

Oerlikon PVD production solution for in-situ large scale deposition of PZT

2nd International Workshop on Piezoelectric MEMS
Materials - Processes - Tools - Devices

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Agenda

- § piezoVolume project
- § Sputter equipment
- § Key hardware factors
- § Results of in-situ PZT deposition process
- § Summary and outlook

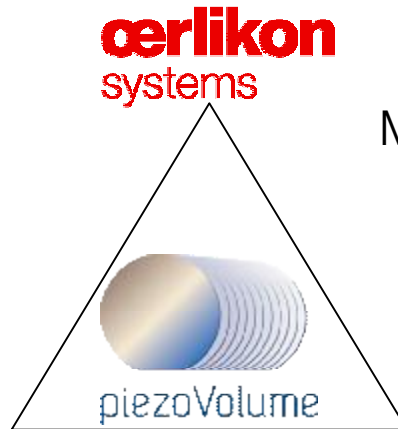
EU project “piezoVolume”

Sputter cooperation and goals



F. Tyholdt - 14:00
FP7 piezoVolume

Development of automated high
volume sputter system
M. Kratzer, L. Castaldi and B. Heinz



Process development
D. Kaden and H.J. Quenzer

Process development
A. Mazzalai, S. Harada and P. Muralt

Overview

Goal of this cooperation is to develop in-situ PZT processes on a Oerlikon sputter system which meet commercial production requirements

Project goals

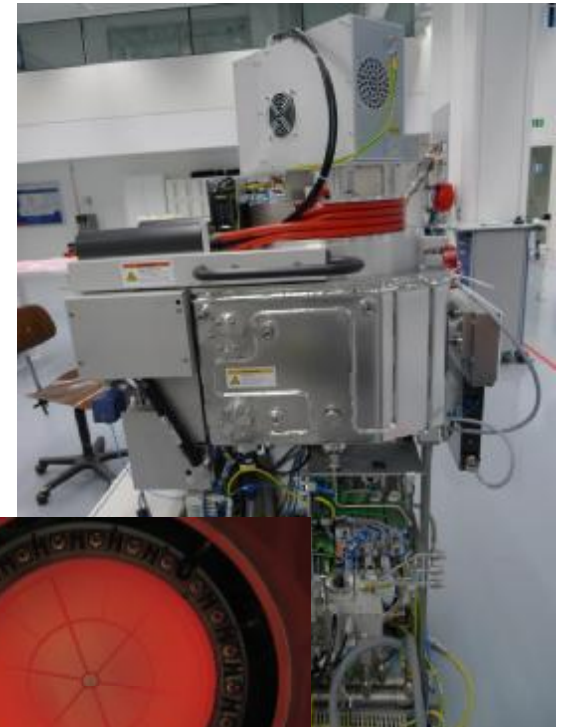
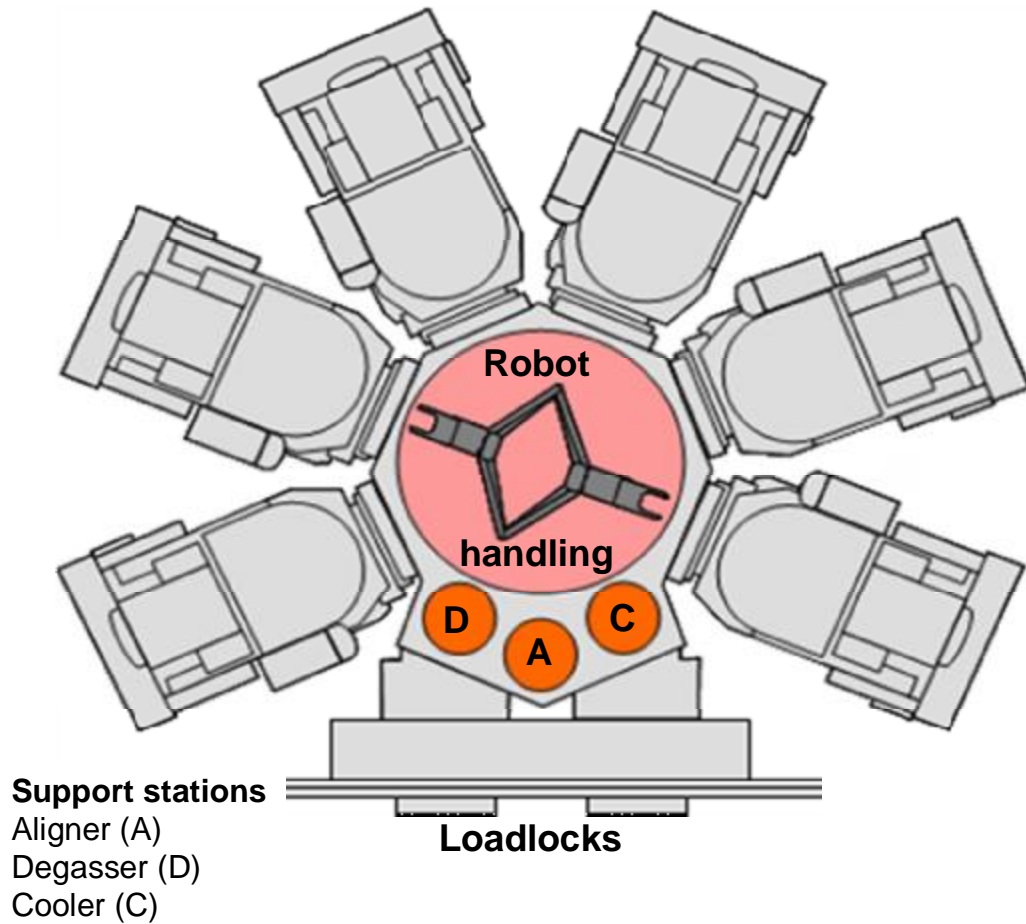
- High quality PZT films on 8” substrates
- § Dielectric constant ~ 1200 and dielectric loss $\tan\delta < 0.03$
- § Piezoelectric coefficients $d_{33,f} > 100\text{pm/V}$ and $-e_{31,f} > 14 \text{ C/m}^2$
- § Thickness uniformity $< \pm 5\%$ at max. thickness 4 - 5 μm
- § Throughput $> 3.6 \text{ wafer/hr}\cdot\mu\text{m}$ (= 1 nm/s)

Equipment for PZT in-situ sputtering

RF magnetron sputtering from single ceramic target

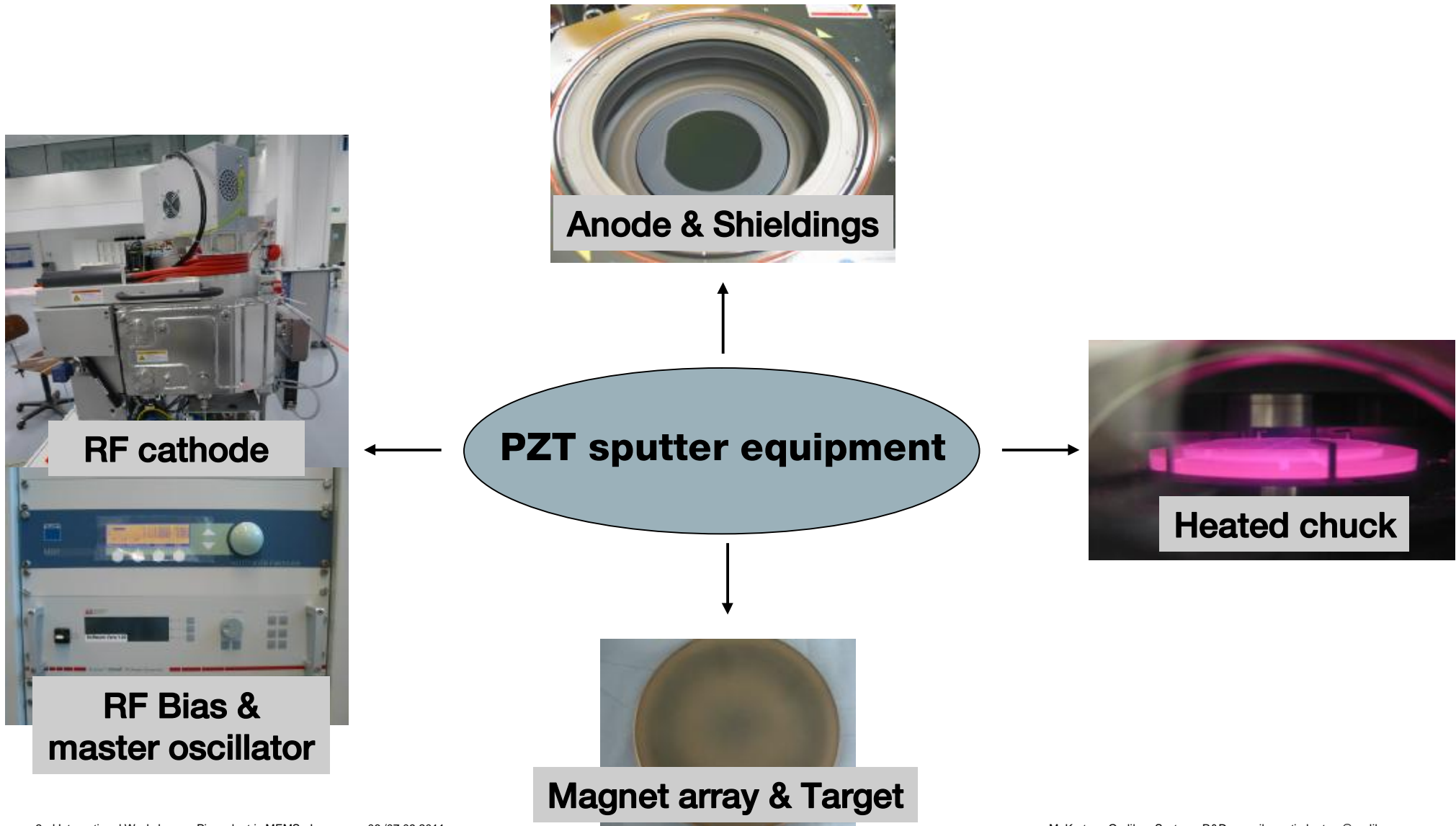
CLN200 sputter tool

RF sputter module equipped with
8" Very Hot Chuck



Key hardware factors

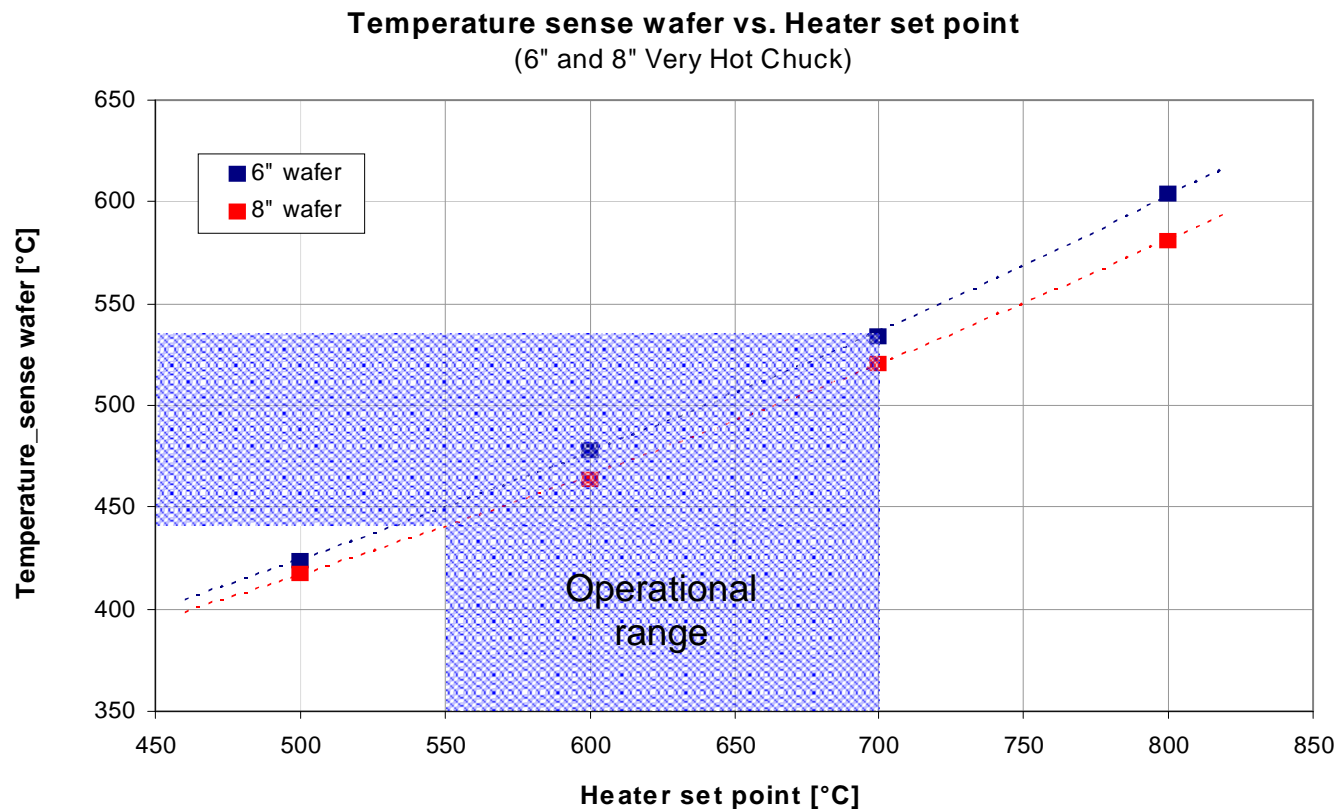
Overview



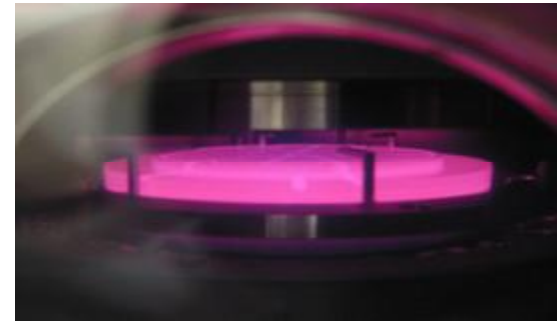
Key hardware factors

Very Hot Chuck

Heated substrate holder for 6" and 8" wafer enable deposition process in the temperature range needed for in-situ sputtered PZT films



6" Very Hot Chuck



8" Very Hot Chuck



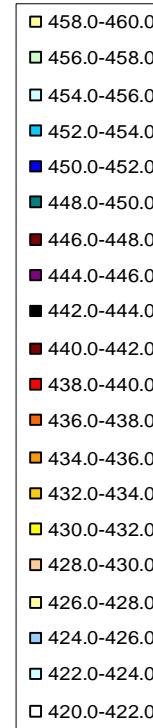
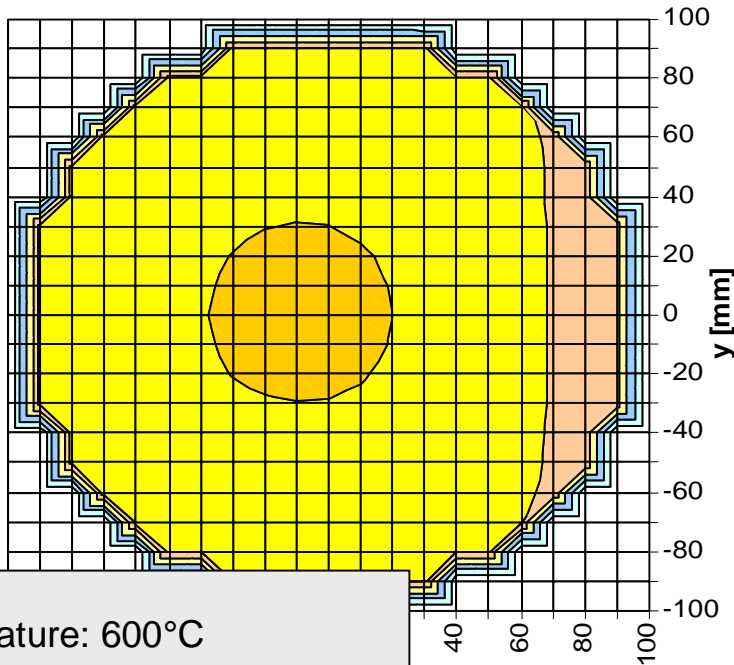
Key hardware factors

Temperature uniformity 8" Very Hot Chuck

Optimization of process settings to achieve highest wafer temperatures and excellent temperature uniformity by

- § Back gas flow
- § ID / OD heating (Alpha factor)

Temperature uniformity



| Measurement Statistics | |
|------------------------|-------------|
| Uniformity | 2.44% |
| Mean | 430.76 [°C] |
| Range | 10.50 [°C] |
| Max | 434.70 [°C] |
| Min | 424.20 [°C] |

Chuck temperature: 600°C
Backside gas: 4 sccm
Wafer temperature: 430 °C

8" Very Hot Chuck

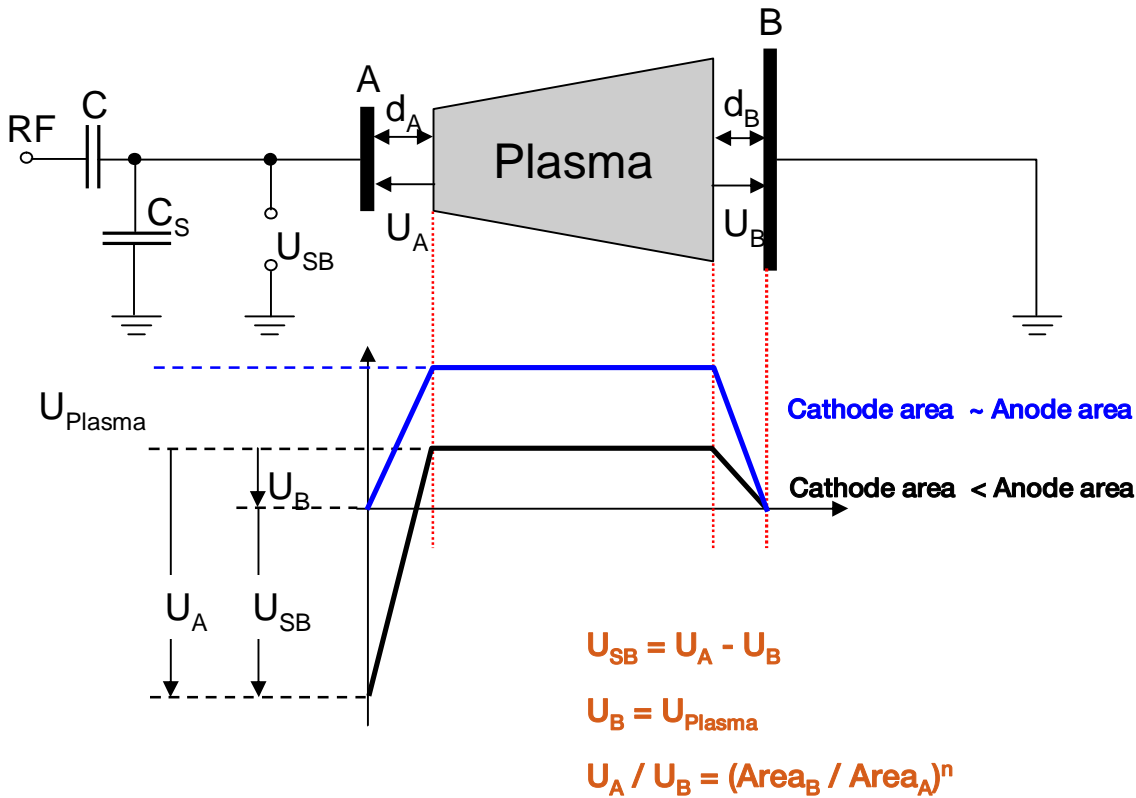


Key hardware factors

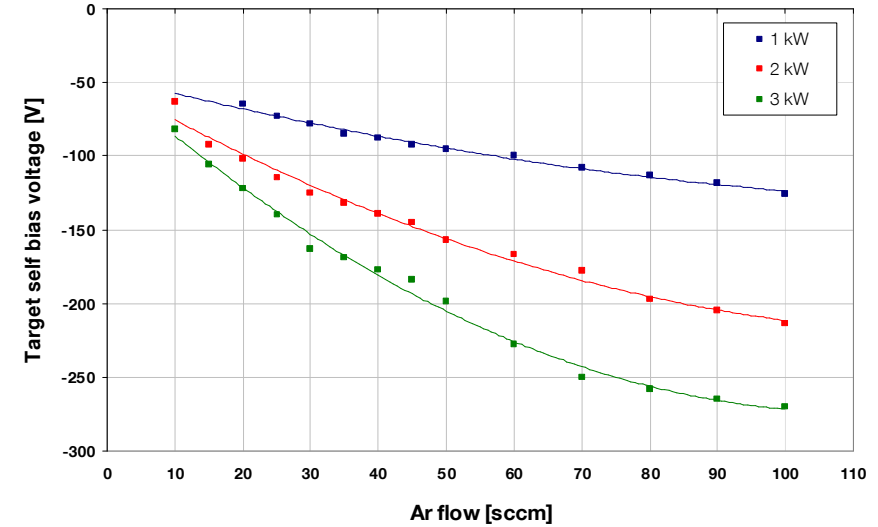
RF target self bias voltage

Target self bias voltage influenced by

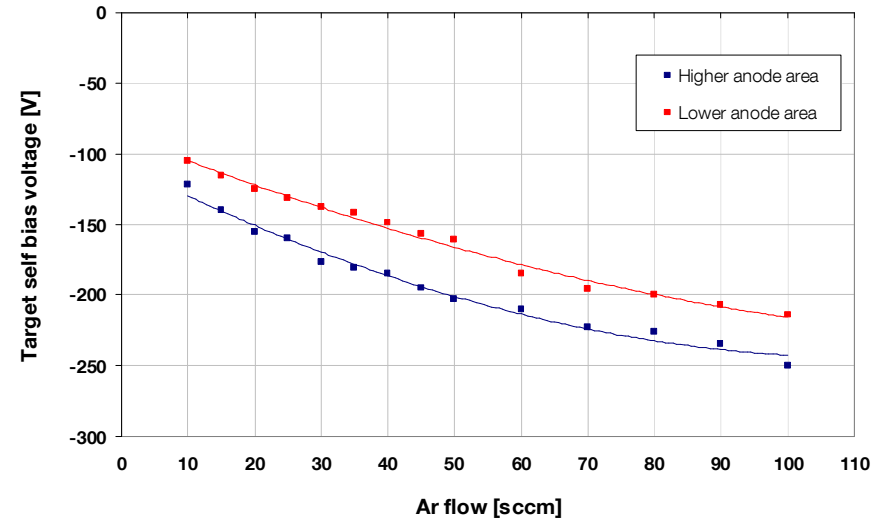
- § Process pressure
- § RF power
- § Anode area



1. RF power



2. Anode area



Key hardware factors

Magnetron design

PZT thickness and composition uniformity influenced by

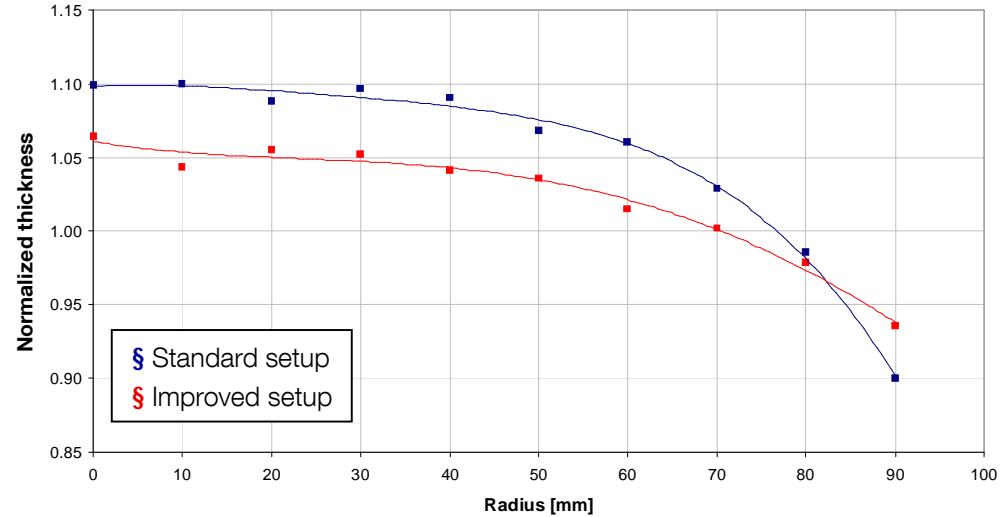
- § Erosion profile
- § Emission characteristic of sputtered atoms
- § Scattering (\sim pressure \cdot distance)
- § Substrate temperature

Actual sputter performance

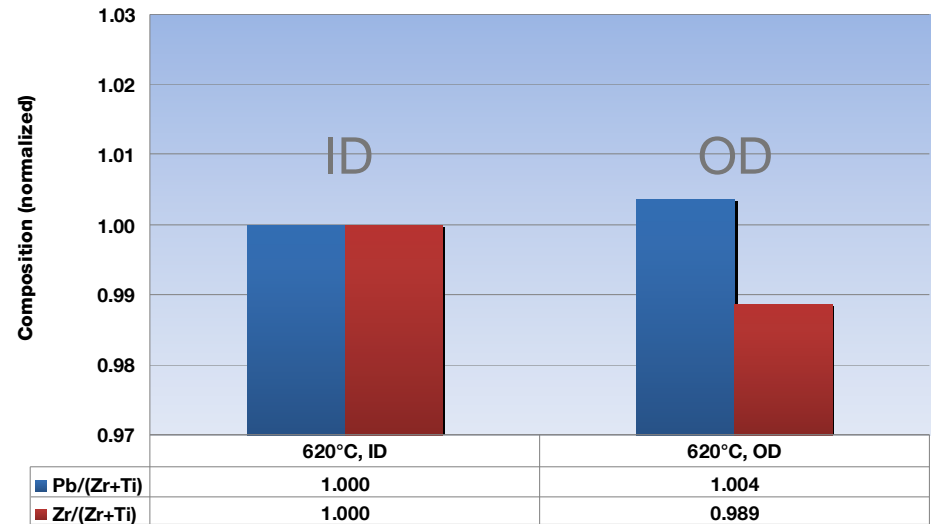
- § Deposition rate > 40 nm/min
- § Estimated target life time ~ 1600 μ m film thickness for 4mm target



Thickness uniformity



Composition uniformity



In-situ PZT deposition process

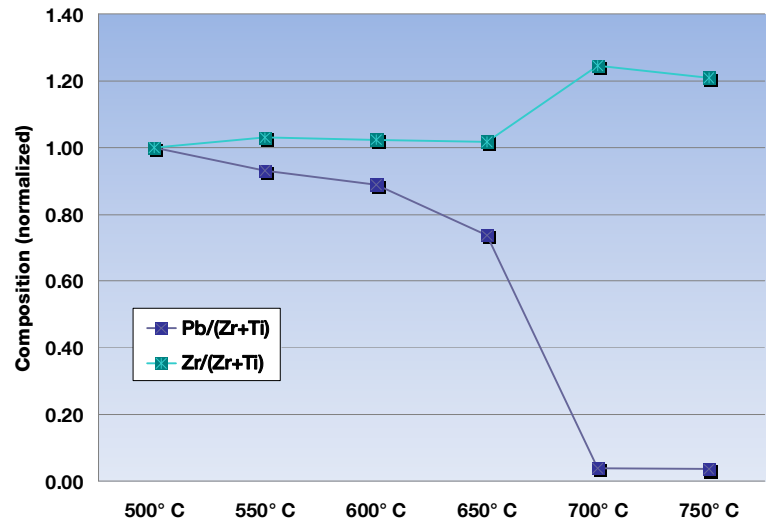
General trends



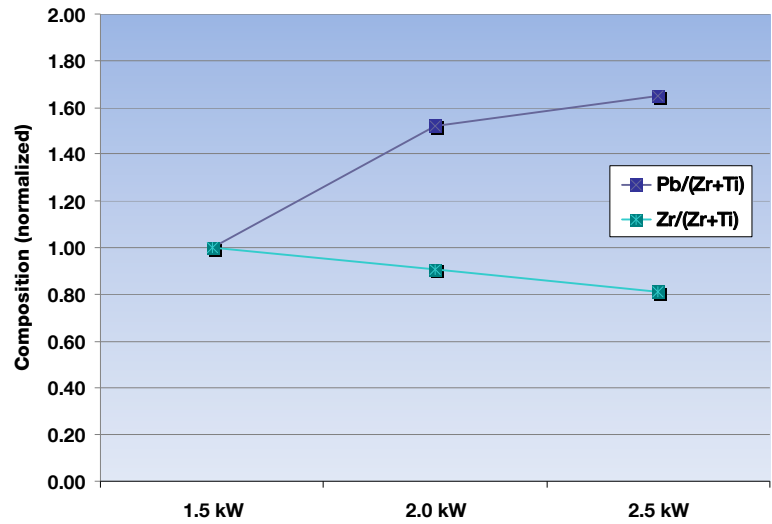
Relative Pb content can be influenced

- § Pb decrease with temperature increase
- § Pb decrease with Ar flow increase
- § Pb increase with RF power increase

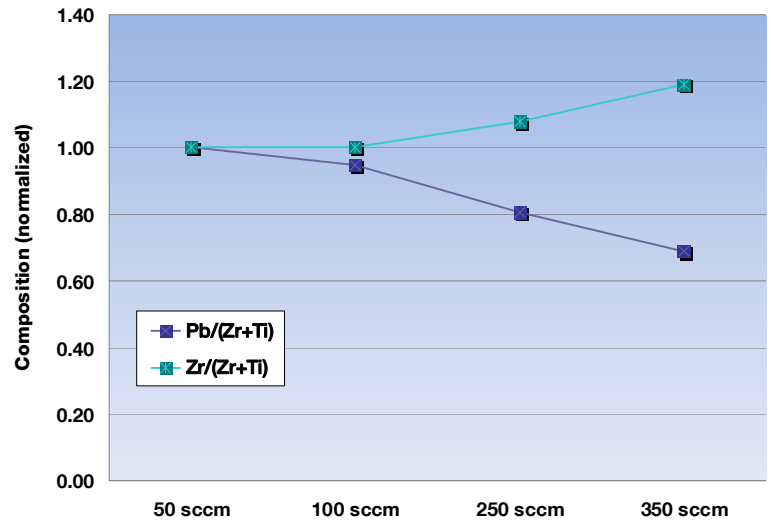
Variation of substrate temperature



Variation of RF power



Variation of Ar flow



In-situ PZT deposition process

6" PZT with PTO seed layer

§ Best PZT films achieved with a PTO seed layer to promote the nucleation of the PZT perovskite structure

§ For films sputtered at 1 kW

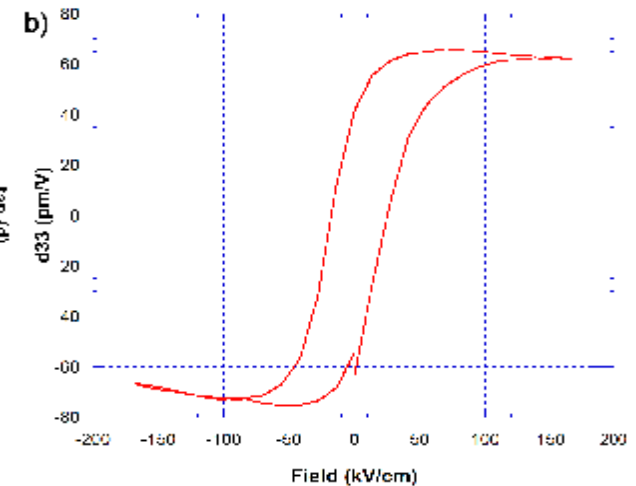
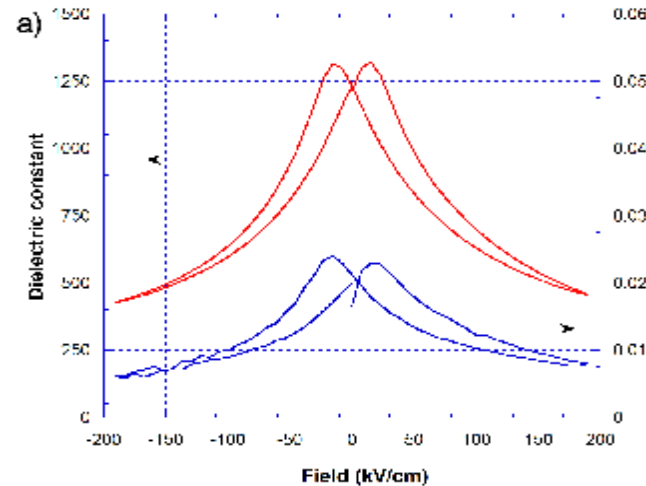
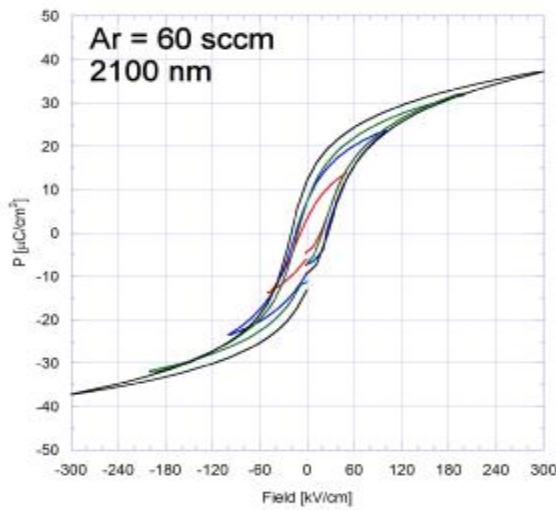
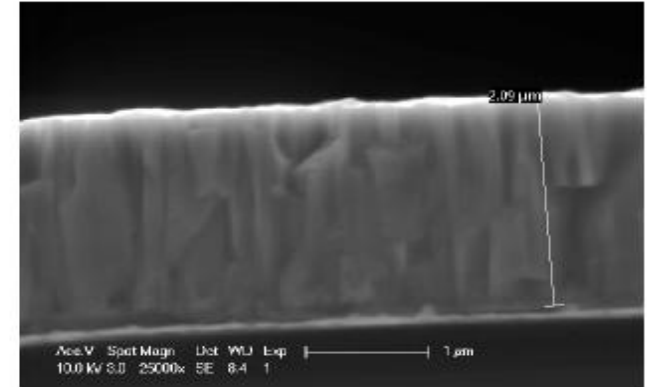
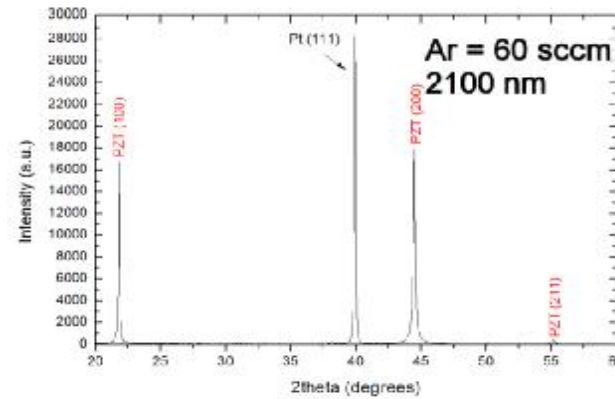
§ $\epsilon \sim 1500$

§ $\tan\delta = 3.2\%$

§ $d_{33,f} = 100\text{pm/V}$

§ $-e_{31,f} = 7.5\text{ C/m}^2$

Performance of films deposited at 2 kW



In-situ PZT deposition process

8" PZT with TiO₂ seed layer

§ Best piezoelectric data

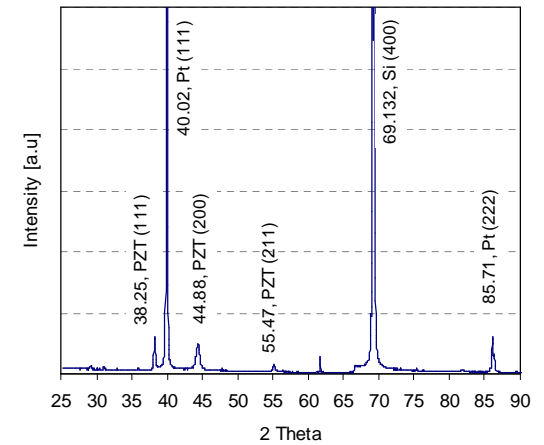
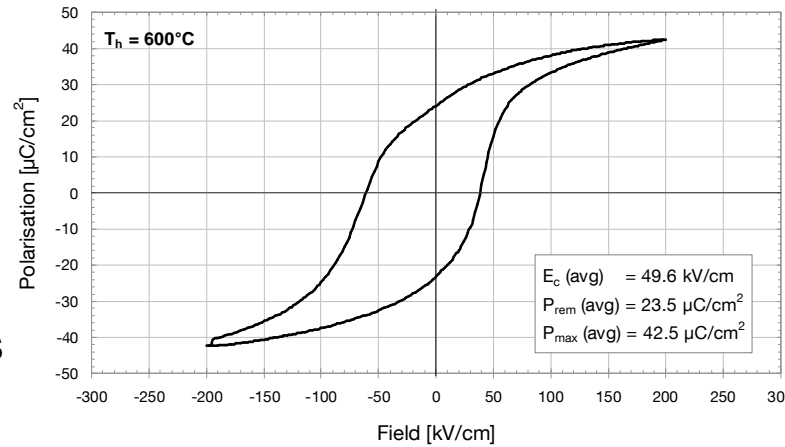
§ $\epsilon \sim 1200$

§ $\tan\delta = 3\%$

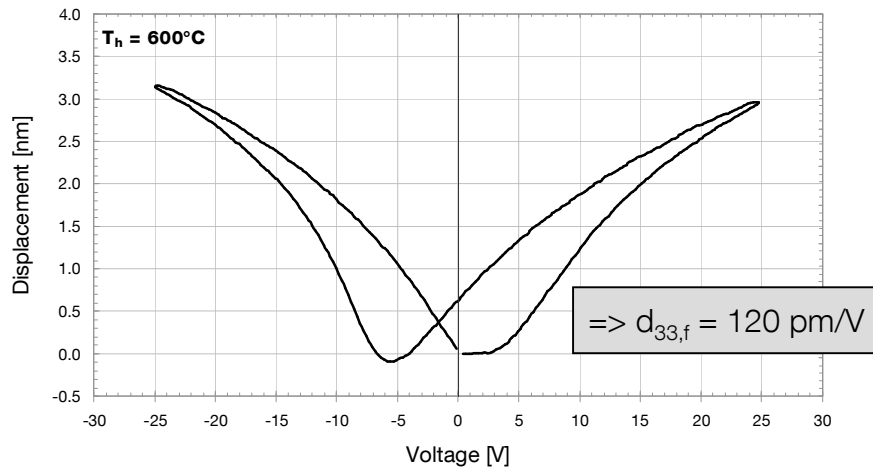
§ $d_{33,f} = 120 \text{ pm/V}$

§ $-e_{31,f} = 12.6 \text{ C/m}^2$

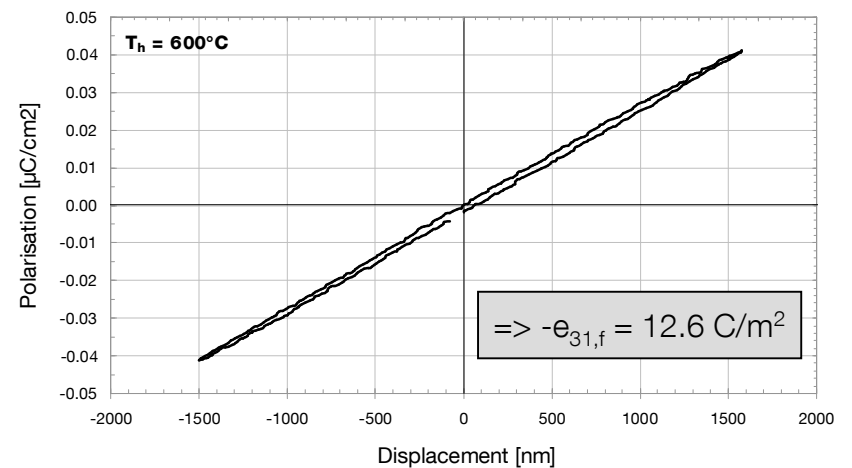
§ Similar performance for films without TiO₂ seed layer



Displacement vs. voltage



Polarisation vs. displacement



In-situ PZT deposition process

Summary

- § The existing sputter equipment is capable to deposit PZT films in-situ with the required perovskite structure
- § Therefore no additional annealing step is needed in the process sequence
- § Electrodes and PZT films can be deposited consecutively in a cluster tool without breaking the vacuum
- § Piezoelectric performance of best films comparable to state-of-the-art films deposited by chemical solution deposition (CSD)
- § Further improvements achievable by
 - § Magnetron design => Thickness and composition uniformity, deposition rate
 - § Target properties => Deposition rate
 - § Process optimization => Piezoelectric properties

The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2010-2013) under grant agreement n° 229196



Thank you for your attention