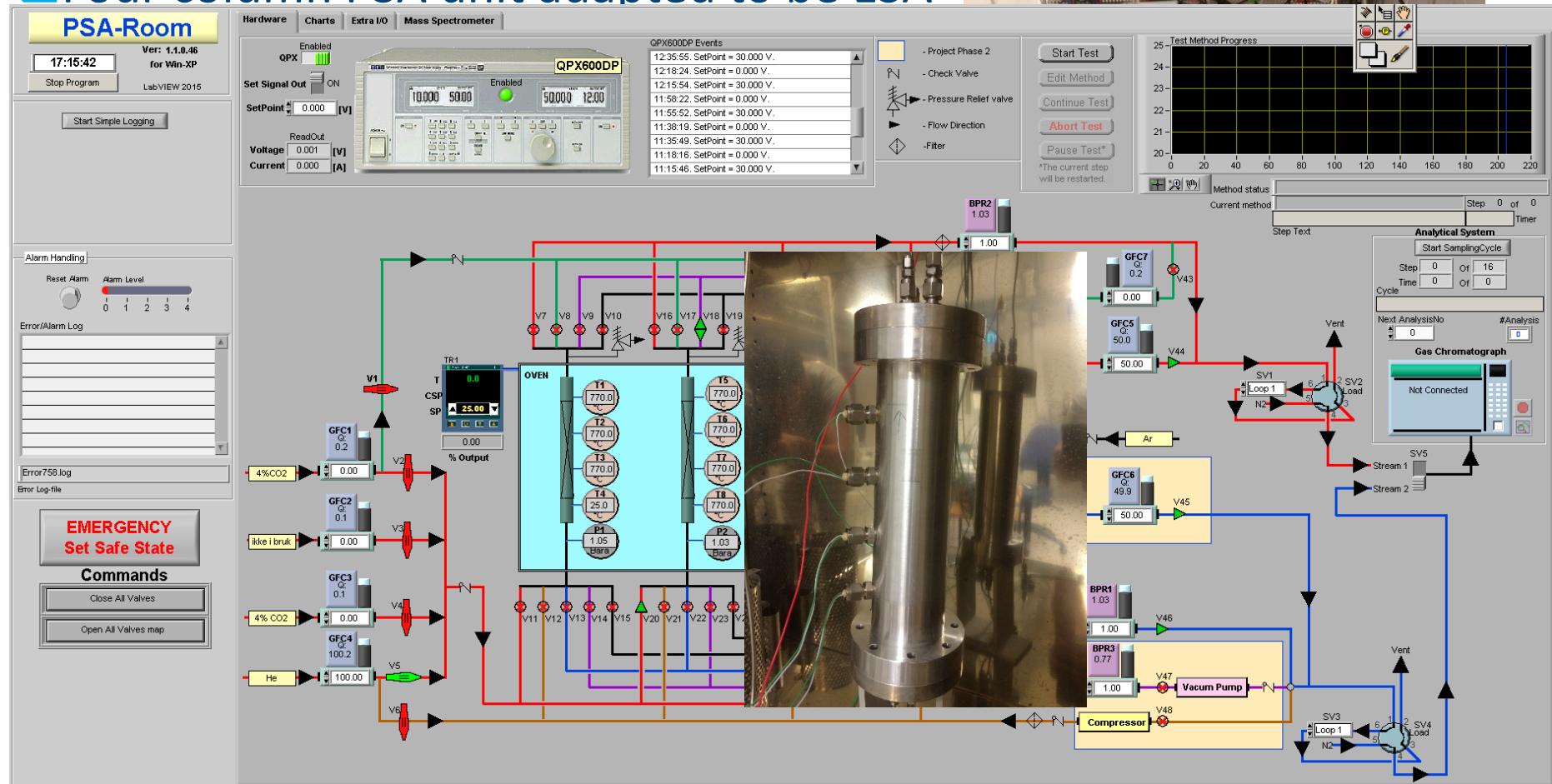
- Length 20 cm monoliths. ZSM-5 samples are square honeycombs and 13X zeolite are cylindrical → two different reactors needed.
- Temperature measurement is challenging. Uneven flow distribution must be avoided.



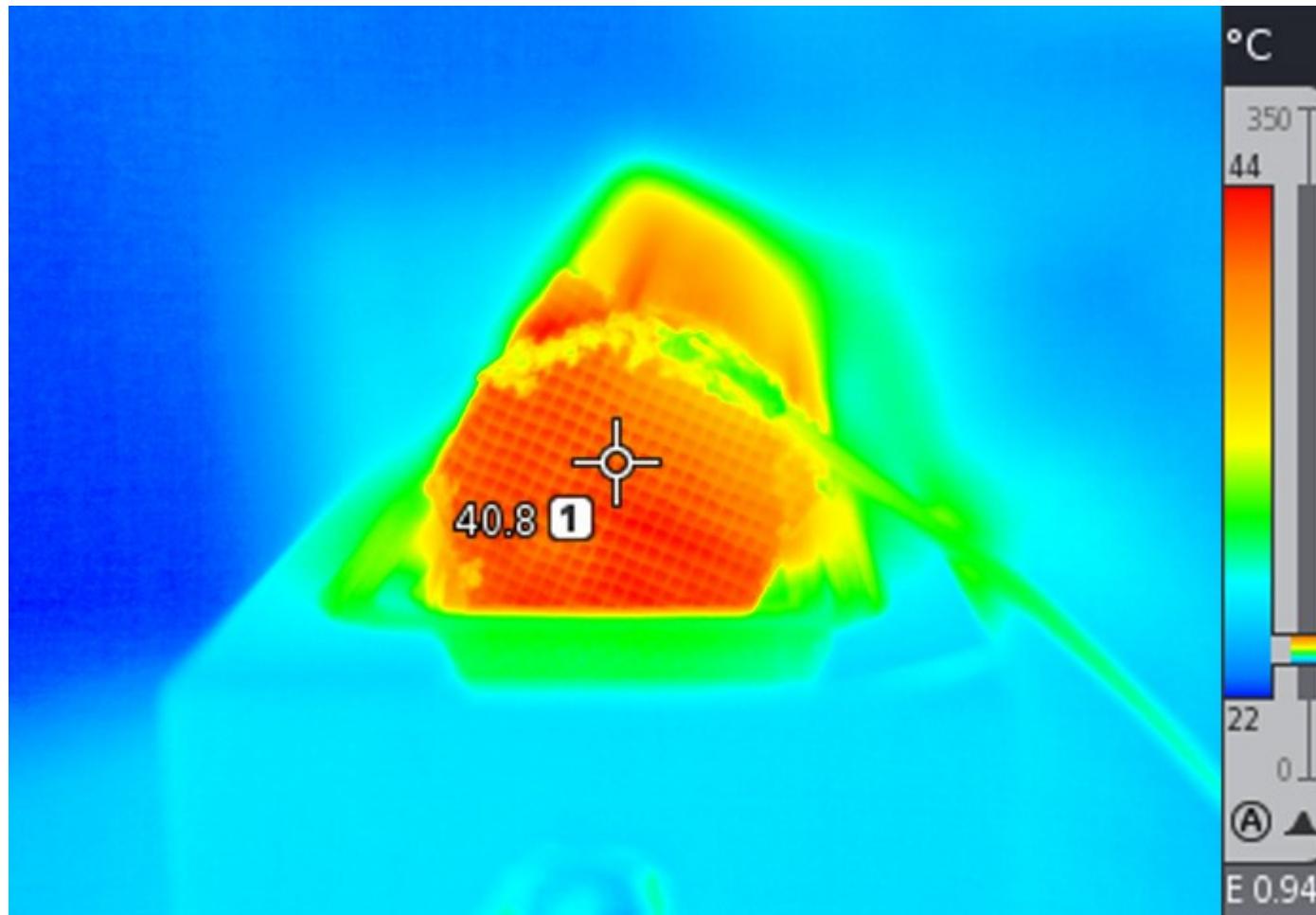
The ESA unit



Four column PSA unit adapted to be ESA

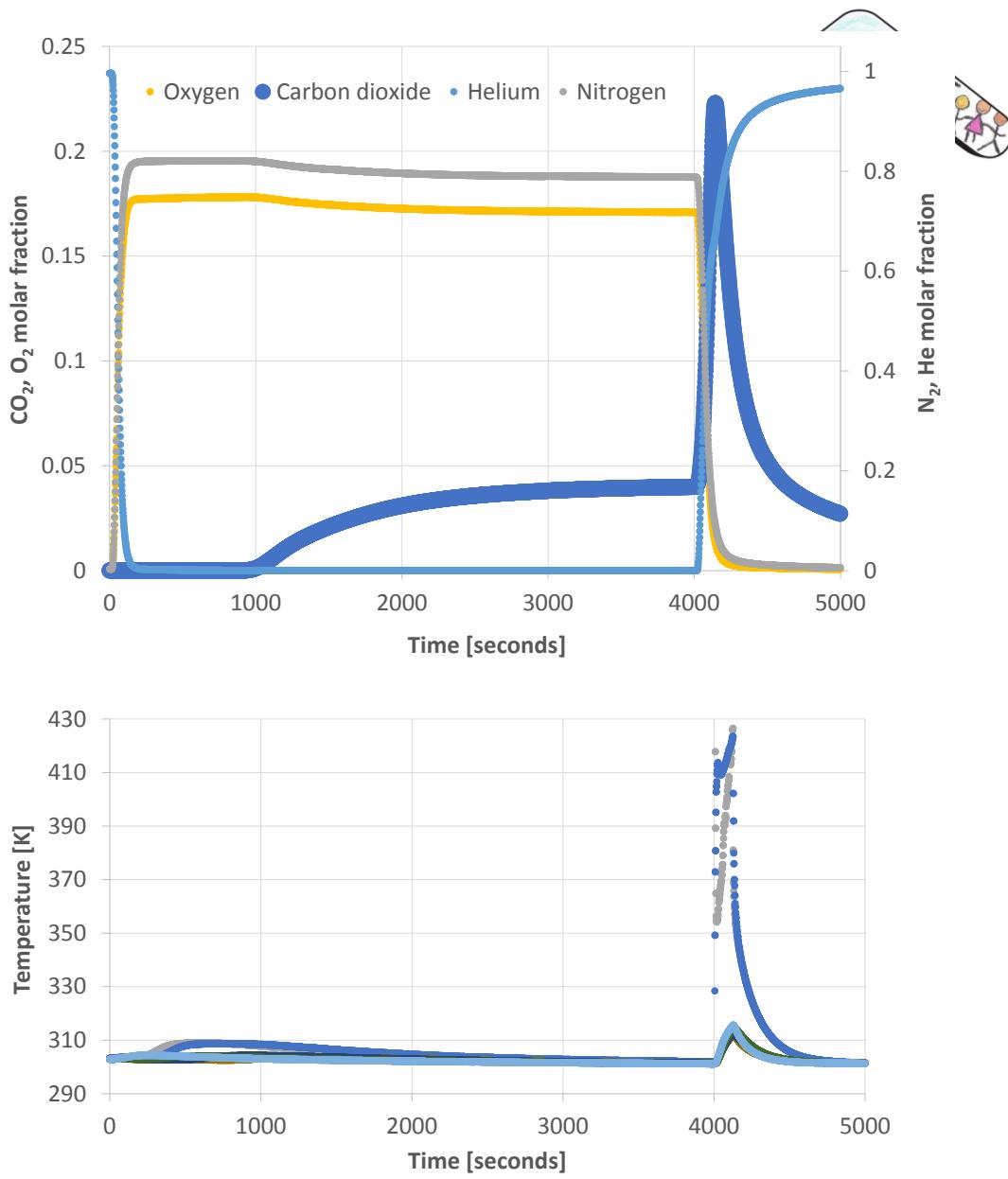


Electric heat in action



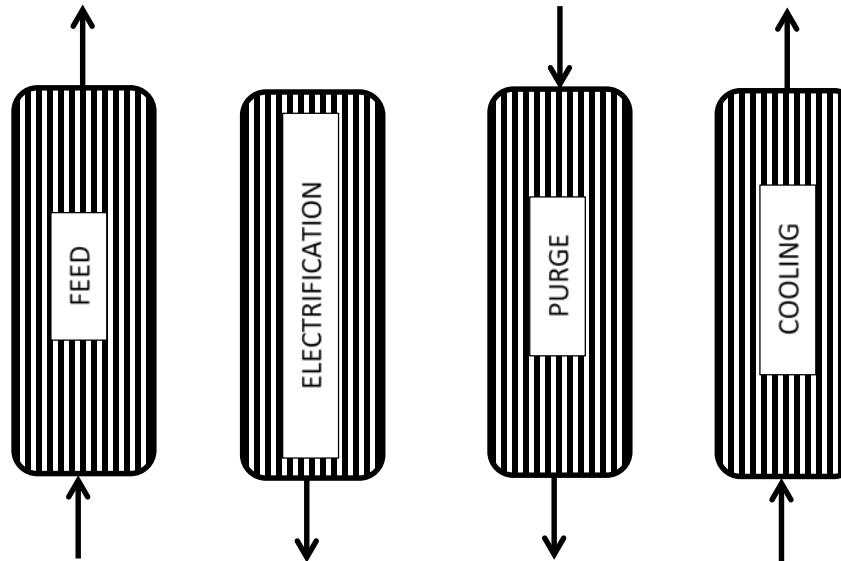
Breakthrough curve exar

Adsorption and desorption



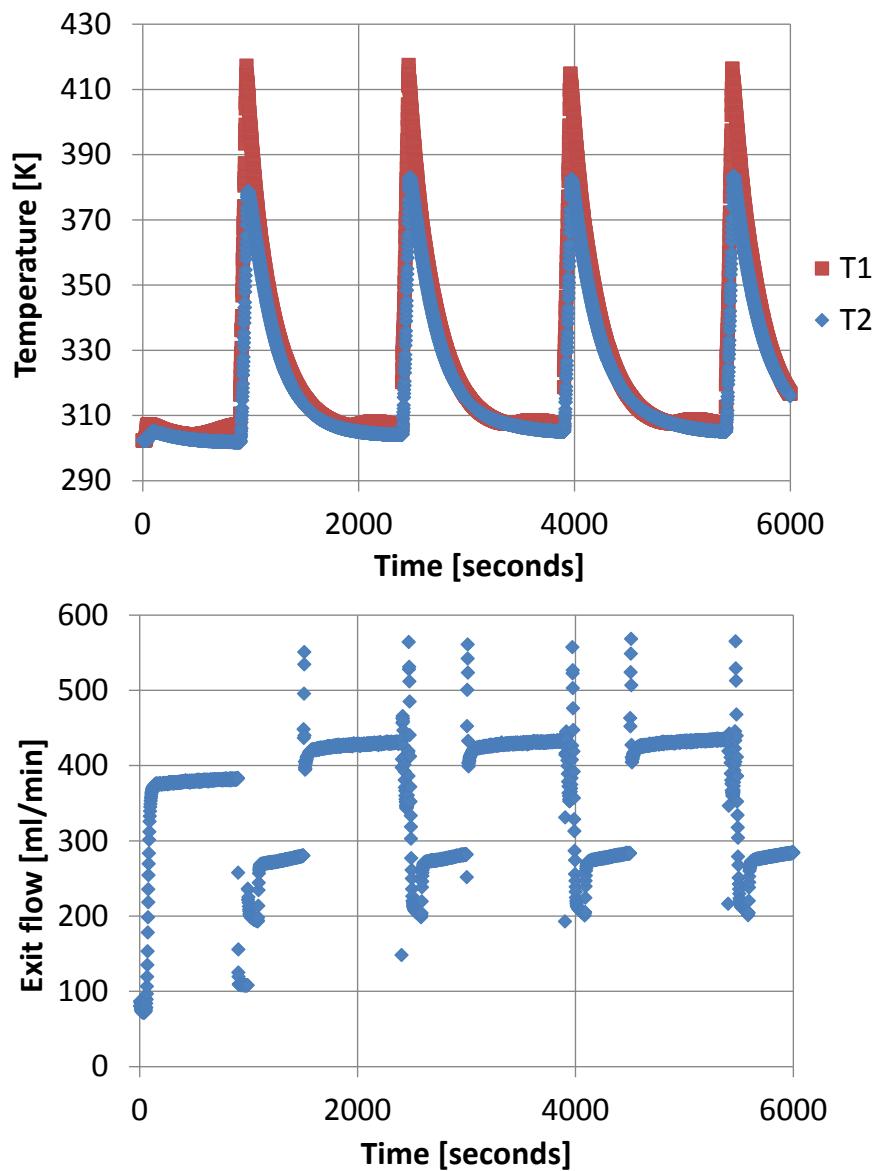
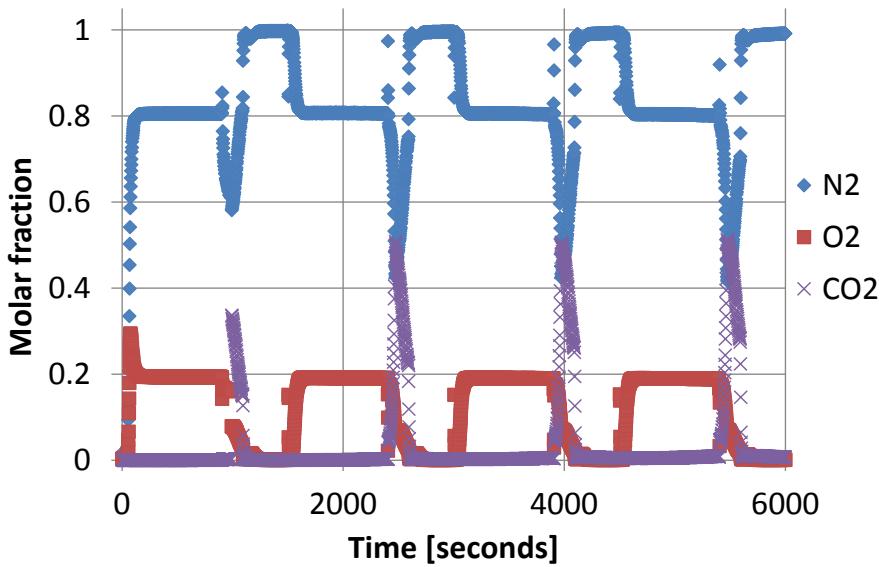
4-step cycle for ESA

- Steps:
 1. Co-current feed step (4.6 vol% CO₂, 900')
 2. Counter-current electrification (60V), no purge (60')
 3. Counter-current purge (120', 120 ml/min nitrogen)
 4. Co-current cooling (420', 230 ml/min nitrogen)



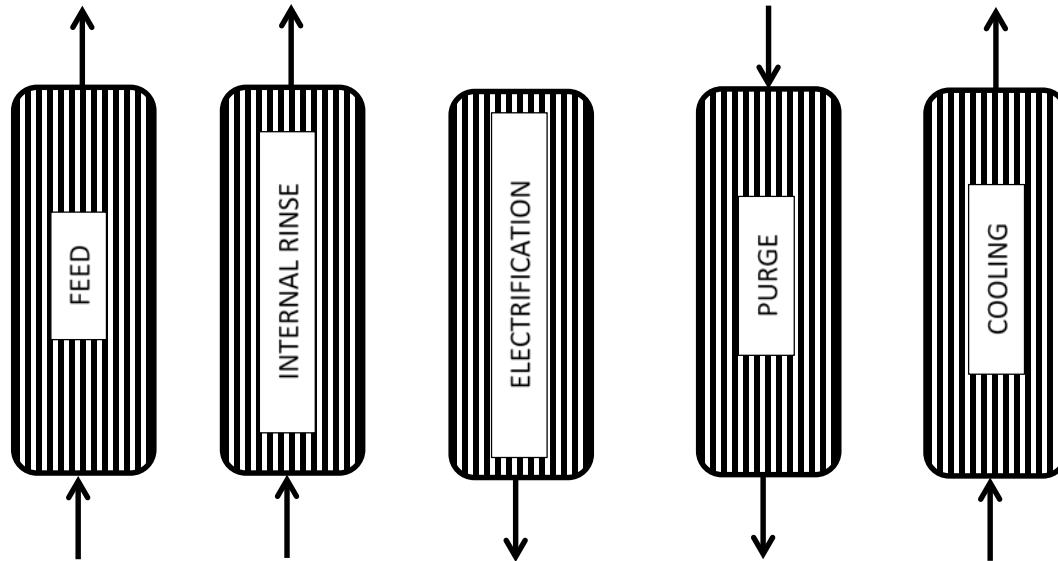
4-step cycle for ESA

- Results:
 - Low CO₂ purity (<51.3%).



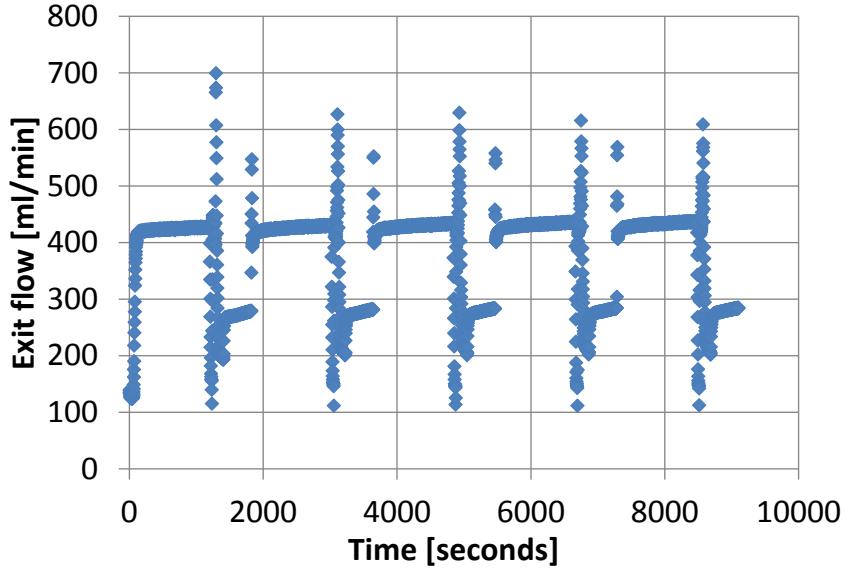
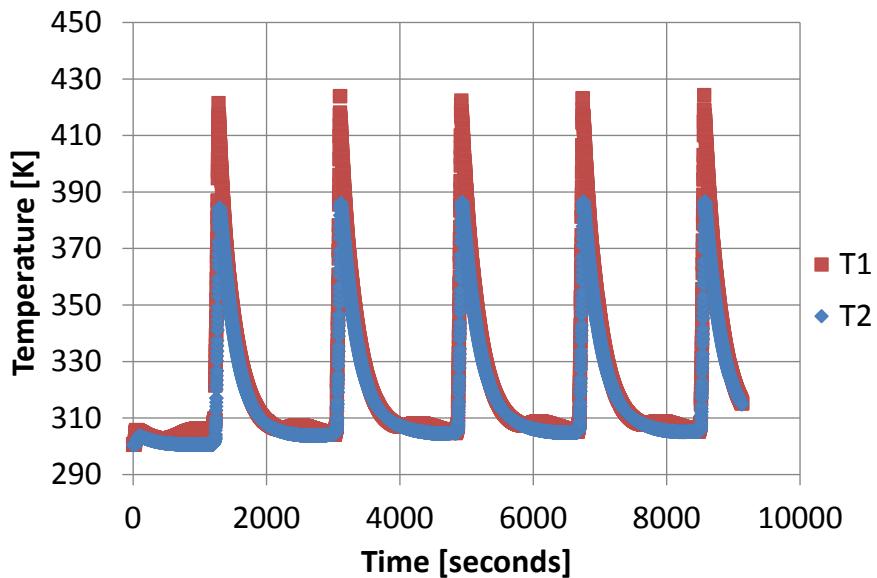
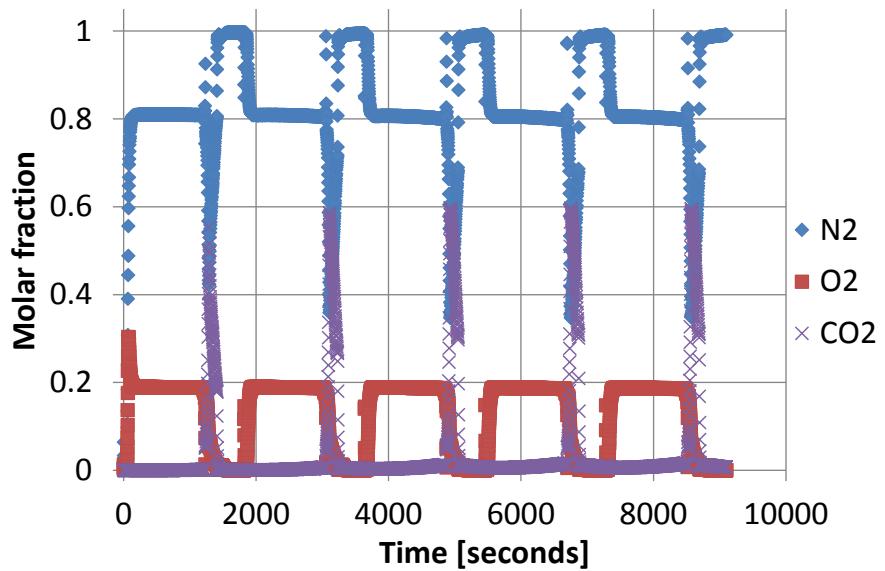
5-step cycle for ESA:

- Steps:
 1. Co-current feed step (4.6 vol% CO₂, 1200')
 2. Co-current Internal rinse (15V, 30')
 3. Counter-current electrification (51V), no purge (55')
 4. Counter-current purge (120', 115 ml/min nitrogen)
 5. Co-current cooling (420', 230 ml/min nitrogen)



5-step cycle for ESA:

- Results:
 - Higher peak CO₂ purity (59.5%)



Results so far



- ❑ Adsorption equilibrium of the multicomponent mixture has been verified in both monoliths.
- ❑ The cyclic steady state is achieved in very few cycles (less than 5).
- ❑ Comparison of results with existing materials (activated carbon) show an improvement of at least 300% in CO₂ purity.
- ❑ Uneven temperature distribution has been observed with IR camera, perhaps due to agglomeration of zeolite in certain parts of the monolith.

Uneven temperature



□ Accurate measurement of temperature is very important.

