

MAD project

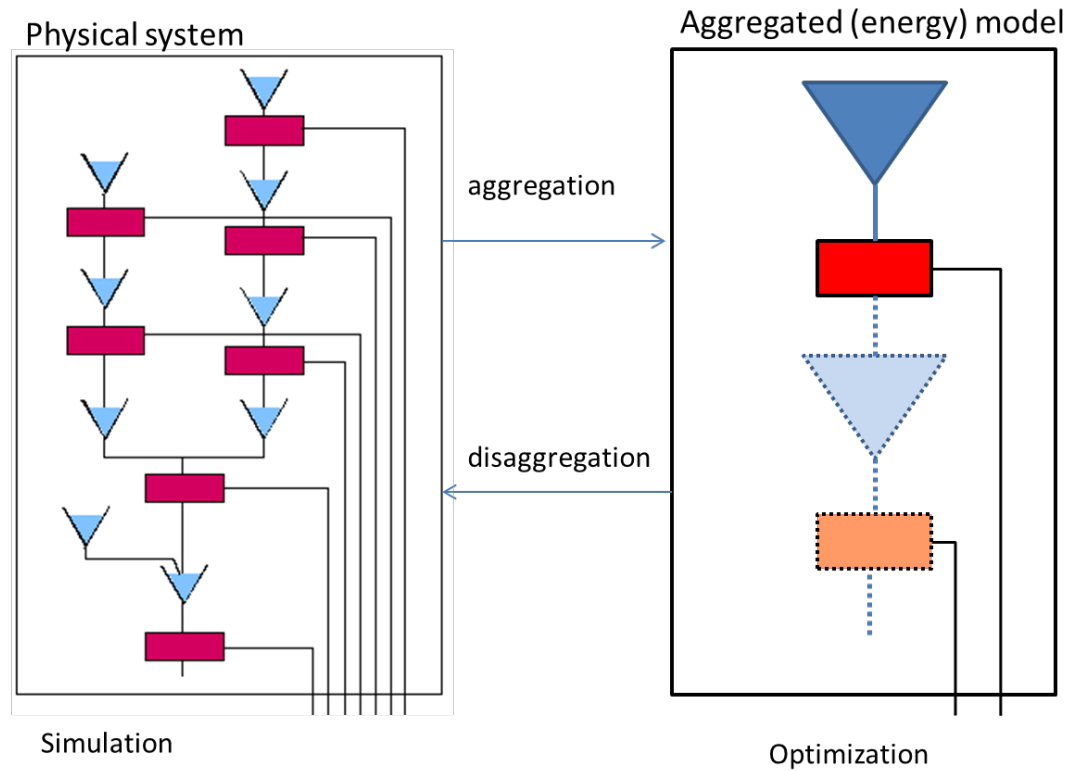
Brukermøte 13-14 Mars 2018

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About the project

- IPN project, 2015-June 2019
- Objective:
 - New methods for aggregation and disaggregation
 - Aggregation structure
 - Aggregation method
 - Optimization for aggregated model
 - Disaggregation
- Project participants: Statkraft, Statnett, Vattenfall, BKK, Hydro Energi, Agder Energi, Lyse Produksjon, E-CO, Svenska Kraftnet, NTNU

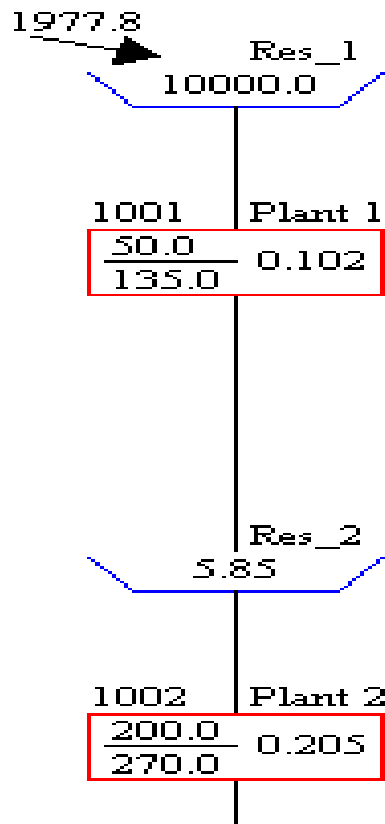
Aggregation -disaggregation



Project background

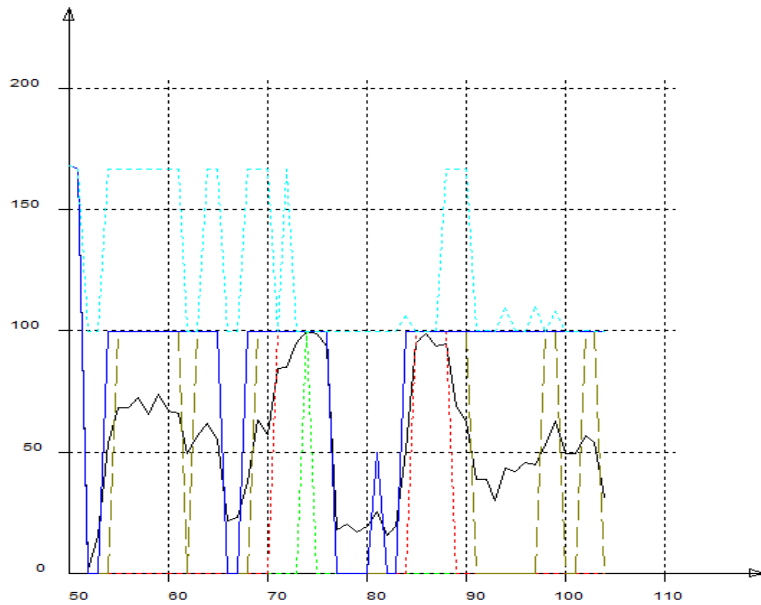
- Aggregation and disaggregation of hydropower production
 - Used in the following SINTEF models Vansimtap, Samkjøringsmodellen, Samlast, Samnet
- Existing methods
 - Aggregated model consists of one reservoir, gives too high flexibility
 - New renewables, stronger coupling to Europe –system more often operated at its limits.
 - Aggregated model structure and disaggregation techniques not adapted to short-term pumping
 - Competence on existing disaggregation procedures is too low
 - Main procedures implemented a long time ago

Optimal production in serial water courses

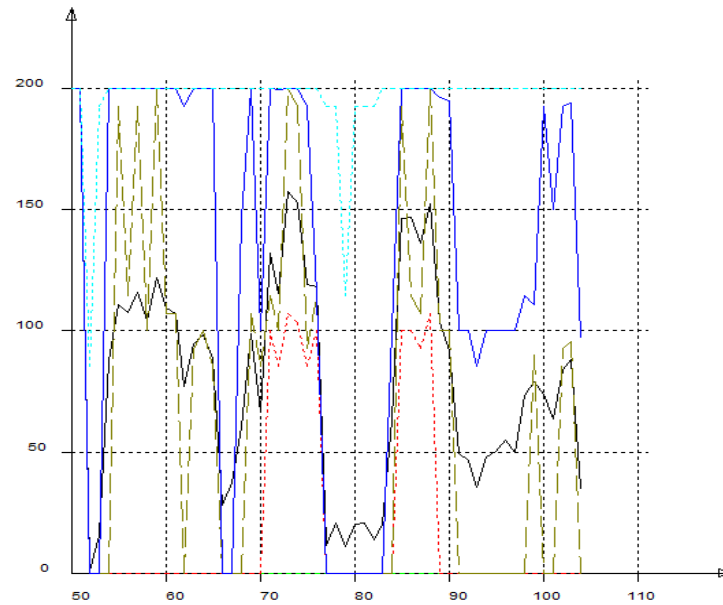


Production in high price period (plant two in example)

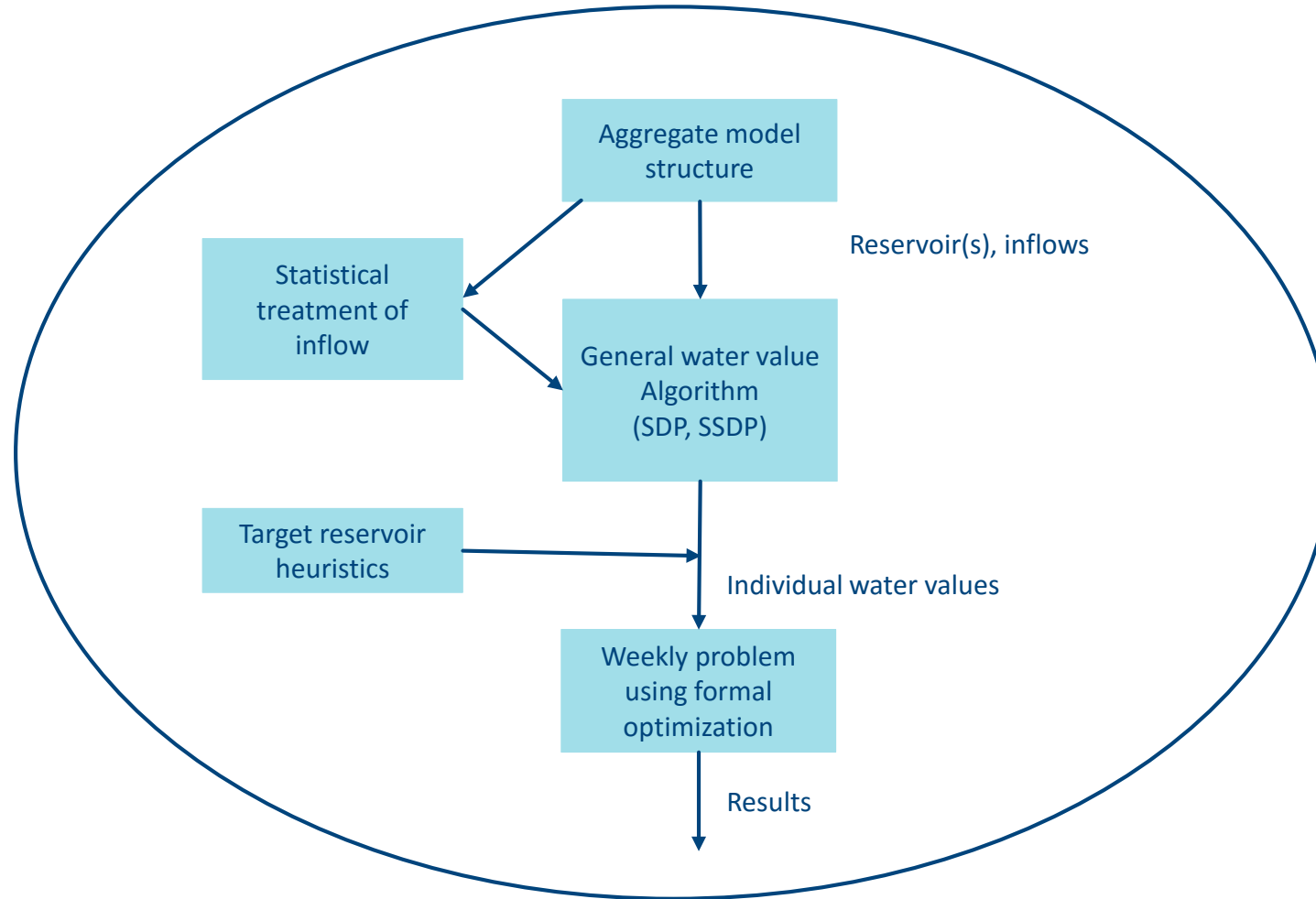
Drawdown heuristic (Vansimtap)



Optimization (ProdRisk)



Activities – relation MAD



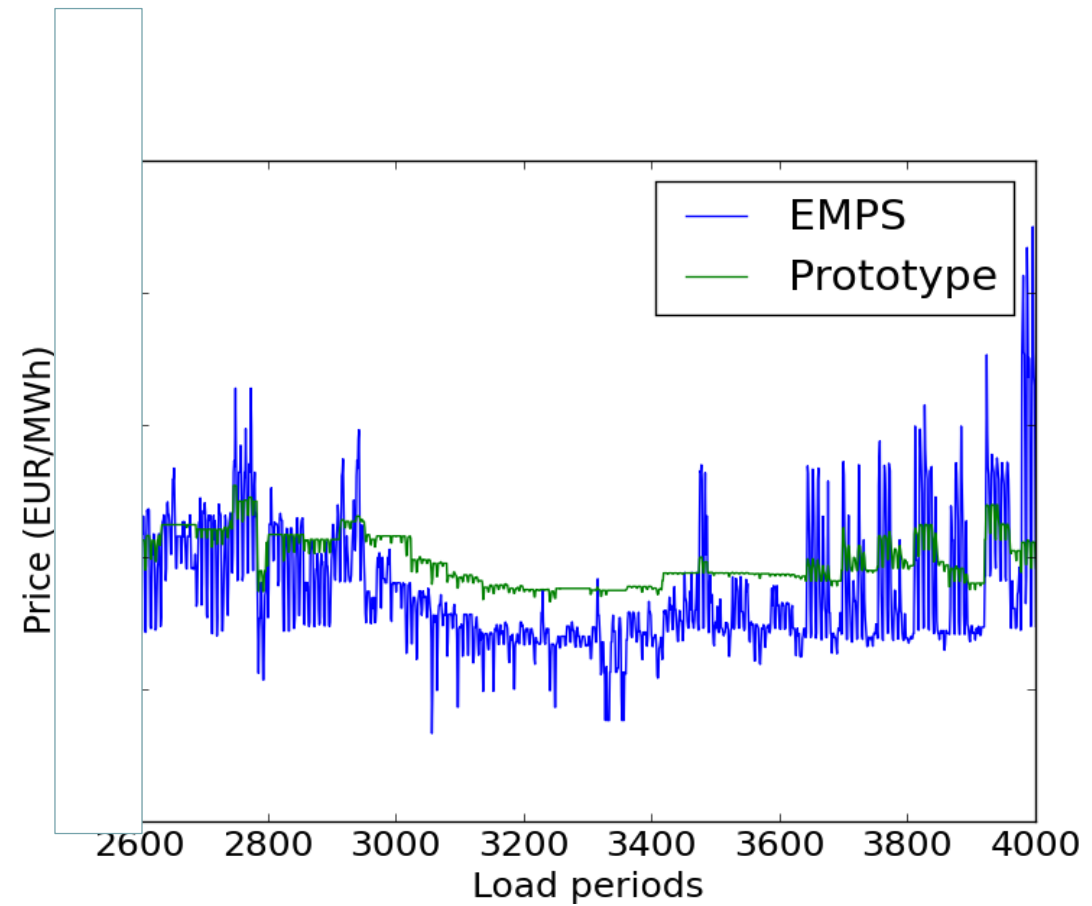
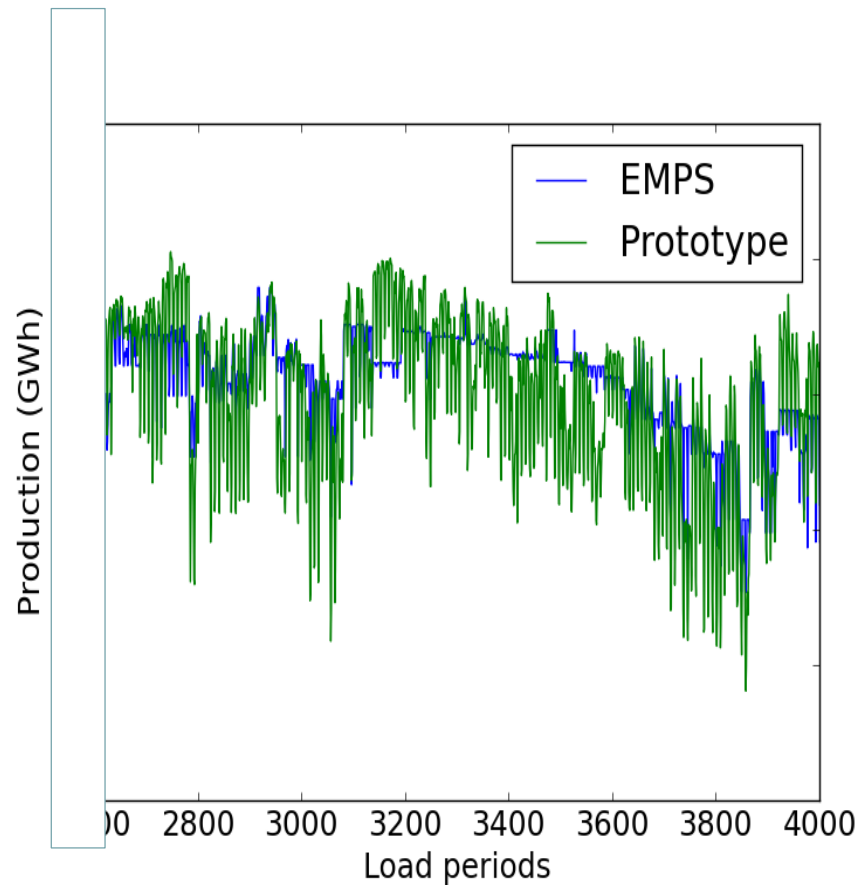
MAD –deliveries

- EMPS-W: A prototype model with formal optimization with individual hydro for the weekly market clearing problem
 - Use drawdown heuristics to individualize aggregated water values
 - A LP problem for the weekly problem
 - Can be hourly resolution
 - Time delays
 - Ramping (transmission and hydro)
 - Daily inflow resolution, hourly reservoir balances
- New functionality in standard EMPS
 - Including avoidable spillage in aggregated inflow used for water value calculation
 - Time dependent calibration factors
 - Allocated market in water value calculation based on "static" production level

Other Mad results

- Internal prototypes:
 - SDP for two storage system
 - Market simulation with two storage models in each area
 - Sampling Stochastic Dynamic Programming (SSDP)
- NTNU part (Paper): Automatic aggregation procedure to general structure

Hydro production and prices example (EMPS and EMPS-W prototype)



EMPS –W Properties

- Optimal intraweek utilization of resources (hydro, pumping, flexible load)
- Much longer computation time than EMPS
- About the same socioeconomic surplus for todays system as EMPS
- Believe it is a better model for the future system
- A model that is easier to understand and expand