

# Getting Energy Conversion Right

*New commands related to build  
unit PQ curves since SHOP 12*

User meeting Hydro Scheduling, 13 – 14 March 2019

Jiehong Kong, Research Scientist

SINTEF Energy Research

# Outline

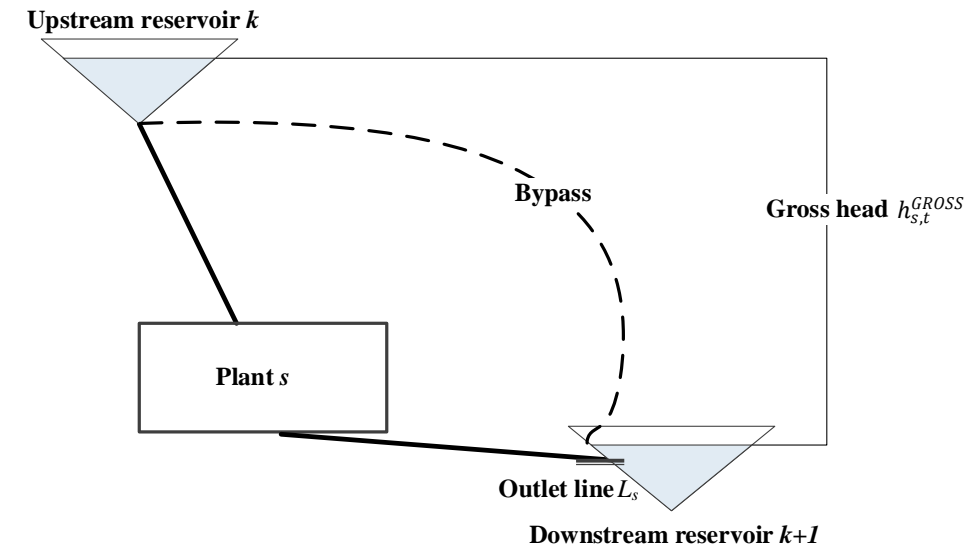
---

- Transition from plant-based to unit-based short-term hydro scheduling
- New commands related to build unit PQ curves
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve
  - Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve in abnormal situation
  - Printing of unit PQ curves
- New project proposal

# Hydropower production function

## Mathematical formulation

$$p_{s,t} = G \cdot \eta \cdot h_{s,t}^{GROSS} \cdot q_{s,t}$$



# Hydropower production function

## Mathematical formulation

$$p_{i,s,t} = G \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{GEN}(p_{i,s,t}) \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{TURB}(h_{i,s,t}^{NET}, q_{i,s,t}) \cdot h_{i,s,t}^{NET} \cdot q_{i,s,t}$$

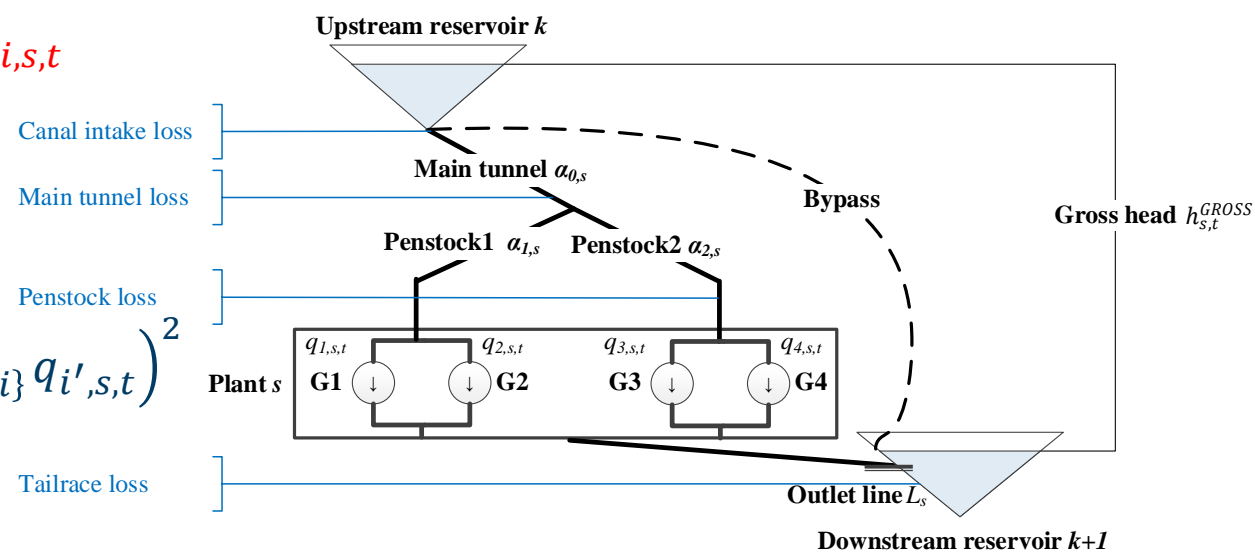
$$P_{i,t}^{MIN} \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq p_{i,t} \leq P_{i,t}^{MAX} \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

$$Q_{i,t}^{MIN}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq q_{i,t} \leq Q_{i,t}^{MAX}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

$$h_{i,s,t}^{NET} = h_{s,t}^{GROSS} - \sum_{n \in N_s | i \in I_{n,s}} \alpha_{n,s} \cdot \left( q_{i,s,t} + \sum_{i' \in I_{n,s} \setminus \{i\}} q_{i',s,t} \right)^2$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{INTAKE}(l_{k,t-1}(v_{k,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{TAIL}(l_{k+1,t-1}(v_{k+1,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$



# Hydropower production function

## Mathematical formulation

$$p_{i,s,t} = G \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{GEN}(p_{i,s,t}) \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{TURB}(h_{i,s,t}^{NET}, q_{i,s,t}) \cdot h_{i,s,t}^{NET} \cdot q_{i,s,t}$$

$$P_{i,t}^{MIN} \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq p_{i,t} \leq P_{i,t}^{MAX} \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

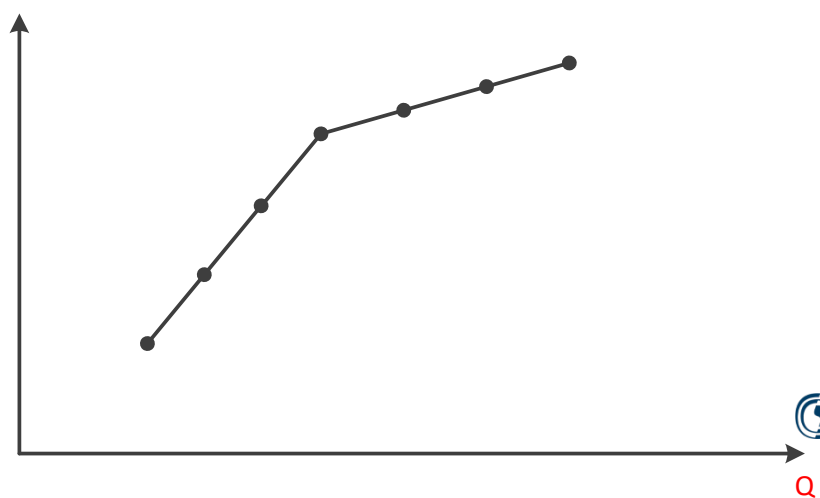
$$Q_{i,t}^{MIN}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq q_{i,t} \leq Q_{i,t}^{MAX}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

$$h_{i,s,t}^{NET} = h_{s,t}^{GROSS} - \sum_{n \in N_s | i \in I_{n,s}} \alpha_{n,s} \cdot \left( q_{i,s,t} + \sum_{i' \in I_{n,s} \setminus \{i\}} q_{i',s,t} \right)^2$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{INTAKE}(l_{k,t-1}(v_{k,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{TAIL}(l_{k+1,t-1}(v_{k+1,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$

- SHOP is formulated as a **Mixed Integer Linear Programming (MILP)** model
- How to convert the **nonlinear & nonconvex** hydropower production function into a **concave piecewise linear** unit PQ curve?





<b>Full mode (set code /full)</b>	<b>LP model</b>	<b>MIP model</b> (mip_flag/universal_mip as input data)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Built on <b>PLANT</b> level</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Built on <b>UNIT</b> level</li></ul>
<b>Incremental mode (set code /incr)</b>	<b>LP model</b>	<b>LP model</b> (reserve/gen discharge cost is used)
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Built on <b>PLANT</b> level</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Built on <b>UNIT</b> level</li></ul>

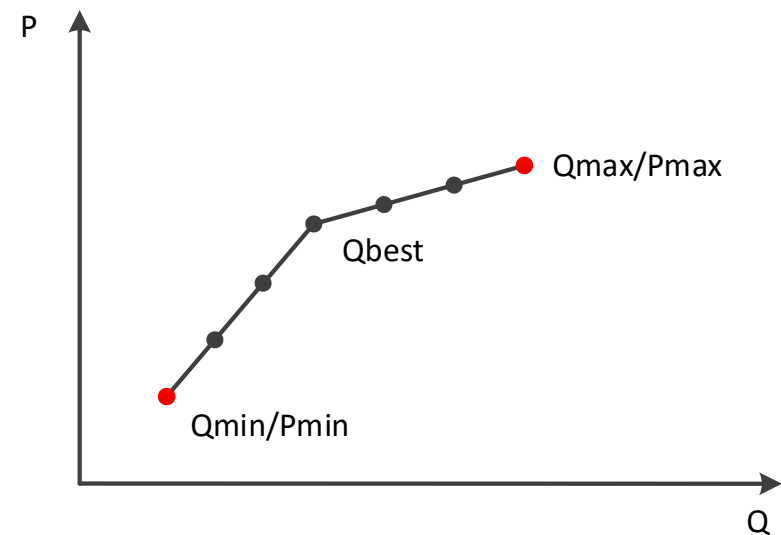
# Outline

---

- Transition from plant-based to unit-based short-term hydro scheduling
- **New commands related to build unit PQ curves**
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve
  - Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve in abnormal situation
  - Printing of unit PQ curves
- New project proposal

# Determination of the unit PQ curve

Command 1 (Default): Set `build_pq_curve /unit_uploading /all_limits`

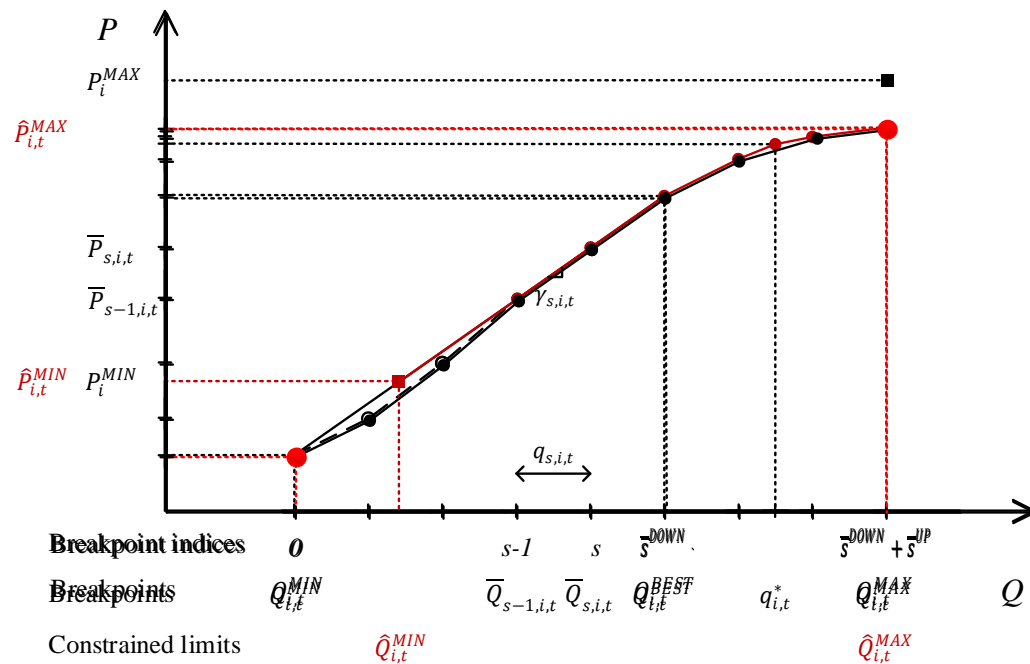


- Pmin/Qmin
  - $P_{min} = \text{MAX}(P(\text{turb\_min}), \text{gen} \rightarrow \text{minprod}, \text{min\_p\_constr}, P(\text{min\_q\_constr}))$
  - $Q_{min} = Q(P_{min})$
- Pmax/Qmax
  - $P_{max} = \text{MIN}(P(\text{turb\_max}), \text{gen} \rightarrow \text{maxprod}, \text{max\_p\_constr}, P(\text{max\_q\_constr}))$
  - $Q_{max} = Q(P_{max})$



# Determination of the unit PQ curve

Command 2: Set build\_pq\_curve /unit\_uploading /turb\_eff\_curves



- Step 2: Determine the Head-dependent Minimum Water Discharge  $Q_{i,t}^{MIN}$ , Best Efficiency point  $Q_{i,t}^{BEST}$  and Maximum Water Discharge  $Q_{i,t}^{MAX}$  of the Unit
  - Only based on the head-dependent **turbine efficiency curves**
- ...
- Step 8: Define the Final Operating limits
  - Including all the **other limits** by linear interpolation

# Determination of the unit PQ curve

---

## Command 1 (Default): Set `build_pq_curve /unit_uploading /all_limits`

- When building PQ curve, all the limits ( $P(turb\_min)$ ,  $gen \rightarrow minprod$ ,  $min\_p\_constr$ ,  $P(min\_q\_constr)$ ) are taken into account at the same time. If there is a schedule, only one point will be built.
- It is suitable for those who want to run schedule or run on the limits.

## Command 2: Set `build_pq_curve /unit_uploading /turb_eff_curves`

- PQ curve is first built according to the head-dependent turbine efficiency curves. Other limits are linear interpolated later.
- It is suitable for those who want to get the overview of the operation range.

# Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock

## Mathematical formulation

$$p_{i,s,t} = G \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{GEN}(p_{i,s,t}) \cdot \eta_{i,s}^{TURB}(h_{i,s,t}^{NET}, q_{i,s,t}) \cdot h_{i,s,t}^{NET} \cdot q_{i,s,t}$$

$$P_{i,t}^{MIN} \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq p_{i,t} \leq P_{i,t}^{MAX} \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

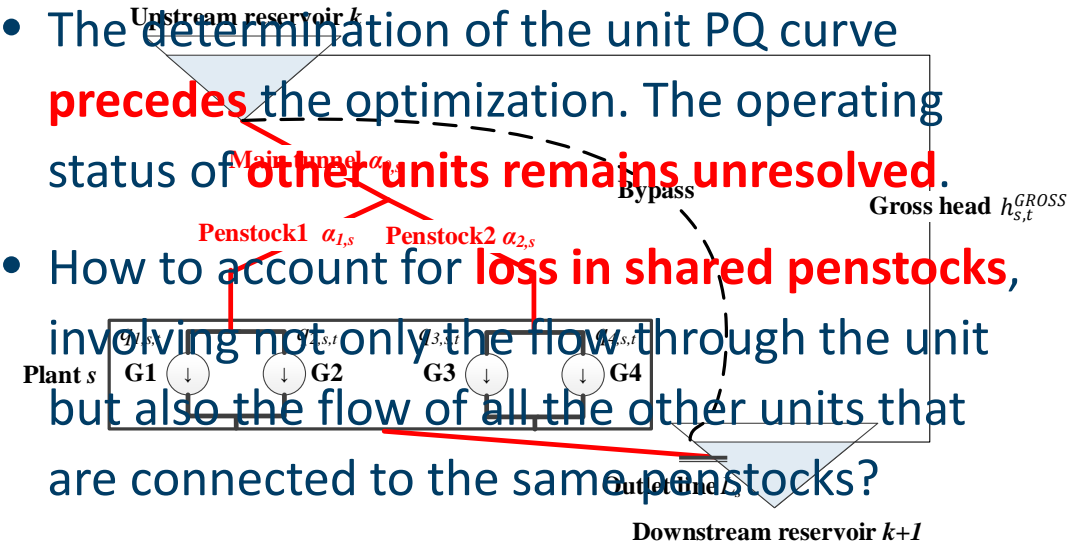
$$Q_{i,t}^{MIN}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t} \leq q_{i,t} \leq Q_{i,t}^{MAX}(h_{i,t}^{NET}) \cdot \omega_{i,t}$$

$$h_{i,s,t}^{NET} = h_{s,t}^{GROSS} - \sum_{n \in N_s | i \in I_{n,s}} \alpha_{n,s} \cdot \left( q_{i,s,t} + \sum_{i' \in I_{n,s} \setminus \{i\}} q_{i',s,t} \right)^2$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{INTAKE}(l_{k,t-1}(v_{k,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$

$$- \Delta h_{s,t}^{TAIL}(l_{k+1,t-1}(v_{k+1,t-1}), q_{k,t}^{TOTAL})$$

- The determination of the unit PQ curve **precedes** the optimization. The operating status of **other units remains unresolved**.
- How to account for **loss in shared penstocks**, involving not only the flow through the unit but also the flow of all the other units that are connected to the same penstocks?



# Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock

## Command 1 (Default): Set power\_loss /busbar

- First **excludes** the penstock loss in the PQ curve, causing over-estimated power generation for the given discharge.
- Then **subtracts** the sum of power loss for each unit, which is equal to the sum of power loss in each penstock, from the plant energy balance constraint, i.e. busbar.
- The sum of power loss in a shared penstock is a cubic function of the total flow through the penstock, which is approximated by a convex piecewise linear function.

## Command 2: Set power\_loss /pq /previous

- **Directly includes** penstock loss in the PQ curve of the unit.
- Uses the **optimal results obtained in the previous iteration**.

$$h_{i,t}^{NET} = H_t^{GROSS} - \alpha_n \cdot \left( q_{i,t} + \sum_{i' \in I_n \setminus \{i\}} q_{i',t} \right)^2$$

## Command 3: Set power\_loss /pq /proportional

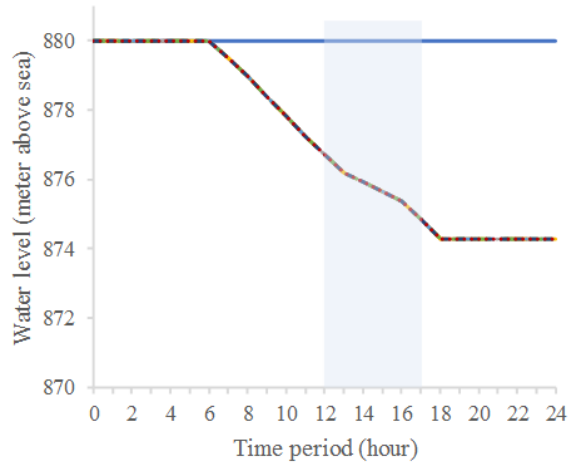
- **Directly includes** penstock loss in the PQ curve of the unit.

$$\sum_{i \in I} p_{i,t} - \sum_{n \in N} \Delta p_{n,t} = p_t^{SELL}$$

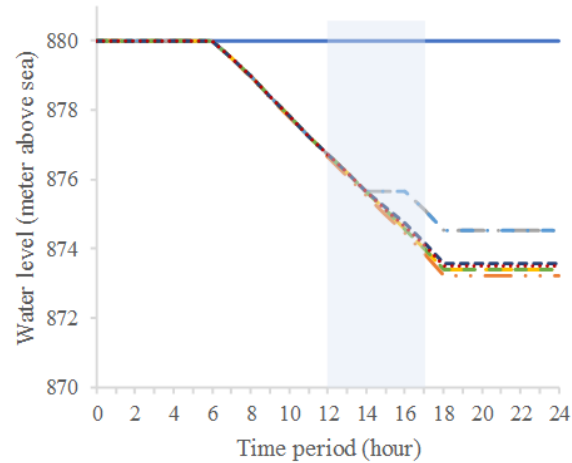
- Assumes that all the units connected to the same penstock always operate **at the same fraction** of their allowable capacity range.

# Numerical results – Comparison of Methods

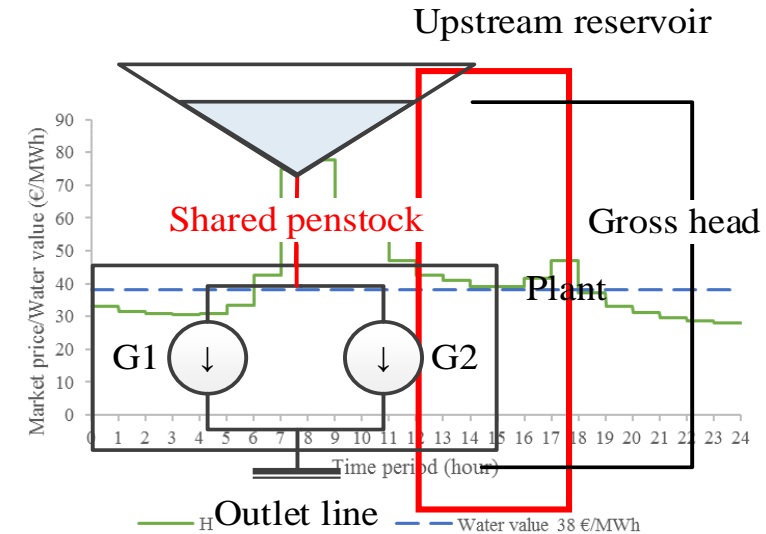
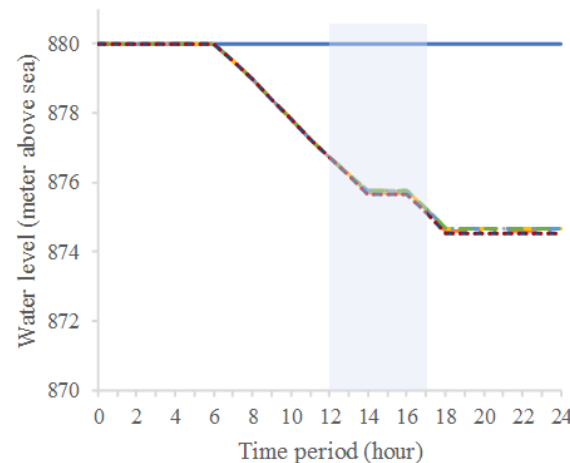
**Command 1**



**Command 2**



**Command 3**



Command 1 (Default)			Command 2			Command 3		
Production Revenue	Reservoir Value	Total Profit	Production Revenue	Reservoir Value	Total Profit	Production Revenue	Reservoir Value	Total Profit
109,365.24	156,070.49	<b>265,435.73</b>	117,588.81	147,118.76	264,707.57	105,467.63	159,807.10	<b>265,274.73</b>

**Command 1 gives the best result**

**Command 2 causes flip-flop**

# Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock

---

## Command 1 (Default): Set power\_loss /busbar

- Gives **better** optimization result but potentially might **increase computational time**, since the unit penstock loss should be introduced to unit energy balance constraints to improve accuracy, especially when delivering reserves

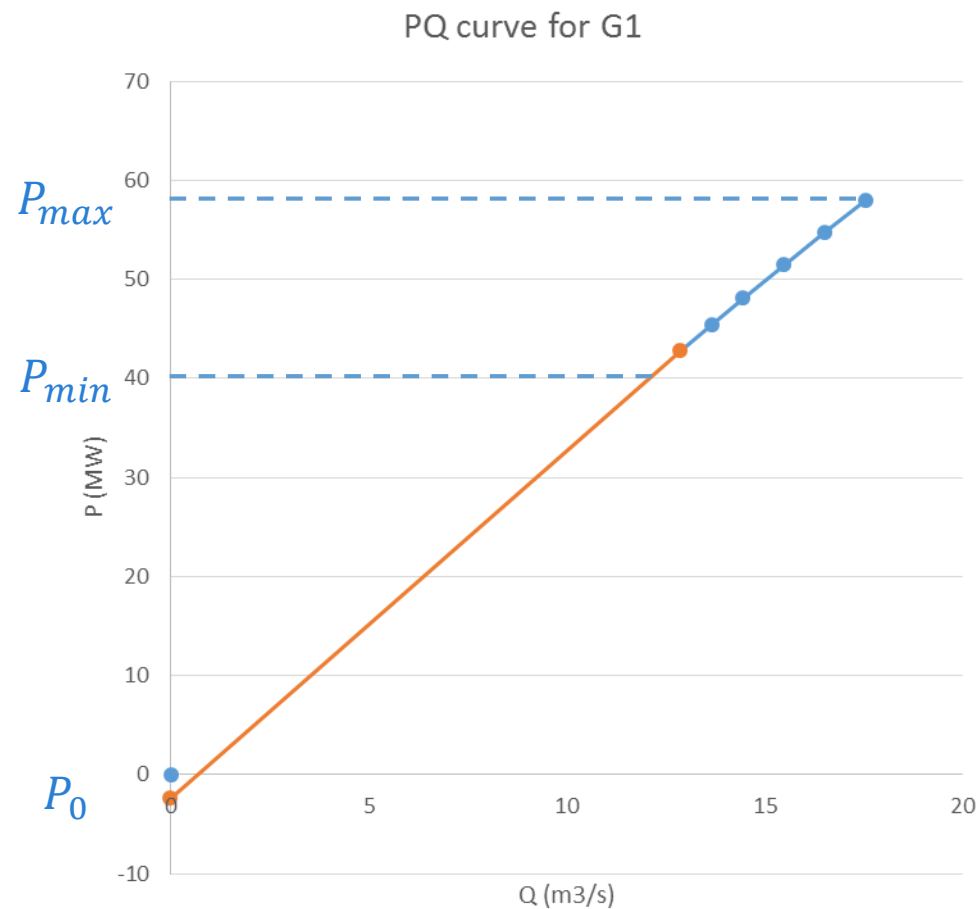
## Command 2: Set power\_loss /pq /previous

- When the predicted market price for electricity is **close** to the water value at the end of the scheduling horizon, the power production is likely to **oscillate** between iterations

## Command 3: Set power\_loss /pq /proportional

- Can avoid the flip-flop problem but suggests the units to **operate in the same pattern**

# Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP



In a **MIP** model, **binary variables** are used.

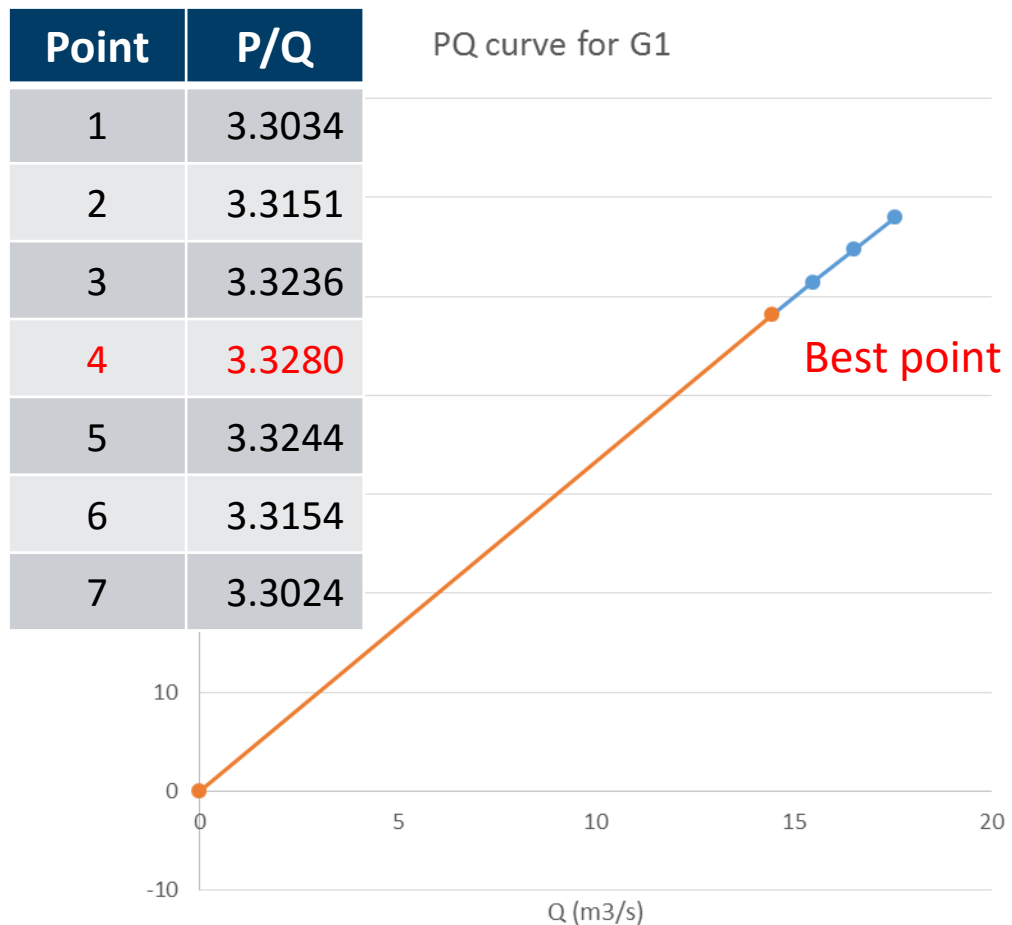
$$p = P_0 \cdot \gamma_t + \sum_{seg} \frac{dP}{dQ_{seg}} \cdot q_{seg}$$

$$p \geq P_{min} \cdot \gamma_t$$

$$p \leq P_{max} \cdot \gamma_t$$

$$\gamma_t \in \{0, 1\}$$

# Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP



In a **LP** model, **binary variables are relaxed!**

$$p = P_0 \cdot \gamma_t + \sum_{seg} \frac{dP}{dQ_{seg}} \cdot q_{seg}$$

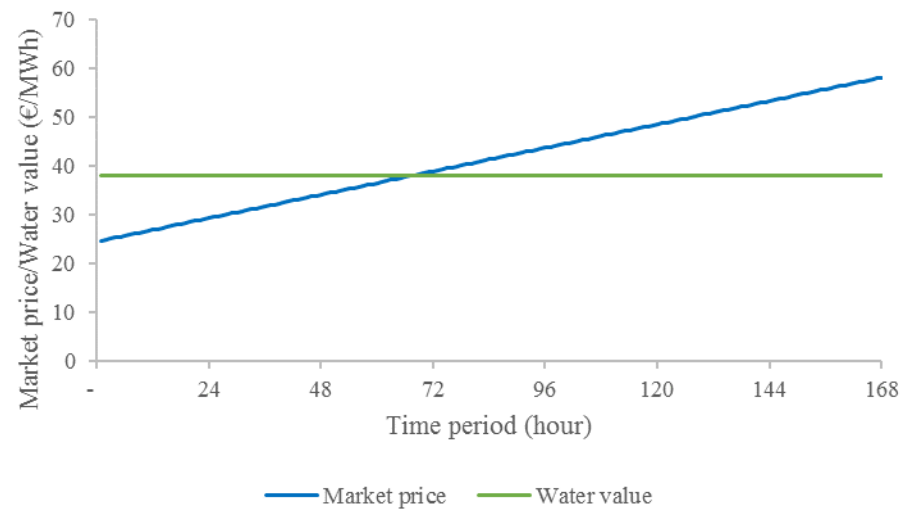
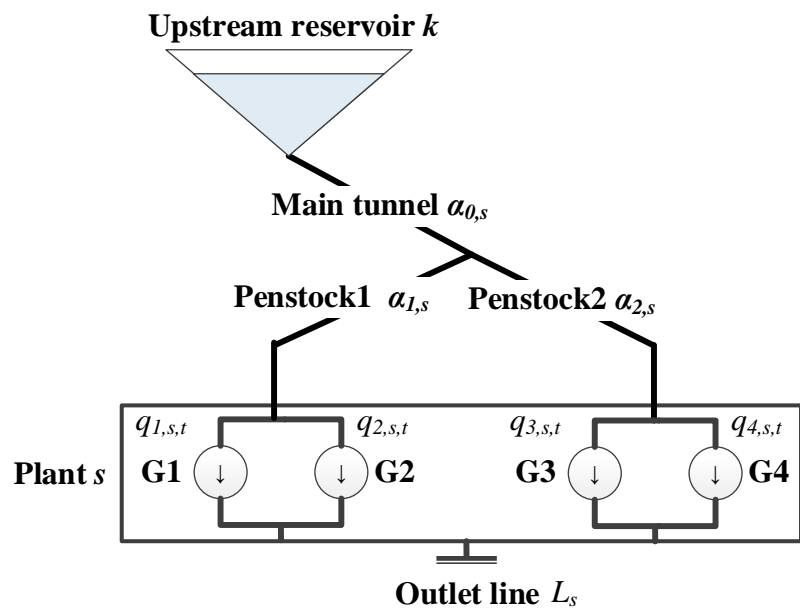
$$p \geq P_{min} \cdot \gamma_t$$

$$p \leq P_{max} \cdot \gamma_t$$

$$\gamma_t \in \{0, 1\} \quad 0 \leq \gamma_t \leq 1$$



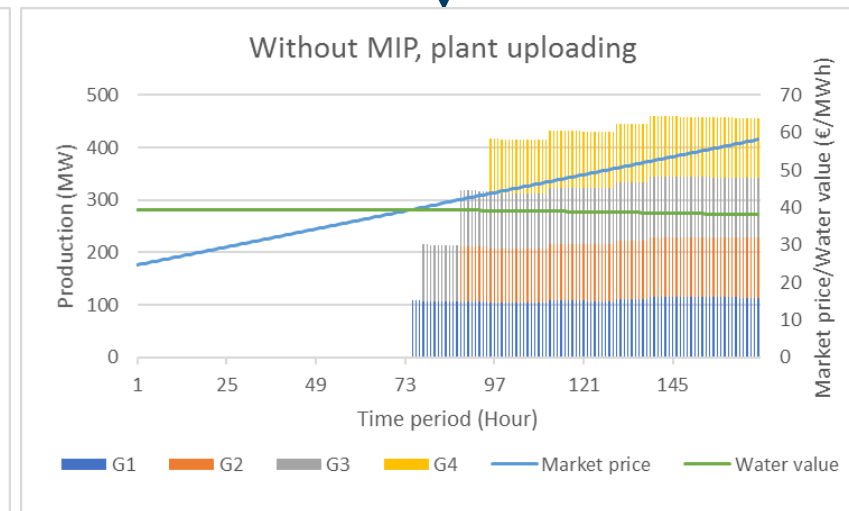
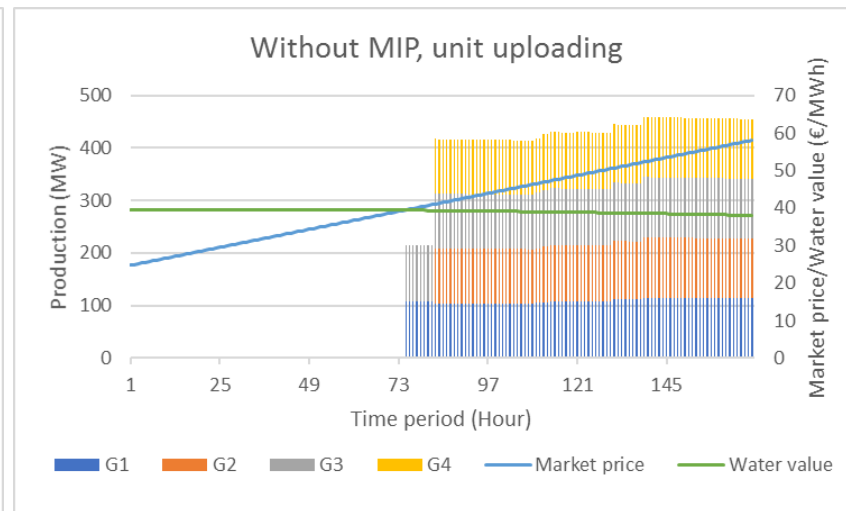
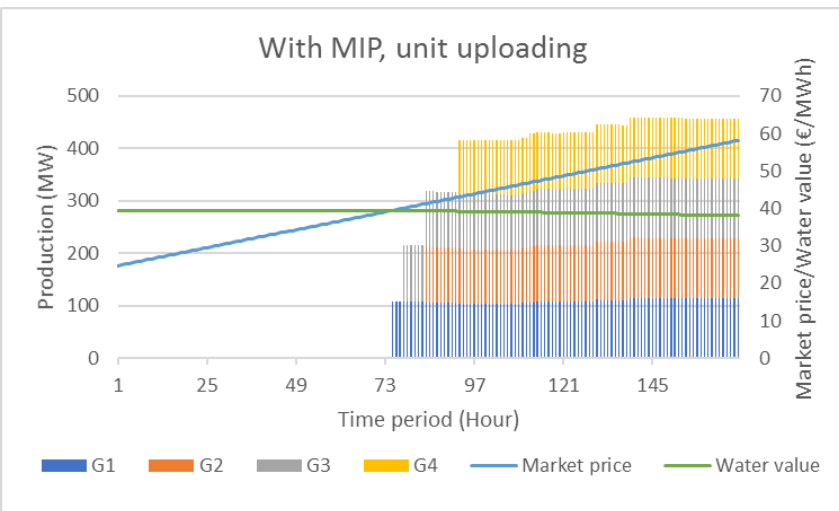
# Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP



# Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP

Command 1: Set build\_pq\_curve /plant\_uploading /all\_limits

Command 2: Set build\_pq\_curve /plant\_uploading /turb\_eff\_curves

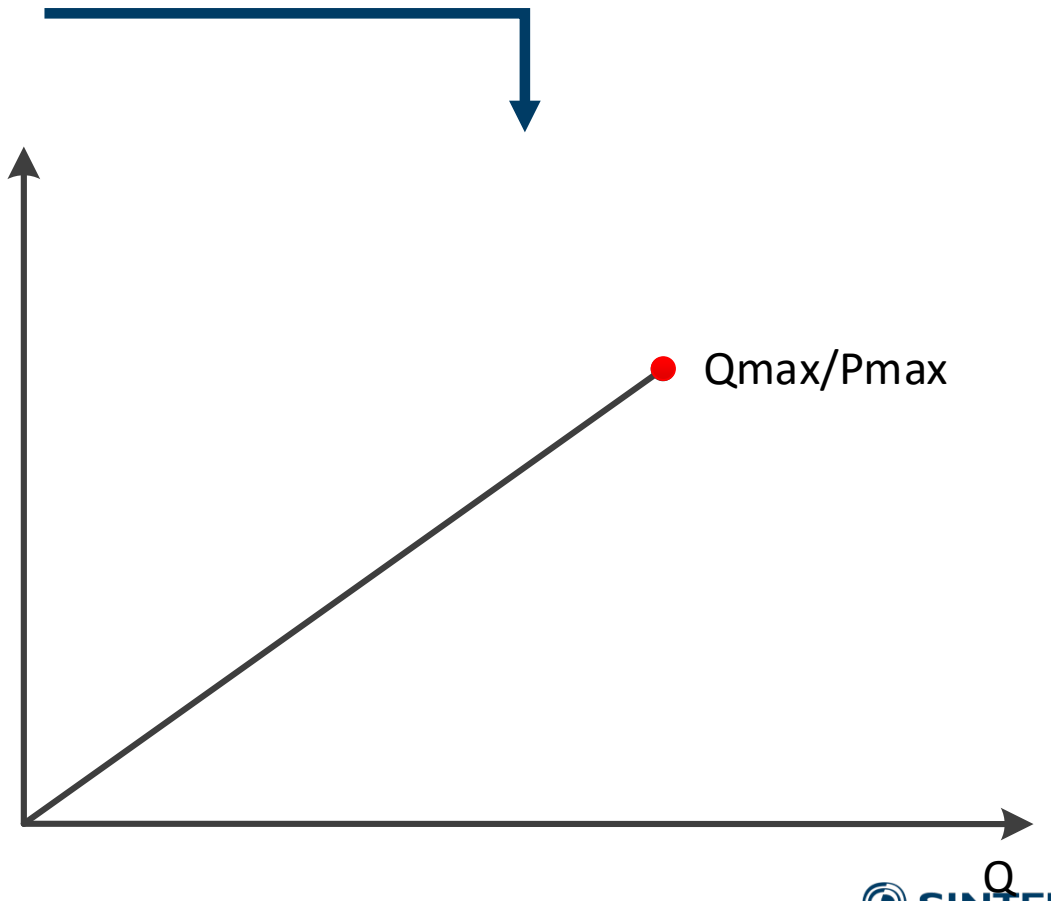
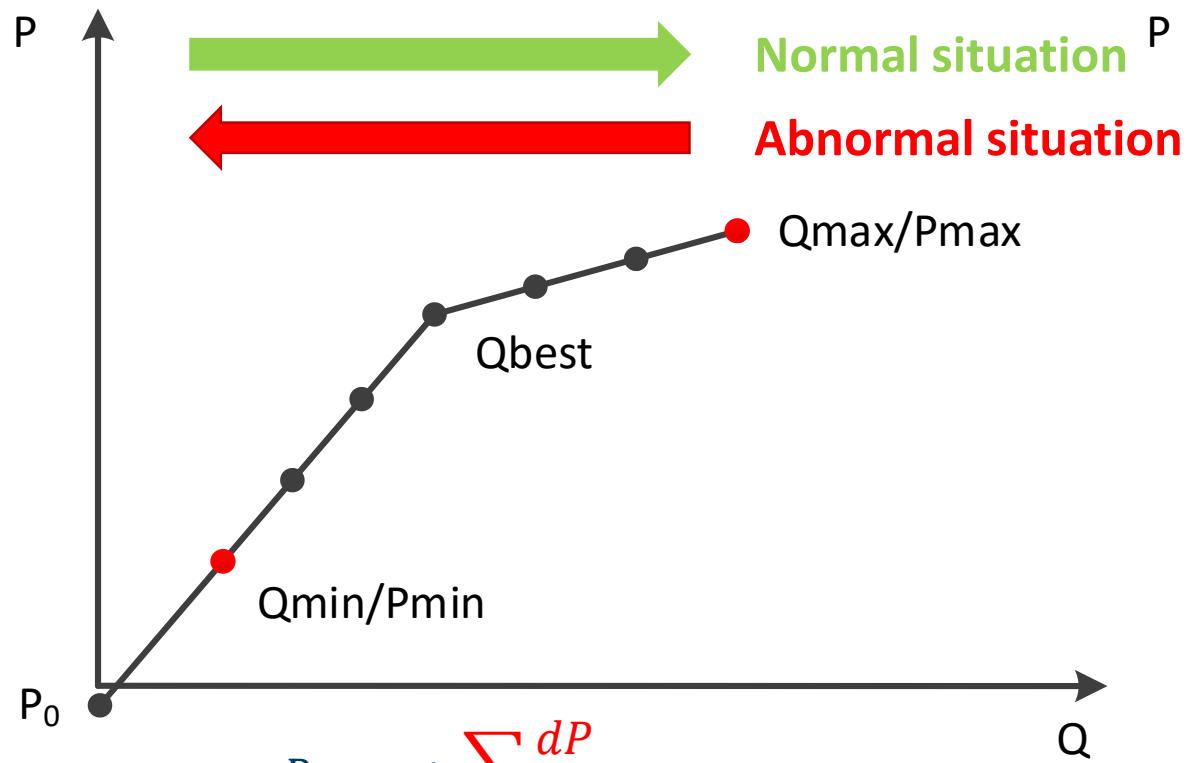


MIP	Build_pq_curve	Full_1	Full_2	Full_3	Full_4	Full_5	Incr_1	Incr_2	Incr_3	Total Time
With MIP	Unit_uploading	0.98	1.63	1.36	1.27	1.30	0.04	0.04	0.02	<b>6.64 sec</b>
Without MIP	Unit_uploading	0.22	0.22	0.11	0.10	0.11	0.05	0.04	0.03	<b>0.88 sec</b>
Without MIP	Plant_uploading	0.15	0.08	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.04	0.03	<b>0.54 sec</b>

# Determination of the unit PQ curve in abnormal situation

Command 1 (Default): Set simple\_pq\_recovery /on

Command 2: Set simple\_pq\_recovery /off



$$p = P_0 \cdot \gamma_t + \sum_{seg} \frac{dP}{dQ_{seg}} \cdot q_{seg}$$

# Printing of unit PQ curves

Command: `print pqcurves /<option> (<filename.xml>)`

/<option>	Comment
/all	Print all three types of PQ curves
/original	Print PQ curves calculated based on turbine efficiency curves
/convex	Print PQ curves after convexification
/final	Print PQ curves after extending to Q=0

- The PQ curves can be written on xml format for **each unit** at **each time step** for **each iteration**
- If no filename is given by the user, the file will be saved with the default file "**pq\_curves\_full\_mode\_iter1.xml**" where the mode and the iteration number depend on the very next iteration
- How many **points** of the PQ curves will be printed out relies on 1) **how the PQ curves are built**; 2) the number of segments defined by the user (Default: set nseg /up 3; set nseg /down 3)

# Printing of unit PQ curves (When G1 has schedule 100 MW)

## Command 1 (Default): Set build\_pq\_curve /unit\_uploading /all\_limits

- When building PQ curve, all the limits ( $P(turb\_min)$ ,  $gen \rightarrow minprod$ ,  $min\_p\_constr$ ,  $P(min\_q\_constr)$ ) are taken into account at the same time. **If there is a schedule, only one point will be built.**
- It is suitable for those who want to run schedule or run on the limits.

Time_period	Date	Plant_name	Unit_type	Unit_no	Needle_comb_no	PQ_curve_type	Q	P	dPdQ	Energy_Equivalent
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	Original	47.90	100.00	0.00	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	Convex	47.90	100.00	0.00	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	Final	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	Final	47.90	100.00	2.09	0.58

Time_period	Date	Plant_name	GENERATOR turb_eff_curves PLANT001 1					PQ_curve_type	Q	P	dPdQ	Energy_Equivalent
			#Id;Number;Reference;Pts;X_unit;Y_unit									
			16650 1 180.000 3 M3/S %									
			# x_value; y_value;									
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	28.12 85.8733					Original	28.12	54.33	0.00	0.54
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	30.45 87.0319					Original	35.89	72.11	2.29	0.56
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	32.78 88.0879					Original	37.45	89.9446	2.34	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	35.11 89.0544					Original	39.78	90.7717	2.29	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	37.45 89.9446					Original	42.11	91.5488	2.16	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	39.78 90.7717					Original	44.44	92.2643	1.98	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	42.11 91.5488					Original	46.77	92.8213	1.86	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	44.44 92.2643					Original	49.10	93.1090	1.83	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	46.77 92.8213					Original	51.43	107.63	1.98	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	49.10 93.1090					Original	53.90	112.51	1.86	0.58
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	51.43 93.2170					Original	55.76	117.11	1.83	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	53.76 93.0390					Original	56.10	121.62	1.83	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	56.10 92.6570					Original	58.83	121.62	1.83	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	58.83 92.1746					Original	58.83	121.62	1.83	0.57
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	28.12	54.33	0.00	0.54	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	43.66	90.28	2.31	0.57	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	47.90	100.00	2.29	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	51.43	107.63	2.16	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	53.90	112.51	1.98	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	56.36	117.11	1.86	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Convex	58.83	121.62	1.83	0.57	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	0.00	-10.72	0.00	0.00	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	30.57	60.00	2.31	0.55	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	43.66	90.28	2.31	0.57	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	47.90	100.00	2.29	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	51.43	107.63	2.16	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	53.90	112.51	1.98	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	56.36	117.11	1.86	0.58	
75	2019 1/4 02:00	PLANT001	GEN	1	1	1	Final	57.94	120.00	1.83	0.58	

```

GENERATOR turb_eff_curves PLANT001 1
#Id;Number;Reference;Pts;X_unit;Y_unit
16650 1 180.000 3 M3/S %
# x_value; y_value;
28.12 85.8733
30.45 87.0319
32.78 88.0879
35.11 89.0544
37.45 89.9446
39.78 90.7717
42.11 91.5488
44.44 92.2643
46.77 92.8213
49.10 93.1090
51.43 93.2170
53.76 93.0390
56.10 92.6570
58.83 92.1746

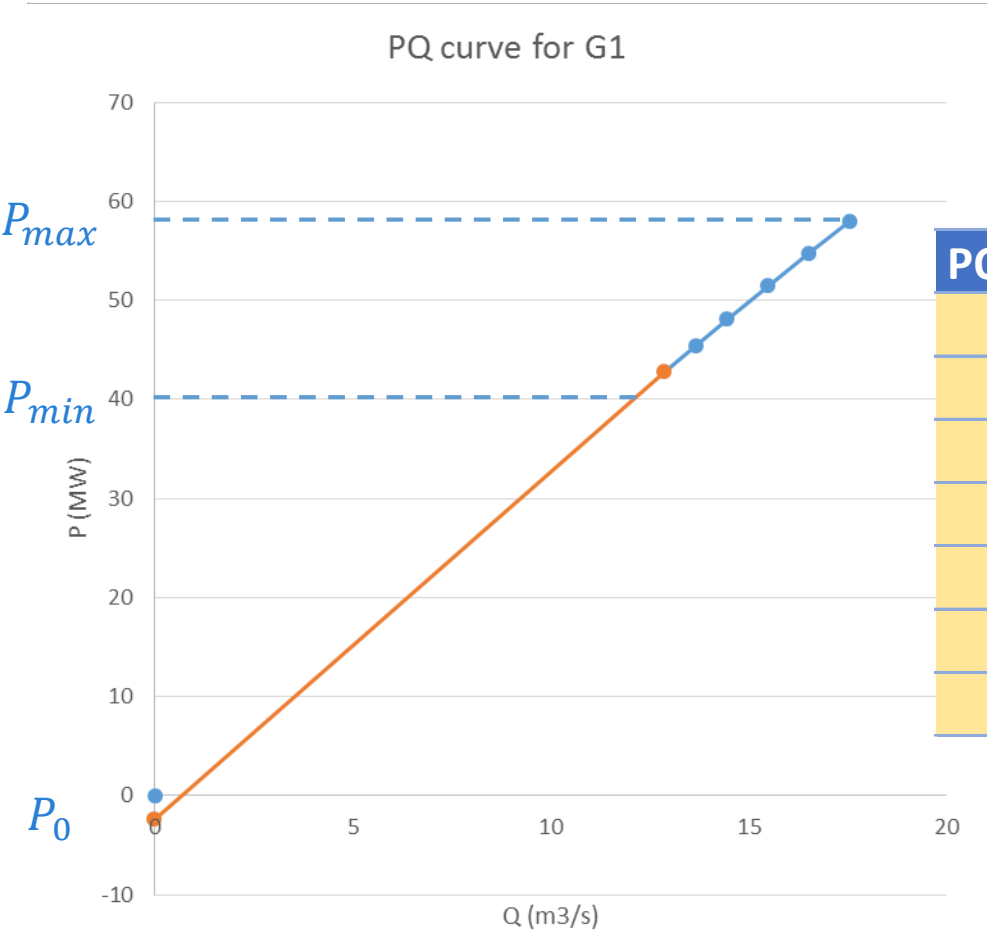
```

```

GENERATOR attributes PLANT001 1
#Id Type Penstock Nom_prod Min_prod Max_prod Start_cost
2 24839 0 1 120.000 60.000 120.000 180

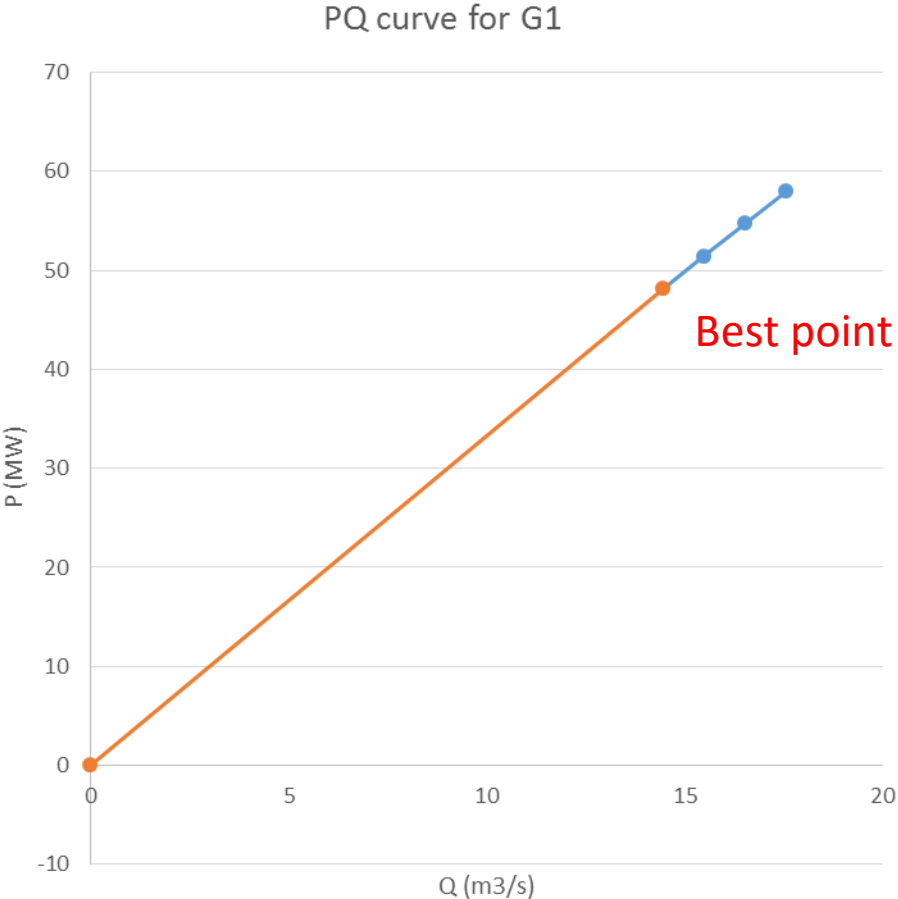
```

# Printing of unit PQ curves (When MIP is used)



PQ_curve_type	Q	P	dPdQ	Energy_Equivalent
Final	0.00	-10.99	0.00	0.00
Final	30.43	60.00	2.33	0.55
Final	43.66	90.85	2.33	0.58
Final	51.43	108.41	2.26	0.59
Final	53.90	113.36	2.01	0.58
Final	56.36	118.04	1.89	0.58
Final	57.42	120.00	1.86	0.58

# Printing of unit PQ curves (When MIP is relaxed)



PQ_curve_type	Q	P	dPdQ	Energy_Equivalent
Final	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Final	51.43	108.41	2.11	0.59
Final	53.90	113.36	2.01	0.58
Final	56.36	118.03	1.89	0.58
Final	57.42	120.00	1.86	0.58



# Outline

---

- Transition from plant-based to unit-based short-term hydro scheduling
- New commands related to build unit PQ curves
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve
  - Incorporation of power loss in shared penstock
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve without MIP
  - Determination of the unit PQ curve in abnormal situation
  - Printing of unit PQ curves
- **New project proposal**

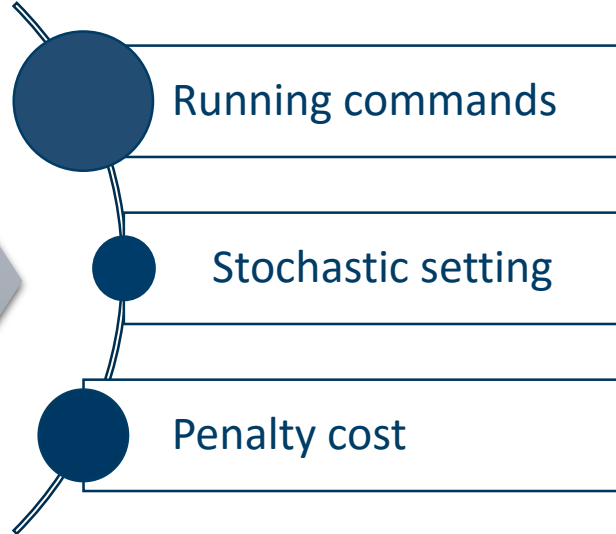


# New project proposal

Input data



Suggested setting



A Case-dependent Intelligent Scheduling System



Teknologi for et bedre samfunn